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***Communications for all in East Africa***

**EACO Radio Frequency Spectrum Allocation Plan**

**(EACO RFSAP)**

**8.3 kHz to 3000 GHz**

**August 2022**

**Prepared by EACO**

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List of Acronyms/Abbreviations

AIS Automatic Identification System

BFWA Broadband Fixed Wireless Access

BSS Broadcasting Satellite Service

BWA Broadband Wireless Access

CB Citizen Band

CEPT European Conference of Postal and Telecommunications Administrations

DD Digital Dividend

DEC Decision (European documents)

DECT Digital Enhanced Cordless Telecommunication

DRM Digital Radio Mondiale

DSC Digital Selective Calling

DVB-T Terrestrial Digital Video Broadcasting

ECC Electronic Communications Committee (European)

EESS Earth Exploration-Satellite Service

ENG Electronic News Gathering

EPIRB Emergency Position-Indicating Radio Beacon

ERC European Radiocommunications Committee

E-to-s Earth-to-space direction

FM Frequency Modulation

FSS Fixed-Satellite Service

FWA Fixed Wireless Access

GE75 Geneva 1975 Agreement

GE84 Geneva 1984 Agreement

GE06 Geneva 2006 Agreement

GLONASS Global Navigation Satellite System

GMDSS Global Maritime Distress and Safety System

GPS Global Positioning System

HAPS High Altitude Platform Stations

HDFS High Density Fixed Service

HDFSS High Density Fixed-Satellite Service

HDTV High Definition Television

HF High Frequency

ILS Instrument Landing System

IMO International Maritime Organisation

IMT International Mobile Telecommunications

ISM Industrial, Scientific and Medical

ITU International Telecommunication Union

MLS Microwave Landing System

MSI Maritime Safety Information

MSS Mobile-Satellite Service

MWS Multimedia Wireless System

NATO North Atlantic Treaty Organisation

NAVTEX System for the broadcast and automatic reception of maritime safety information by means of narrow-band direct-printing telegraphy

OB Outside Broadcasting

(OR) Off-Route

PAMR Public Access Mobile Radio

PMR Professional Mobile Radio, Private Mobile Radio

PPDR Public Protection and Disaster Relief

(R) Route

RA Radio Astronomy

REC Recommendation

RFID Radio Frequency Identification

RLAN Radio Local Area Network System

RR ITU Radio Regulations

RTTT Road Transport & Traffic Telematics

S-DAB Satellite Digital Audio Broadcasting

s-to-E space-to-Earth direction

SNG Satellite News Gathering

SRD Short Range Device

T-DAB Terrestrial Digital Audio Broadcasting

TV Television

VOR VHF Omni-directional Range

VSAT Very Small Aperture Terminal

WAS Wireless Access System

WRC World Radiocommunication Conferenc

# INTRODUCTION

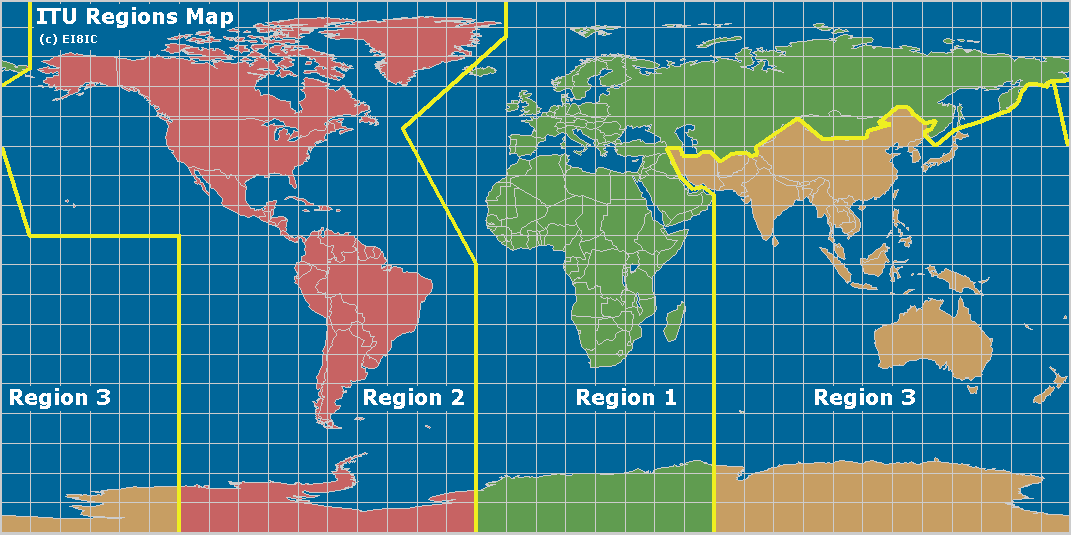
EACO member countries of Burundi, Kenya, Rwanda, Uganda, South Sudan and Tanzania have developed a regional Radio Frequency Spectrum Allocation Plan (RFSAP) that provides a harmonised framework on the allocation of the radio frequency spectrum in EACO. It should be recognized that there would be some variances in the use of some of radio frequency spectrum bands in EAC countries due to, amongst others, legacies in system deployments, different timelines in the introduction of new technologies, different services and technology requirements as well as different bandwidth requirements. Nonetheless, despite the fact that it would not be possible to completely align the use of the spectrum over all frequency bands between EAC Member States, there is significant harmonisation already existing in assignments in many frequency bands. In order to achieve significant harmonization, EAC Members are urged, while respecting their sovereign rights, to implement Radiocommunications services in accordance to this EAC RFSAP as far as is practically possible.

The EAC Radio Frequency Spectrum Allocation Plan has been developed in conformity with the International Telecommunications Union (ITU) Radio Regulations, 2020 governing radio spectrum and regional agreements concluded or acceded to EAC NRAs, considering the existing and future requirements of the radio frequencies in the Region.

The objective of developing the EAC Radio Frequency Spectrum Allocation Plan is to provide the framework for the allocation of radio frequencies to various Radiocommunications services to be used by Government and non-Government entities in the EAC countries.

# THE ITU RADIO REGIONS

In the framework of the ITU Radio Regulations, the world is divided into three Regions, namely Region 1, Region 2 and Region 3 mainly for reasons of administrative and rationality and is largely based on the historical commonalities in the usage of the radio spectrum in the Regions. The map below depicts the three named Regions:

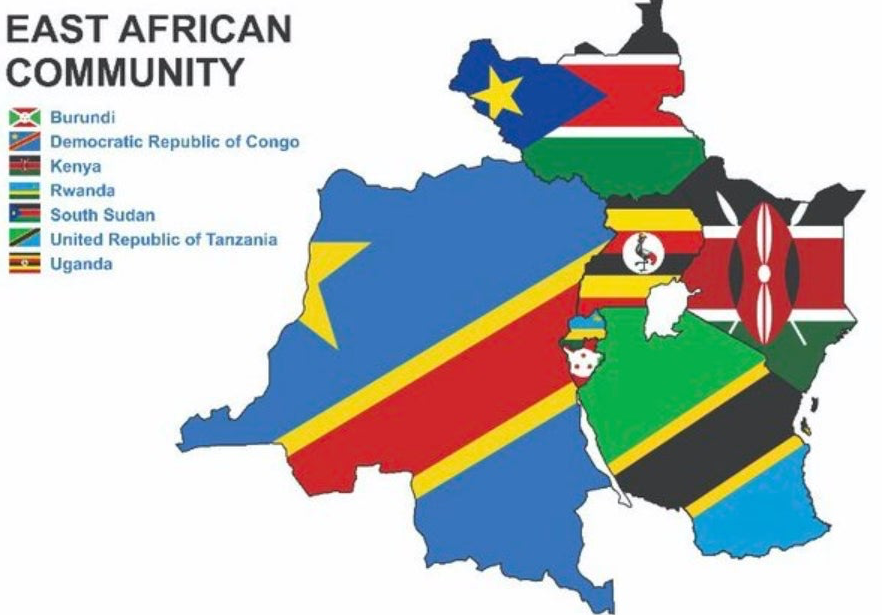


**Figure 1: ITU Regions of the World**

# THE EAC SUB-REGION

The **EAC** sub region as per the official information below:

* EAC (East) >> [*https://www.eac.int/eac-partner-states*](https://www.eac.int/eac-partner-states)



# CATEGORIES OF RADIOCOMMUNICATION SERVICES AND FOOTNOTES

## Radiocommunication Services

Where, in this Plan, a band is indicated as allocated to more than one service, such services are listed in the following order:

1. Services the names of which are printed in **“Upper Case”** (example: FIXED); these are called **“primary”** services;
2. Services the names of which are printed in **“Lower Case”** (example: Mobile); these are called **“secondary”** services.

The Stations of secondary service:

1. shall not cause harmful interference to stations of primary service to which frequencies are already assigned or to which frequencies may be assigned at a later date;
2. cannot claim protection from harmful interference from stations of a primary service to which frequencies are already assigned or may be assigned at a later date;
3. can claim protection, however, from harmful interference from stations of the same or other secondary services(s) to which frequencies may be assigned at a later date.

## Footnotes

Where footnotes are employed, the following rules apply:

1. Where a footnote is printed on the same line as the name of a radio service the footnote applies only to that service.
2. Where a footnote is printed within the lower part of a frequency band and not on the same line as a radio service, the footnote applies to that band or some part thereof.
3. Footnotes in the International Telecommunication Union Table of Frequency Allocations are identified below the tables by their number, e.g. ‘5.12’. Where references are made in or below the table to these international footnotes, they are similarly identified.

# STRUCTURE OF EAC RFSAP

The EAC RFSAP 2022 has been developed taking into account international best practice in the development of frequency band plans and considering the needs of the EAC Members. This EAC RFSAP has maintained a certain format. In reading EAC RFSAP, the following meaning is attached to the four (4) columns:

1. Column 1 – contains ITU allocation of frequency bands for various radiocommunication services in Region 1 and ITU-R article 5 footnotes of radio regulations relevant to Region 1.
2. Column 2 – It contains allocation of frequency bands for various radiocommunication services in EAC and ITU-R article 5 footnotes of Radio Regulations relevant to Region 1 .
3. Column 3 – Contains the Typical use in EAC . However, the main use does not preclude other radiocommunication services allocated to the band.
4. Column 4 – contains where appropriate relevant information on the band plans, channel arrangement and the main use in Region 1 .

# TABLE OF FREQUENCY ALLOCATIONS AND APPLICATIONS

**Note:** *In the whole table the letter X, beside a recommendation or a report, designate the latest version of this recommendation or report.*

| **ITU RR REGION 1 ALLOCATIONS** | | | | | | | **EAC ALLOCATION(S) AND FOOTNOTES** | **Typical Usage in EAC** | **ADDITIONAL INFORMATION** |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Below 8.3 kHz** |  | | | | | | | | |
| (Not allocated) | | | | | | | (Not allocated) |  |  |
| **8.3 - 9 kHz** |  | | | | | | | | |
| METEOROLOGICAL AIDS 5.54A  5.54B 5.54C | | | | | | | METEOROLOGICAL AIDS 5.54A  5.54B 5.54C | Lightning detection systems |  |
| **9 - 11.3 kHz** |  | | | | | | | | |
| METEOROLOGICAL AIDS 5.54A  RADIONAVIGATION | | | | | | | METEOROLOGICAL AIDS 5.54A  RADIONAVIGATION | SRD:   * Inductive applications (9 kHz-148.5 kHz) * Ultra-Low Power Active Medical Implants (ULP-AMI) | * ITU-R Rec.SM.1896-1 * ITU-R Report SM. 2153-7 * Inductive SRD : ETSI EN 300 330 * ULP-AMI (9 kHz - 315 kHz) ETSI EN 302 195 |
| **11.3 - 14 kHz** |  | | | | | | | | |
| RADIONAVIGATION | | | | | | | RADIONAVIGATION | Navigational Aids  SRD:   * Ultra-Low Power Active Medical Implants (ULP-AMI) * Inductive applications (9 kHz-148.5 kHz) | * ITU-R Rec.SM.1896-1 * ITU-R Rep .SM. 2153-7 * Inductive SRD : ETSI EN 300 330 * ULP-AMI (9 kHz - 315 kHz) ETSI EN 302 195 |
| **14 - 19.95 kHz** |  | | | | | | | | |
| FIXED  MARITIME MOBILE 5.57  5.55 5.56 | | | | | | | FIXED  MARITIME MOBILE 5.57  5.56 | Maritime mobile communications  SRD:   * Ultra-Low Power Active Medical Implants (ULP-AMI) * Inductive applications (9 kHz-148.5 kHz) | * ITU-R Rec.SM.1896-1 * ITU-R Rep .SM. 2153-7 * Inductive SRD : ETSI EN 300 330 * ULP-AMI (9 kHz - 315 kHz) ETSI EN 302 195 |
| **19.95 - 20.05 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL (20kHz) | | | | | | | STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL (20 kHz) | SRD:   * Ultra-Low Power Active Medical Implants(ULP-AMI) * Inductive applications (9 kHz-148.5 kHz) | * Article 26 applies * ITU-R Rec.SM.1896-1 * ITU-R Report SM. 2153-7 * Inductive SRD : ETSI EN 300 330 * ULP-AMI (9 kHz - 315 kHz) ETSI EN 302 195 |
| **20.05 - 70 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  MARITIME MOBILE 5.57  5.56 5.58 | | | | | | | FIXED  MARITIME MOBILE 5.57  5.56 5.58 | Maritime mobile communications  SRD:   * Ultra-Low Power Active Medical Implants(ULP-AMI) * Inductive applications (9 kHz-148.5 kHz) | * ITU-R Rec.SM.1896-1 * ITU-R Report SM. 2153-7 * Inductive SRD : ETSI EN 300 330 * ULP-AMI (9 kHz - 315 kHz) ETSI EN 302 195 |
| **70 - 72 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| RADIONAVIGATION 5.60 | | | | | | | RADIONAVIGATION 5.60 | Navigational Aids  SRD:   * Ultra-Low Power Active Medical Implants(ULP-AMI) * Inductive applications (9 kHz-148.5 kHz) | * ITU-R Rec.SM.1896-1 * ITU-R Report .SM. 2153-7 * Inductive SRD : ETSI EN 300 330 * ULP-AMI (9 kHz - 315 kHz) ETSI EN 302 195 |
| **72 - 84 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  MARITIME MOBILE 5.57  RADIONAVIGATION 5.60  5.56 | | | | | | | FIXED  MARITIME MOBILE 5.57  RADIONAVIGATION 5.60  5.56 | Maritime mobile communications  Navigational Aids  SRD :   * Ultra-Low Power Active Medical Implants(ULP-AMI) * Inductive applications (9 kHz-148.5 kHz) | * ITU-R Rec.SM.1896-1 * ITU-R Report .SM. 2153-7 * Inductive SRD : ETSI EN 300 330 * ULP-AMI (9 kHz - 315 kHz) ETSI EN 302 195 |
| **84 - 86 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| RADIONAVIGATION 5.60 | | | | | | | RADIONAVIGATION 5.60 | Navigational Aids  SRD :   * Ultra-Low Power Active Medical Implants(ULP-AMI) * Inductive applications (9 kHz-148.5 kHz) | * ITU-R Rec.SM.1896-1 * ITU-R Rep .SM. 2153-7 * Inductive SRD: ETSI EN 300 330 * ULP-AMI (9 kHz - 315 kHz) * ETSI EN 302 195 |
| **86 - 90 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  MARITIME MOBILE 5.57  RADIONAVIGATION  5.56 | | | | | | | FIXED  MARITIME MOBILE 5.57  RADIONAVIGATION  5.56 | Maritime mobile communications  Navigational Aids  SRD :   * Ultra-Low Power Active Medical Implants( ULP-AMI) * Inductive applications (9 kHz-148.5 kHz) | * ITU-R Rec.SM.1896-1 * ITU-R Report .SM. 2153-7 * Inductive SRD : ETSI EN 300 330 * ULP-AMI (9 kHz - 315 kHz) * ETSI EN 302 195 |
| **90 - 110 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| RADIONAVIGATION 5.62  Fixed  5.64 | | | | | | | RADIONAVIGATION 5.62  Fixed  5.64 | Navigational Aids  SRD :   * Ultra-Low Power Active Medical Implants( ULP-AMI ) * Inductive applications (9 kHz-148.5 kHz) | * ITU-R Rec.SM.1896-1 * ITU-R Report.SM. 2153-7 * Inductive SRD : ETSI EN 300 330 * ULP-AMI (9 kHz - 315 kHz) * ETSI EN 302 195 |
| **110 - 112 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  MARITIME MOBILE  RADIONAVIGATION  5.64 | | | | | | | FIXED  MARITIME MOBILE  RADIONAVIGATION  5.64 | Maritime mobile communications  Navigational Aids  SRD :   * Ultra-Low Power Active Medical Implants( ULP-AMI) * Inductive applications (9 kHz-148.5 kHz) | * ITU-R Rec.SM.1896-1 * ITU-R Report .SM. 2153-7 * Inductive SRD : ETSI EN 300 330 * ULP-AMI (9 kHz - 315 kHz) ETSI EN 302 195 |
| **112 - 115 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| RADIONAVIGATION 5.60 | | | | | | | RADIONAVIGATION 5.60 | Navigational Aids  SRD :   * Ultra-Low Power Active Medical Implants( ULP-AMI) * Inductive applications (9 kHz-148.5 kHz) | * ITU-R Rec.SM.1896-1 * ITU-R Report .SM. 2153-7 * Inductive SRD : ETSI EN 300 330 * ULP-AMI (9 kHz - 315 kHz) * ETSI EN 302 195 |
| **115 - 117.6 kHz** |  | | | | | |  |  |  |
| RADIONAVIGATION 5.60  Fixed  Maritime mobile  5.64 5.66 | | | | | | | RADIONAVIGATION 5.60  Fixed  Maritime mobile  5.64 | Navigational Aids  Maritime mobile communications  SRD :   * Ultra-Low Power Active Medical Implants( ULP-AMI) * Inductive applications (9 kHz-148.5 kHz) | * ITU-R Rec.SM.1896-1 * ITU-R Report.SM. 2153-7 * Inductive SRD : ETSI EN 300 330 * ULP-AMI (9 kHz - 315 kHz * ) ETSI EN 302 195 |
| **117.6 - 126 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  MARITIME MOBILE  RADIONAVIGATION 5.60  5.64 | | | | | | | FIXED  MARITIME MOBILE  RADIONAVIGATION 5.60  5.64 | Navigational Aids  Maritime mobile communications  SRD :   * Utra-Low Power Active Medical Implants( ULP-AMI) * Inductive applications (9 kHz-148.5 kHz) | * Rec. ITU-R SM.1896-x * Report. ITU-R SM. 2153-x * Inductive SRD : ETSI EN 300 330 * ULP-AMI (9 kHz - 315 kHz) ETSI EN 302 195 |
| **126 - 129 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| RADIONAVIGATION 5.60 | | | | | | | RADIONAVIGATION 5.60 | Navigational Aids  SRD :   * Utra-Low Power Active Medical Implants( ULP-AMI) * Inductive applications (9 kHz-148.5 kHz) | * ITU-R Rec.SM.1896-1 * ITU-R Report.SM. 2153-7 * Inductive SRD : ETSI EN 300 330 * ULP-AMI (9 kHz - 315 kHz) ETSI EN 302 195 |
| **129 - 130 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  MARITIME MOBILE  RADIONAVIGATION 5.60  5.64 | | | | | | | FIXED  MARITIME MOBILE  RADIONAVIGATION 5.60  5.64 | Navigational Aids  Maritime mobile communications  SRD :   * Ultra-Low Power Active Medical Implants( ULP-AMI) * Inductive applications (9 kHz-148.5 kHz) | * ITU-R Rec.SM.1896-1 * ITU-R Report .SM. 2153-7 * Inductive SRD : ETSI EN 300 330 * ULP-AMI (9 kHz - 315 kHz) ETSI EN 302 195 |
| **130 - 135.7 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  MARITIME MOBILE  5.64 5.67 | | | | | | | FIXED  MARITIME MOBILE  5.64 | Maritime mobile communications  SRD :   * Ultra-Low Power Active Medical Implants(ULP-AMI) * Inductive applications | * ITU-R Rec.SM.1896-1 * ITU-R Report.SM. 2153-7 * Inductive SRD : ETSI EN 300 330 * ULP-AMI (9 kHz - 315 kHz) ETSI EN 302 195 |
| **135.7 - 137.8 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  MARITIME MOBILE  Amateur 5.67A  5.64 5.67 5.67B | | | | | | | FIXED  MARITIME MOBILE  Amateur 5.67A  5.64 | Maritime mobile communications  Amateur  SRD :   * Ultra-Low Power Active Medical Implants(ULP-AMI) * Inductive applications (9 kHz-148.5 kHz) | * Amateur (135.7-137.8 kHz) services are limited to maximum radiated power of 1 W (e.i.r.p). * ITU-R Rec.SM.1896-1 * ITU-R Report SM. 2153-7 * Inductive SRD : ETSI EN 300 330 * ULP-AMI (9 kHz - 315 kHz) * ETSI EN 302 195 |
| **137.8 - 148.5 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  MARITIME MOBILE  5.64 5.67 | | | | | | | FIXED  MARITIME MOBILE  5.64 | Maritime mobile communications  SRD:     * Ultra-Low Power Active Medical Implants(ULP-AMI) * Inductive applications (9 kHz-148.5 kHz) | * ITU-R Rec.SM.1896-1 * ITU-R Report SM. 2153-7 * Inductive SRD : ETSI EN 300 330 * ULP-AMI (9 kHz - 315 kHz) * ETSI EN 302 195 |
| **148.5 - 255 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| BROADCASTING  5.68 5.69 5.70 | | | | | | | **148.5-200kHz**  BROADCASTING  5.68 | Broadcasting  SRD:   * Ultra-Low Power Active Medical Implants(ULP-AMI) * Inductive applications (148.5 - 5000 kHz) | * Frequency assignment Plan (GE75) applies * Inductive SRD: ETSI EN 300 330 (magnetic field -15 dBµA/m @ 10m) * ULP-AMI (9 kHz - 315 kHz) ETSI EN 302 195 |
| **200kHz-255kHz**  AERONAUTICAL  RADIONAVIGATIONAL SERVICE  5.70 | SRD:   * Ultra-Low Power Active Medical Implants (ULP-AMI) * Inductive applications (148.5 - 5000 kHz) | * Frequency assignment Plan (GE75) applies * ULP-AMI (9 kHz - 315 kHz) ETSI EN 302 195 * Inductive SRD: ETSI EN 300 330 (magnetic field -15 dBµA/m @ 10m) * ULP-AMI (9 kHz - 315 kHz) ETSI EN 302 195 |
| **255 - 283.5 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| BROADCASTING  AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION  5.70 | | | | | | | AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION  5.70 | SRD:   * Ultra-Low Power Active Medical Implants (ULP-AMI) * Inductive applications (148.5 - 5000 kHz) | * ULP-AMI (9 kHz - 315 kHz) ETSI EN 302 195 * Inductive SRD: ETSI EN 300 330 (magnetic field -15 dBµA/m @ 10m) |
| **283.5 - 315 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION  MARITIME RADIONAVIGATION  (radio beacons) 5.73  5.74 | | | | | | | AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION  MARITIME RADIONAVIGATION  (radiobeacons) 5.73  5.74 | Navigational Aids  Maritime mobile communications  SRD :   * ultra-Low Power Active Medical Implants( ULP-AMI) * inductive applications (9 kHz-148.5 kHz) | * ITU-R Rec.SM.1896-1 * ITU-R Report.SM. 2153-7 * Inductive SRD : ETSI EN 300 330 * ULP-AMI (9 kHz - 315 kHz) ETSI EN 302 195 |
| **315 - 325 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION  Maritime radionavigation  (radio beacons) 5.73  5.75 | | | | | | | AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION  Maritime radionavigation  (radiobeacons) 5.73  5.75 | Inductive SRD applications (148.5 - 5000 kHz) | * Inductive SRD: ETSI EN 300 330 (magnetic field -15 dBµA/m @ 10m) |
| **325 - 405 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION | | | | | | | AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION | Aeronautical NDBs and locators  Inductive SRD applications (148.5 - 5000 kHz) | * Inductive SRD: ETSI EN 300 330 (magnetic field -15 dBµA/m @ 10m) |
| **405 - 415 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| RADIONAVIGATION 5.76 | | | | | | | RADIONAVIGATION 5.76 | Navigational Aids  Inductive SRD applications (148.5 - 5000 kHz) | * Inductive SRD: ETSI EN 300 330 (magnetic field -15 dBµA/m @ 10m) |
| **415 - 435 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| MARITIME MOBILE 5.79  AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION | | | | | | | MARITIME MOBILE (radiotelegraphy) 5.79  AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION | Maritime mobile communications  Inductive SRD applications (148.5 - 5000 kHz) | * Under the MMS the use of the band 415-495 kHz is limited to radiotelegraphy. * Inductive SRD: ETSI EN 300 330 (magnetic field -15 dBµA/m @ 10m) |
| **435 - 472 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| MARITIME MOBILE 5.79  Aeronautical radionavigation 5.77  5.82 | | | | | | | MARITIME MOBILE (radiotelegraphy) 5.79  Aeronautical radionavigation  5.82 | Maritime mobile communications  SRD:  Inductive SRD applications (148.5 - 5000 kHz) | * Coast Stations in the NAVTEX service on 490 kHz; Res.339 applies. Transmission of navigational and meteorological warnings and urgent info for ships (NBDP telegraphy).Articles 31 and 52 apply * Inductive SRD: ETSI EN 300 330 (magnetic field -15 dBµA/m @ 10m) |
| **472 - 479 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| MARITIME MOBILE 5.79  Amateur 5.80A  Aeronautical radionavigation 5.77 5.80  5.80 B 5.82 | | | | | | | MARITIME MOBILE (radiotelegraphy)  Amateur 5.80A  Aeronautical radionavigation 5.82 | Inductive SRD applications (148.5 - 5000 kHz) | * Inductive SRD: ETSI EN 300 330 (magnetic field -15 dBµA/m @ 10m) |
| **479 - 495 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| MARITIME MOBILE 5.79 5.79A  Aeronautical radionavigation 5.77  5.82 | | | | | | | MARITIME MOBILE (radiotelegraphy) 5.79 5.79A  Aeronautical radionavigation 5.77  5.82 | * Maritime mobile communications * Inductive SRD applications (148.5 - 5000 kHz) | * Coast Stations in the NAVTEX service on 490 kHz; Res.339 applies. Transmission of navigational and meteorological warnings and urgent info for ships (NBDP telegraphy). Articles 31 and 52 apply. * Inductive SRD: ETSI EN 300 330 (magnetic field -15 dBµA/m @ 10m) |
| **495 - 505 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| MARITIME MOBILE 5.82C | | | | | | | MARITIME MOBILE 5.82C | * Limited to radiotelegraphy * Maritime GMDSS * Broadcasting safety information from coast stations * Inductive SRD applications (148.5 - 5000 kHz) | * Articles 31 and 52 apply * Inductive SRD: ETSI EN 300 330 (magnetic field -15 dBµA/m @ 10m) * For international NAVDAT systems Rec. ITU-R M.2010 applies |
| **505 - 526.5 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| MARITIME MOBILE 5.79 5.79A 5.84  AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION | | | | | | | MARITIME MOBILE(radiotelegraphy) 5.79 5.79A 5.84  AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION | * Maritime mobile communications * Inductive SRD applications (148.5 - 5000 kHz) | * Coast Stations in the NAVTEX service on 518 kHz; Res.339 applies. Articles 31 and 52 apply. * Under the MMS the use of the band 505-526.5 kHz is limited to radiotelegraphy. * Inductive SRD: ETSI EN 300 330 (magnetic field -15 dBµA/m @ 10m) |
| **526.5 - 1606.5 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| BROADCASTING  5.87 5.87A | | | | | | | **526.5-535kHz**  BROADCASTING  Mobile  5.87 | * MW Sound broadcasting (526.5 1606.5 kHz) * Inductive SRD applications (148.5 - 5000 kHz) | * Frequency assignment Plan (GE75) applies * Inductive SRD: ETSI EN 300 330 (magnetic field -15 dBµA/m @ 10m) |
| **535-1606.5kHz**  BROADCASTING  5.87 | * MW Sound broadcasting (526.5 1606.5 kHz) * Inductive SRD applications (148.5 - 5000 kHz) | * Frequency assignment Plan (GE75) applies * Inductive SRD: ETSI EN 300 330 (magnetic field -15 dBµA/m @ 10m) |
| **1606.5 - 1625 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  MARITIME MOBILE 5.90  LAND MOBILE  5.92 | | | | | | | FIXED  MARITIME MOBILE 5.90  LAND MOBILE  5.92 | * Maritime mobile communications * Land mobile communications * Inductive SRD applications (148.5 - 5000 kHz) | * Inductive SRD: ETSI EN 300 330 (magnetic field -15 dBµA/m @ 10m) |
| **1625 - 1635 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| RADIOLOCATION 5.93 | | | | | | | RADIOLOCATION 5.93 | * Navigational Aids * Inductive SRD applications (148.5 - 5000 kHz) | * Inductive SRD: ETSI EN 300 330 (magnetic field -15 dBµA/m @ 10m) |
| **1635 - 1800 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  MARITIME MOBILE 5.90  LAND MOBILE  5.92 5.96 | | | | | | | FIXED  MARITIME MOBILE 5.90  LAND MOBILE  5.92 | * Maritime mobile communications * Land mobile communications * Inductive SRD applications (148.5 - 5000 kHz) | * Inductive SRD: ETSI EN 300 330 (magnetic field -15 dBµA/m @ 10m) |
| **1800 - 1810 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| RADIOLOCATION 5.93 | | | | | | | RADIOLOCATION 5.93 | * Navigational Aids * Inductive SRD applications (148.5 - 5000 kHz) | * Inductive SRD: ETSI EN 300 330 (magnetic field -15 dBµA/m @ 10m) |
| **1810 - 1850 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| AMATEUR  5.98 5.99 5.100 5.101 | | | | | | | AMATEUR  5.98 5.99 5.100 5.101 | * Amateur communications * Inductive SRD applications (148.5 - 5000 kHz) | * Inductive SRD: ETSI EN 300 330 (magnetic field -15 dBµA/m @ 10m) |
| **1850 - 2000 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical  Mobile  5.92 5.96 5.103 | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical  Mobile  5.92 5.103 | * Maritime and/or land mobile communications * Inductive SRD applications (148.5 - 5000 kHz) | * Inductive SRD: ETSI EN 300 330 (magnetic field -15 dBµA/m @ 10m) |
| **2000 - 2025 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical  Mobile  5.92 5.103 | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical  Mobile  5.92 5.103 | * Maritime and/or land mobile communications * Inductive SRD applications (148.5 - 5000 kHz) | * Inductive SRD: ETSI EN 300 330 (magnetic field -15 dBµA/m @ 10m) |
| **2025 - 2045 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical  mobile (R)  Meteorological aids 5.104 5.92 5.103 | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical  mobile (R)  Meteorological aids (oceanographic) 5.104 5.92 5.103 | * Maritime and/or land mobile communications * Inductive SRD applications (148.5 - 5000 kHz) | * Inductive SRD: ETSI EN 300 330 (magnetic field -15 dBµA/m @ 10m) |
| **2045 - 2160 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  MARITIME MOBILE  LAND MOBILE  5.92 | | | | | | | FIXED  MARITIME MOBILE  LAND MOBILE  5.92 | * Maritime and/or land mobile communications * Fixed Applications * Inductive SRD applications (148.5 - 5000 kHz) | * Inductive SRD: ETSI EN 300 330 (magnetic field -15 dBµA/m @ 10m) |
| **2160 - 2170 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| RADIOLOCATION  5.93 5.107 | | | | | | | RADIOLOCATION  5.93 5.107 | * Navigational aids * Inductive SRD applications (148.5 - 5000 kHz) | * Inductive SRD: ETSI EN 300 330 (magnetic field -15 dBµA/m @ 10m) |
| **2170 - 2173.5 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| MARITIME MOBILE | | | | | | | MARITIME MOBILE | * Maritime mobile communications * Inductive SRD applications (148.5 - 5000 kHz) | * Inductive SRD: ETSI EN 300 330 (magnetic field -15 dBµA/m @ 10m) |
| **2173.5 -2190.5 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| MOBILE (distress and calling)  5.108 5.109 5.110 5.111 | | | | | | | MOBILE (distress and calling)  5.108 5.109 5.110 5.111 | * 2 182 kHz is an international distress and calling frequency for radiotelephony. * 2 187.5 kHz – DSC for distress and calling * 2 174.5 kHz – international distress frequency for NBDP telegraphy * Inductive SRD applications (148.5 - 5000 kHz) | * Articles 31 and 52 applies * Inductive SRD: ETSI EN 300 330 (magnetic field -15 dBµA/m @ 10m) |
| **2190.5 - 2194 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| MARITIME MOBILE | | | | | | | MARITIME MOBILE | * Maritime mobile communications * Inductive SRD applications (148.5 - 5000 kHz) | * Inductive SRD: ETSI EN 300 330 (magnetic field -15 dBµA/m @ 10m) |
| **2194 - 2300 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical  mobile (R)    5.92 5.103 5.112 | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical  mobile (R)    5.92 5.103 | * Maritime and/or land mobile communications * Fixed Applications * Inductive SRD applications (148.5 - 5000 kHz) | * Inductive SRD: ETSI EN 300 330 (magnetic field -15 dBµA/m @ 10m) |
| **2300 - 2498 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical  mobile (R)  BROADCASTING 5.113  5.103 | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical  mobile (R)  BROADCASTING 5.113  5.103 | * Maritime and/or land mobile communications * Fixed Applications * Inductive SRD applications (148.5 - 5000 kHz) | * Article 23.3 to 23.10 applies for broadcasting * Inductive SRD: ETSI EN 300 330 (magnetic field -15 dBµA/m @ 10m) |
| **2498 - 2501 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| STANDARD FREQUENCY  AND TIME SIGNAL  (2 500 kHz) | | | | | | | STANDARD FREQUENCY  AND TIME SIGNAL  (2 500 kHz) | * Inductive SRD applications (148.5 - 5000 kHz) | * Article 26 applies * Inductive SRD: ETSI EN 300 330 (magnetic field -15 dBµA/m @ 10m) |
| **2501 - 2502 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL  Space Research | | | | | | | STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL  Space Research | * Inductive SRD applications (148.5-5000 kHz) | * Article 26 applies * Inductive SRD: ETSI EN 300 330 (magnetic field -15 dBµA/m @ 10m) |
| **2502 - 2625 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical  mobile (R)    5.92 5.103 5.114 | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical  mobile (R)    5.92 5.103 | * Maritime and/or land mobile communications * Fixed Applications * Inductive SRD applications (148.5 - 5000 kHz) | * Inductive SRD: ETSI EN 300 330 (magnetic field -15 dBµA/m @ 10m) |
| **2625 - 2650 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| MARITIME MOBILE  MARITIME  RADIONAVIGATION  5.92 | | | | | | | MARITIME MOBILE  MARITIME  RADIONAVIGATION  5.92 | * Maritime mobile communications * Inductive SRD applications (148.5 - 5000 kHz) | * Inductive SRD: ETSI EN 300 330 (magnetic field -15 dBµA/m @ 10m) |
| **2650 - 2850 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical  mobile (R)  5.92 5.103 | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical  mobile (R)  5.92 5.103 | * Maritime and/or land mobile communications * Fixed Applications * Inductive SRD applications (148.5 - 5000 kHz) | * Inductive SRD: ETSI EN 300 330 (magnetic field -15 dBµA/m @ 10m) |
| **2850 - 3025 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R)  5.111 5.115 | | | | | | | AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R)  5.111 5.115 | * Aeronautical mobile (R)   3 023 kHz may be used under the MMS for search and rescue operations   * Inductive SRD applications (148.5 - 5000 kHz) | * Appendix 27 Allotment Plan applies * Article 31 applies * Inductive SRD: ETSI EN 300 330 (magnetic field -15 dBµA/m @ 10m) |
| **3025 - 3155 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) | | | | | | | AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) | * Aeronautical mobile (OR) * Inductive SRD applications (148.5 - 5000 kHz) | * Appendix 26 Allotment Plan applies * Inductive SRD: ETSI EN 300 330 (magnetic field -15 dBµA/m @ 10m) |
| **3155 - 3200 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R)  5.116 5.117 | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R)  5.116 | * Maritime and/or land mobile communications * Fixed Applications   SRD:   * Wireless hearing aids * Inductive applications (148.5 - 5000 kHz) | * Worldwide channel for low power hearing aids (3155-3195 kHz) Additional channels may be assigned in the band 3155-3400 kHz * ITU-R Rec.SM.1896-1 * ITU-R Report SM. 2153-7 * Inductive SRD: ETSI EN 300 330 (magnetic field -15 dBµA/m @ 10m) |
| **3200 - 3230 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R)  BROADCASTING 5.113  5.116 | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R)  BROADCASTING 5.113  5.116 | * Maritime and/or land mobile communications * Fixed applications   SRD:   * Wireless hearing aids * Inductive applications (148.5 - 5000 kHz) | * Article 23.3 to 23.10 applies for broadcasting * Worldwide channel for low power hearing aids (3155-3195 kHz).Additional channels may be assigned in the band 3155-3400 kHz. * ITU-R Rec.SM.1896-1 * ITU-R Report SM. 2153-7 * Inductive SRD: ETSI EN 300 330 (magnetic field -15 dBµA/m @ 10m) |
| **3230 - 3400 kHz** |  | | | | | | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile  BROADCASTING 5.113  5.116 5.118 | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile  BROADCASTING 5.113  5.116 | * Maritime and/or land mobile communications * Fixed applications * SRD: * Wireless hearing aids * Inductive applications (148.5 - 5000 kHz) | * Article 23.3 to 23.10 applies for broadcasting * Worldwide channel for low power hearing aids (3155-3195 kHz).Additional channels may be assigned in the band 3155-3400 kHz. * ITU-R Rec.SM.1896-1 * ITU-R Report SM. 2153-7 * Inductive SRD: ETSI EN 300 330 (magnetic field -15 dBµA/m @ 10m) |
| **3400 - 3500 kHz** |  | | | | | | | | |
| AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) | | | | | | | AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) | * Aeronautical mobile (R) applications * Inductive SRD applications (148.5 - 5000 kHz) | * Appendix 27 Allotment Plan applies * Inductive SRD: ETSI EN 300 330 (magnetic field -15 dBµA/m @ 10m) |
| **3500 - 3800 kHz** |  | | | | | | | | |
| AMATEUR  FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical  Mobile  5.92 | | | | | | | AMATEUR  FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical  Mobile  5.92 | * Amateur communications * Maritime and/or land mobile communications * Fixed Applications * Inductive SRD applications (148.5 - 5000 kHz) | * Article 51 and 52 applies * Inductive SRD: ETSI EN 300 330 (magnetic field -15 dBµA/m @ 10m) |
| **3800 - 3900 kHz** |  | | | | | | | | |
| FIXED  AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR)  LAND MOBILE | | | | | | | FIXED  AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR)  LAND MOBILE | * Aeronautical mobile (OR) applications * Fixed and Mobile applications * Inductive SRD applications (148.5 - 5000 kHz) | * Inductive SRD: ETSI EN 300 330 (magnetic field -15 dBµA/m @ 10m) |
| **3900 - 3950 kHz** |  | | | | | | | | |
| AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) 5.123 | | | | | | | AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) | * Aeronautical mobile (OR) applications * Inductive SRD applications (148.5 - 5000 kHz) | * Appendix 26 Allotment Plan applies * Inductive SRD: ETSI EN 300 330 (magnetic field -15 dBµA/m @ 10m) |
| **3950 - 4000 kHz** |  | | | | | | | | |
| FIXED  BROADCASTING | | | | | | | FIXED  BROADCASTING | * Fixed Applications * Inductive SRD applications (148.5 - 5000 kHz) | * Article 23.3 to 23.10 applies * Inductive SRD: ETSI EN 300 330 (magnetic field -15 dBµA/m @ 10m) |
| **4000 - 4063 kHz** |  | | | | | | | | |
| FIXED  MARITIME MOBILE 5.127  5.126 | | | | | | | FIXED  MARITIME MOBILE (radiotelephone) 5.127 | * Maritime mobile communications * Fixed Applications * Inductive SRD applications (148.5 - 5000 kHz) | * Use of the band 4000-4063 kHz by the MMS is limited to ship stations using radiotelephony * Inductive SRD: ETSI EN 300 330 (magnetic field -15 dBµA/m @ 10m) |
| **4063 - 4438 kHz** |  | | | | | | | | |
| MARITIME MOBILE  5.79A 5.109 5.110 5.130 5.131 5.132 5.128 | | | | | | | MARITIME MOBILE  5.79A 5.109 5.110 5.130 5.131 5.132 5.128 | * Maritime mobile communications * Inductive SRD applications (148.5 - 5000 kHz) | * ITU RR Appendix 17 Channelling Plan applies * ITU RR Appendix 25 Allotment Plan applies * 4209.5 kHz - Coast Stations in the NAVTEX service - Res.339 applies. Articles 31 and 52 apply. * 4207.5 kHz – DSC for distress and calling; Article 31 applies. * 4177.5 kHz – international distress frequency for NBDP telegraphy; Article 31 applies. * 4125 kHz – use of this frequency prescribed in Article 31. * 4209.5 kHz – exclusive for transmission by coast stations of meteorological and navigational warnings and urgent information to ships (NBDP) * 4210 kHz – maritime safety information (MSI); App.17 applies. * Inductive SRD: ETSI EN 300 330 (magnetic field -15 dBµA/m @ 10m) |
| **4438 - 4488 kHz** |  | | | | | | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical  mobile (R)  Radiolocation 5.132A  5.132B | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical  mobile (R)  Radiolocation 5.132A | * Maritime and/or land mobile communications * Fixed Applications * Inductive SRD applications (148.5 - 5000 kHz) | * Inductive SRD: ETSI EN 300 330 (magnetic field -15 dBµA/m @ 10m) |
| **4488 - 4650 kHz** |  | | | | | | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R) | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R) | * Fixed and Mobile applications * Maritime applications * Inductive SRD applications (148.5 - 5000 kHz) | * Inductive SRD: ETSI EN 300 330 (magnetic field -15 dBµA/m @ 10m) |
| **4650 - 4700 kHz** |  | | | | | | | | |
| AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) | | | | | | | AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) | * Aeronautical mobile (R) * Inductive SRD applications (148.5 - 5000 kHz) | * Appendix 27 Allotment Plan applies * Inductive SRD: ETSI EN 300 330 (magnetic field -15 dBµA/m @ 10m) |
| **4700 - 4750 kHz** |  | | | | | | | | |
| AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) | | | | | | | AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) | * Aeronautical mobile (OR) * Inductive SRD applications (148.5 - 5000 kHz) | * Appendix 26 Allotment Plan applies * Inductive SRD: ETSI EN 300 330 (magnetic field -15 dBµA/m @ 10m) |
| **4750 - 4850 kHz** |  | | | | | | | | |
| FIXED  AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR)  LAND MOBILE  BROADCASTING 5.113 | | | | | | | FIXED  AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR)  LAND MOBILE  BROADCASTING 5.113 | * Aeronautical and/or land mobile * Sound broadcasting * Fixed and Mobile applications * Inductive SRD applications (148.5 - 5000 kHz) | * Article 23.3 to 23.10 applies * Inductive SRD: ETSI EN 300 330 (magnetic field -15 dBµA/m @ 10m) |
| **4850 - 4995 kHz** |  | | | | | | | | |
| FIXED  LAND MOBILE  BROADCASTING 5.113 | | | | | | | FIXED  LAND MOBILE  BROADCASTING 5.113 | * Land mobile * Sound broadcasting * Fixed Applications * Inductive SRD applications (148.5 - 5000 kHz) | * Article 23.3 to 23.10 applies * Inductive SRD: ETSI EN 300 330 (magnetic field -15 dBµA/m @ 10m) |
| **4995 - 5003 kHz** |  | | | | | | | | |
| STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL (5 000 kHz) | | | | | | | STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL (5 000 kHz) | * Inductive SRD applications (148.5 - 5000 kHz) | * Inductive SRD: ETSI EN 300 330 (magnetic field -15 dBµA/m @ 10m) |
| **5003 - 5005 kHz** |  | | | | | | | | |
| STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL  Space research | | | | | | | STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL  Space research |  |  |
| **5005 - 5060 kHz** |  | | | | | | | | |
| FIXED  BROADCASTING 5.113 | | | | | | | FIXED  BROADCASTING 5.113 | * Sound broadcasting * Fixed Applications | * Article 23.3 to 23.10 applies |
| **5060 - 5250 kHz** |  | | | | | | | | |
| FIXED  Mobile except aeronautical mobile 5.133 | | | | | | | FIXED  Mobile except aeronautical mobile | * Fixed and Mobile applications * Maritime applications |  |
| **5250 - 5275 kHz** |  | | | | | | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile  Radiolocation 5.132A  5.133A | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile  Radiolocation 5.132A | * Fixed Applications |  |
| **5275 - 5351.5 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical  mobile | * Aeronautical mobile * Fixed and Mobile applications |  |
| **5351.5 -5366.5 kHz** | |  | | | | | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile  Amateur 5.133B | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical  mobile  Amateur | * Fixed and Mobile Applications | * Amateur in 5 351.5 -5 366.5 kHz |
| **5366.5 - 5450 kHz** | |  | | | | | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile | * Fixed and Mobile Applications | * ITU-R Rec.SM.1896-1 * ITU-R Report SM. 2153-7 |
| **5450 - 5480 kHz** | |  | | | | | | | |
| FIXED  AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR)  LAND MOBILE | | | | | | | FIXED  AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR)  LAND MOBILE | * Aeronautical mobile (OR) | * Appendix 27 Allotment plan applies |
| **5480 - 5680 kHz** | |  | | | | | | | |
| AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R)  5.111 5.115 | | | | | | | AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R)  5.111 5.115 | * Aeronautical mobile | * Appendix 27 Allotment Plan applies * Search and rescue operations at 5680 kHz |
| **5680 - 5730 kHz** |  | | | | | | | | |
| AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR)  5.111 5.115 | | | | | | | AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) 5.111 5.115 |  | * Appendix 26 Allotment Plan applies * 5 680 kHz may be used under the MMS for search and rescue operations (see Article 31). * 6215 kHz – use of this frequency prescribed in Article 31. |
| **5730 - 5900 kHz** |  | | | | | | | | |
| FIXED  LAND MOBILE | | | | | | | FIXED  LAND MOBILE | * Land mobile |  |
| **5900 - 5950 kHz** |  | | | | | | | | |
| BROADCASTING 5.134 5.136 | | | | | | | BROADCASTING 5.134 5.136 | * HF Sound Broadcasting | * Article 12 Planning Procedures and Res.517 (WRC-19) applies |
| **5950 - 6200 kHz** |  | | | | | | | | |
| BROADCASTING | | | | | | | BROADCASTING | * HF Sound Broadcasting | * ITU RR Article 12 Planning Procedures applies |
| **6200 - 6525 kHz** |  | | | | | | | | |
| MARITIME MOBILE 5.109 5.110 5.130 5.132 5.137 | | | | | | | MARITIME MOBILE 5.109 5.110 5.130 5.132 5.137 | * Maritime mobile communications | * ITU RR Appendix 17 Channelling Plan applies * ITU RR Appendix 25 Allotment Plan applies * 6312 kHz and 6215 kHz – DSC for distress and calling; Article 31 applies * 6268 kHz – international distress frequency for NBDP telegraphy; Article 31 applies. * 6314 kHz – maritime safety information (MSI); App.17 applies |
| **6525 - 6685 kHz** |  | | | | | | | | |
| AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) | | | | | | | AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) | * Aeronautical mobile communications | * Appendix 27 Allotment Plan applies |
| **6685 - 6765 kHz** |  | | | | | | | | |
| AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) | | | | | | | AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) | * Aeronautical mobile communications | * Appendix 26 Allotment Plan applies |
| **6765 - 7000 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R) 5.138 | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R) 5.138 | * Maritime and/or land mobile communications * SRD: * Inductive applications | * ITU-R Rec.SM.1896-1, * ITU-R Report SM. 2153-7 * ISM band (6765-6795 kHz): centre frequency 6 780 kHz |
| **7000 - 7100 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| AMATEUR  AMATEUR-SATELLITE  5.140 5.141 5.141A | | | | | | | AMATEUR  AMATEUR-SATELLITE | * Amateur communications * Amateur-satellite communications |  |
| **7100 - 7200 kHz** |  | | | | | | | | |
| AMATEUR 5.141A 5.141B  FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile ( R )  5.141B | | | | | | | AMATEUR | * Amateur communications | * This band is also used for fixed and Mobile Applications in some countries |
| **7200 - 7300 kHz** |  | | | | | | | | |
| BROADCASTING | | | | | | | BROADCASTING | * HF Sound Broadcasting | * ITU RR Article 12 Planning Procedures applies |
| **7300 - 7400 kHz** |  | | | | | | | | |
| BROADCASTING 5.134 5.143 5.143A 5.143B 5.143C 5.143D  FIXED 5.143C | | | | | | | BROADCASTING 5.134 5.143 5.143B | * HF Sound Broadcasting | * Article 12 Planning Procedures and Res.517 apply. * This band is also used for fixed and Mobile Applications in some countries |
| **7400 - 7450 kHz** |  | | | | | | | | |
| BROADCASTING 5.143B 5.143C  FIXED 5.143C | | | | | | | BROADCASTING 5.143B | * HF Sound Broadcasting * SRD applications (7 400 – 8 800 kHz) | * ITU RR Article 12 Planning Procedures applies * ITU-R Rec.SM.1896-1 * ITU-R Report SM. 2153-7 |
| **7450 - 8100 kHz** |  | | | | | | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R) 5.144 | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R) | * Maritime applications * SRD applications (7 400 – 8 800 kHz) | * ITU-R Rec.SM.1896-1, * ITU-R Report SM. 2153-7 |
| **8100 - 8195 kHz** |  | | | | | | | | |
| FIXED  MARITIME MOBILE | | | | | | | FIXED  MARITIME MOBILE | * Maritime mobile communications * SRD applications (7 400 – 8 800 kHz) | * ITU-R Rec.SM.1896-1, * ITU-R Report SM. 2153-7 |
| **8195 - 8815 kHz** | | | |  | | | | | |
| MARITIME MOBILE 5.109 5.110 5.132 5.145 5.111 | | | | | | | MARITIME MOBILE 5.109 5.110 5.132 5.145 5.111 | * Maritime mobile communications * SRD applications (7 400 – 8 800 kHz) | * ITU RR Appendix 17 Channelling Plan applies * ITU RR Appendix 25 Allotment Plan applies * 8414.5 kHz – DSC for distress and calling; Article 31 applies * 8 376.5 kHz – international distress frequency for NBDP telegraphy; Article 31 applies. * 8416.5 kHz – maritime safety information (MSI); Appendix 17 applies. * ITU-R Rec.SM.1896-1, * ITU-R Report SM. 2153-7 |
| **8815 - 8965 kHz** | | | |  | | | | | |
| AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) | | | | | | | AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) | * Aeronautical mobile communications | * Appendix 27 Allotment Plan applies |
| **8965 - 9040 kHz** | | | |  | | | | | |
| AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) | | | | | | | AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) | * Aeronautical mobile communications | * Appendix 26 Allotment Plan applies |
| **9040 - 9305 kHz** | | | |  | | | | | |
| FIXED | | | | | | | FIXED | * Fixed Applications |  |
| **9305 - 9355 kHz** | | | |  | | | | | |
| FIXED  Radiolocation 5.145A  5.145B | | | | | | | FIXED  Radiolocation (oceanographic radars) 5.145A |  |  |
| **9355 - 9400 kHz** | | | |  | | | | | |
| FIXED | | | | | | | FIXED |  |  |
| **9400 - 9500 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| BROADCASTING 5.134 5.146 | | | | | | | BROADCASTING 5.134 5.146 | * HF Sound Broadcasting | * Article 12 Planning Procedures and Res.517 (WRC-19) applies |
| **9500 - 9900 kHz** | | | |  | | | | | |
| BROADCASTING 5.147 | | | | | | | BROADCASTING 5.147 | * HF Sound Broadcasting | * ITU RR Article 12 Planning Procedures applies |
| **9900 - 9995 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED | | | | | | | FIXED | * Fixed Applications |  |
| **9995 - 10003 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL (10 000 kHz) 5.111 | | | | | | | STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL (10 000 kHz) 5.111 | * Search and rescue operations at 10003 kHz ± 3 kHz | * Article 26 applies |
| **10003 - 10005 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL  Space research 5.111 | | | | | | | STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL  Space research 5.111 | * Search and rescue operations at 10003 kHz ± 3 kHz * Inductive SRD applications (10.2 - 11 MHz) | * Article 26 applies |
| **10005 - 10100 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) 5.111 | | |  | | | | AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) 5.111 | * Aeronautical mobile communications * Search and rescue operations at 10003 kHz ± 3 kHz | * Appendix 27 Allotment Plan applies |
| **10100 - 10150 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  Amateur | | | | | | | FIXED  Amateur | * Fixed Applications * Amateur communications |  |
| **10150 - 11175 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  Mobile except aeronautical mobile (R) | | |  | | | | FIXED  Mobile except aeronautical mobile (R) | * Maritime applications |  |
| **11175 - 11275 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) | | | | | | | AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) | * Aeronautical mobile communications | * Appendix 26 Allotment Plan applies |
| **11275 - 11400 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) | | | | | | | AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) | * Aeronautical mobile communications | * Appendix 27 Allotment Plan applies |
| **11400 - 11600 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED | | | | | | | FIXED | * Fixed Applications |  |
| **11600 - 11650 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| BROADCASTING 5.134 5.146 | | | | | | | BROADCASTING 5.134 5.146 | * HF Sound Broadcasting | * Article 12 Planning Procedures and Res.517 (WRC-19) applies |
| **11650 - 12050 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| BROADCASTING 5.147 | | | | | | | BROADCASTING 5.147 | * HF Sound Broadcasting | * ITU RR Article 12 Planning Procedures applies * ITU-R Rec.SM.1896-1 * ITU-R Report SM. 2153-7 |
| **12050 - 12100 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| BROADCASTING 5.134 5.146 | | | | | | | BROADCASTING 5.134 5.146 | * HF Sound Broadcasting | * Article 12 Planning Procedures and Res.517 (WRC-19) applies |
| **12100 - 12230 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED | | | | | | | FIXED | * Fixed Applications |  |
| **12230 - 13200 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| MARITIME MOBILE 5.109 5.110 5.132 5.145 | | | | | | | MARITIME MOBILE 5.109 5.110 5.132 5.145 | * Maritime mobile communications | * ITU RR Appendix 17 Channelling Plan applies * ITU RR Appendix 25 Allotment Plan applies * 12 577 kHz – DSC for distress and calling; Article 31 applies * 12 520 kHz – international distress frequency for NBDP telegraphy; Article 31 applies. * 12 579 kHz – maritime safety information (MSI); App.17 applies. |
| **13200 - 13260 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) | | | | | | | AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) | * Aeronautical mobile communications | * Appendix 26 Allotment Plan applies |
| **13260 - 13360 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) | | | | | | | AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) | * Aeronautical mobile communications | * Appendix 27 Allotment Plan applies |
| **13360 - 13410 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  RADIO ASTRONOMY 5.149 | | | | | | | FIXED  RADIO ASTRONOMY 5.149 | * Radio Astronomy (Observations of decametric radiation) * Fixed Applications |  |
| **13410 - 13450 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  Mobile except aeronautical mobile (R) | | | | | | | FIXED  Mobile except aeronautical mobile (R) | * Maritime and/or land mobile communications |  |
| **13450 - 13550 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  Mobile except aeronautical mobile (R)  Radiolocation 5.132A  5.149A | | | | | | | FIXED  Mobile except aeronautical mobile (R)  Radiolocation 5.132A |  |  |
| **13550 - 13570 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  Mobile except aeronautical mobile (R) 5.150 | | | | | | | FIXED  Mobile except aeronautical mobile (R) 5.150 | * Inductive SRD applications (13 553-13 567kHz) | * ITU-R Rec.SM 1896-1 * ITU-R Report SM. 2153-7 * ISM band (13 553-13 567kHz) |
| **13570 - 13600 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| BROADCASTING 5.134 5.151 | | | | | | | BROADCASTING 5.134 5.151 | * HF Sound Broadcasting | * Article 12 Planning Procedures and Res.517 (WRC-19) applies |
| **13600 - 13800 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| BROADCASTING | | | | | | | BROADCASTING | * HF Sound Broadcasting | * ITU RR Article 12 Planning Procedures applies |
| **13800 - 13870 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| BROADCASTING 5.134 5.151 | | | | | | | BROADCASTING 5.134 5.151 | * HF Sound Broadcasting | * Article 12 Planning Procedures and Res.517 (WRC-19) applies |
| **13870 - 14000 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  Mobile except aeronautical mobile (R) | | | | | | | FIXED  Mobile except aeronautical mobile (R) | * Maritime and/or land mobile communications |  |
| **14000 - 14250 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| AMATEUR  AMATEUR-SATELLITE | | | | | | | AMATEUR  AMATEUR-SATELLITE | * Amateur communications * Amateur-satellite communications |  |
| **14250 - 14350 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| AMATEUR 5.152 | | | | | | | AMATEUR | * Amateur communications |  |
| **14350 - 14990 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  Mobile except aeronautical mobile (R) | | | | | | | FIXED  Mobile except aeronautical mobile (R) | * Fixed Applications |  |
| **14990 - 15005 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL (15 000 kHz) 5.111 | | | | | | | STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL (15 000 kHz) 5.111 | * Search and rescue operations at 14993 kHz | * Article 26 applies |
| **15005 - 15010 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL  Space research | | | | | | | STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL  Space research |  | * Article 26 applies |
| **15010 - 15100 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) | | | | | | | AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) | * Aeronautical mobile communications | * Appendix 26 Allotment Plan applies |
| **15100 - 15600 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| BROADCASTING | | | | | | | BROADCASTING | * HF Sound Broadcasting | * ITU RR Article 12 Planning Procedures applies |
| **15600 - 15800 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| BROADCASTING 5.134 5.146 | | | | | | | BROADCASTING 5.134 5.146 | * HF Sound Broadcasting | * Article 12 Planning Procedures and Res.517 (WRC-19) applies |
| **15800 - 16100 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED 5.153 | | | | | | | FIXED | * Fixed Applications |  |
| **16100 - 16200 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  Radiolocation 5.145A 5.145B | | | | | | | FIXED  Radiolocation 5.145A |  |  |
| **16200 - 16360 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED | | | | | | | FIXED |  |  |
| **16360 - 17410 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| MARITIME MOBILE 5.109 5.110 5.132 5.145 | | | | | | | MARITIME MOBILE 5.109 5.110 5.132 5.145 | * Maritime mobile communications | * ITU RR Appendix 17 Channelling Plan applies * ITU RR Appendix 25 Allotment Plan applies * 16 804.5kHz – DSC for distress and calling; Article 31 applies. * 16 695 kHz – international distress frequency for NBDP telegraphy; Article 31 applies. * 16 806.5 kHz – maritime safety information (MSI); App.17 applies. |
| **17410 - 17480 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED | | | | | | | FIXED | * Fixed Applications |  |
| **17480 - 17550 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| BROADCASTING 5.134 5.146 | | | | | | | BROADCASTING 5.134 5.146 | * HF Sound Broadcasting | * Article 12 Planning Procedures and Res.517 (WRC-19) applies |
| **17550 - 17900 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| BROADCASTING | | | | | | | BROADCASTING | * HF Sound Broadcasting | * ITU RR Article 12 Planning Procedures applies |
| **17900 - 17970 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) | | | | | | | AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) | * Aeronautical mobile communications | * Appendix 27 Allotment Plan applies |
| **17970 - 18030 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) | | | | | | | AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) | * Aeronautical mobile communications | * Appendix 26 Allotment Plan applies |
| **18030 - 18052 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED | | | | | | | FIXED | * Fixed Applications |  |
| **18052 - 18068 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  Space research | | | | | | | FIXED  Space research | * Fixed Applications |  |
| **18068 - 18168 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| AMATEUR  AMATEUR-SATELLITE 5.154 | | | | | | | AMATEUR  AMATEUR-SATELLITE | * Amateur communications * Amateur-satellite communications |  |
| **18168 - 18780 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  Mobile except aeronautical mobile | | | | | | | FIXED  Mobile except aeronautical mobile | * Maritime and/or land mobile communications * Fixed Applications |  |
| **18780 - 18900 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| MARITIME MOBILE | | | | | | | MARITIME MOBILE | * Maritime mobile communications | * ITU RR Appendix 17 Channelling Plan applies |
| **18900 - 19020 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| BROADCASTING 5.134 5.146 | | | | | | | BROADCASTING 5.134 5.146 | * HF Sound Broadcasting | * Article 12 Planning Procedures and Res.517 (WRC-19) applies |
| **19020 - 19680 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED | | | | | | | FIXED | * Fixed Applications |  |
| **19680 - 19800 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| MARITIME MOBILE 5.132 | | | | | | | MARITIME MOBILE 5.132 | * Maritime applications | * The frequency 19 680.5 kHz is the international frequency for transmission of MSI. Appendix 17 applies. |
| **19800 - 19990 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED | | | | | | | FIXED | * Fixed Applications |  |
| **19990 - 19995 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL  Space research 5.111 | | | | | | | STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL  Space research 5.111 | * Search and rescue operations at 19993 kHz ±3 kHz | * Article 26 applies |
| **19995 - 20010 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL (20 000 kHz) 5.111 | | | | | | | STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL (20 000 kHz) 5.111 | * Search and rescue operations at 19993 kHz ±3 kHz | * Article 26 applies |
| **20010 - 21000 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED | | | | | | | FIXED | * Fixed Applications |  |
| **21000 - 21450 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| AMATEUR  AMATEUR-SATELLITE | | | | | | | AMATEUR  AMATEUR-SATELLITE | * Amateur communications * Amateur-satellite communications |  |
| **21450 - 21850 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| BROADCASTING | | | | | | | BROADCASTING | * HF Sound Broadcasting | * ITU RR Article 12 Planning Procedures applies |
| **21850 - 21870 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED 5.155A 5.155 | | | | | | | FIXED | * Fixed Applications |  |
| **21870 - 21924 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED 5.155B | | | | | | | FIXED 5.155B | * Fixed Applications | * This band is used by the FS for services related to aircraft flight safety (5.155B) |
| **21924 - 22000 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) | | | | | | | AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) | * Aeronautical mobile communications | * Appendix 27 Allotment Plan applies |
| **22000 - 22855 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| MARITIME MOBILE 5.132 5.156 | | | | | | | MARITIME MOBILE 5.132 | * Maritime applications | * ITU RR Appendix 17 Channelling Plan applies. * ITU RR Appendix 25 Allotment Plan applies. * The frequency 22 376 kHz is the international frequency for transmission of MSI. |
| **22855 - 23000 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED 5.156 | | | | | | | FIXED 5.156 | * Fixed Applications | * ITU-R Rec.SM.1896-1 * Report ITU-R SM. 2153-7 |
| **23000 - 23200 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  Mobile except aeronautical mobile (R) 5.156 | | | | | | | FIXED  Mobile except aeronautical mobile (R) | * Fixed Applications |  |
| **23200 - 23350 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED 5.156A  AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) | | | | | | | FIXED (flight safety) 5.156A  AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) | * Aeronautical mobile communications | * The use of this band by the FS is limited to the provision of services related to aircraft flight safety (5.156A) |
| **23350 - 24000 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.157 | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.157 | * Fixed Applications | * The use of this band by the MMS is limited to inter-ship radiotelegraphy (5.157). |
| **24000 - 24450 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  LAND MOBILE | | | | | | | FIXED  LAND MOBILE | * Fixed and mobile applications |  |
| **24450 - 24600 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  LAND MOBILE  Radiolocation 5.132A  5.158 | | | | | | | FIXED  LAND MOBILE  Radiolocation 5.132A | * Fixed Applications |  |
| **24600 - 24890 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  LAND MOBILE | | | | | | | FIXED  LAND MOBILE | * Fixed Applications |  |
| **24890 - 24990 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| AMATEUR  AMATEUR-SATELLITE | | | | | | | AMATEUR  AMATEUR-SATELLITE | * Amateur applications |  |
| **24990 - 25005 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL (25 000 kHz) | | | | | | | STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL (25 000 kHz) |  | * Article 26 applies |
| **25005 - 25010 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL  Space research | | | | | | | STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL  Space research |  | * Article 26 applies |
| **25010 - 25070 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile | * Fixed and Mobile applications | * ITU-R Rec.SM.1896-1 * ITU-Report SM. 2153-7 |
| **25070 - 25210 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| MARITIME MOBILE | | | | | | | MARITIME MOBILE | * Maritime applications | * ITU RR Appendix 17 Channelling Plan applies * Maritime mobile communications * International DSC calling at 25208.5 kHz |
| **25210 - 25550 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile | * Fixed and Mobile Applications |  |
| **25550 - 25670 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| RADIO ASTRONOMY 5.149 | | | | | | | RADIO ASTRONOMY 5.149 | * Radio Astronomy (Observations of decametric radiation) |  |
| **25670 - 26100 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| BROADCASTING | | | | | | | BROADCASTING | * HF Sound Broadcasting | * ITU RR Article 12 Planning Procedures applies. |
| **26100 - 26175 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| MARITIME MOBILE 5.132 | | | | | | | MARITIME MOBILE 5.132 | * Maritime applications | * ITU RR Appendix 17 Channelling Plan applies. * ITU RR Appendix 25 Allotment Plan applies. * The frequency 26 100.5 kHz is the international frequency for transmission of MSI. * International DSC calling at 26121 kHz |
| **26175 - 26200 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile | * Fixed Applications * Mobile systems (single frequency) * CB Radio (26.96-27.410 MHz) |  |
| **26200 - 26350 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical  mobile  Radiolocation 5.132A  5.133A | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical  mobile  Radiolocation 5.132A | * Fixed and mobile applications |  |
| **26350 - 27500 kHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| **FIXED**  **MOBILE except aeronautical**  **Mobile**  **5.150** | | |  | | | | FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical  Mobile  5.150 | * Fixed and mobile applications * Inductive/non-specific SRD applications (26 957-27 283 kHz): * Wireless control devices * Measurement equipment | * Rec. ITU-R SM.1896-X * Report ITU-R SM.2153-X * Rec. ITU-R SM.2103-X |
| **27.5 - 28 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| METEOROLOGICAL AIDS  FIXED  MOBILE | | | | | | | METEOROLOGICAL AIDS  FIXED  MOBILE | * Fixed and mobile applications * Meteorological applications |  |
| **28 - 29.7 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| AMATEUR  AMATEUR-SATELLITE | | | | | | | AMATEUR  AMATEUR-SATELLITE | * Amateur communications * Amateur-satellite communications |  |
| **29.7 - 30.005 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE | * Fixed Applications |  |
| **30.005 - 30.01 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| SPACE OPERATION (satellite identification)  FIXED  MOBILE  SPACE RESEARCH | | | | | | | SPACE OPERATION (satellite identification)  FIXED  MOBILE  SPACE RESEARCH |  |  |
| **30.01 - 37.5 MHz** | | |  | | | |  |  |  |
| FIXED  MOBILE | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE | * Fixed and mobile applications * Private Mobile Radio (walkie talkies) |  |
| **37.5 - 38.25 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE  Radio astronomy  5.149 | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE  Radio astronomy  5.149 | * Private Mobile Radio (walkie talkies) * Radio Astronomy (Observations of decametric radiation) |  |
| **38.25 - 39 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE | * Private Mobile Radio (walkie talkies) * Mobile applications |  |
| **39 - 39.5 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE  Radiolocation 5.132A  5.159 | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE  Radiolocation 5.132A | * Mobile applications |  |
| **39.5 - 39.986 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE |  |  |
| **39.986 - 40.02 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE  Space research | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE  Space research | * Private Mobile Radio (walkie talkies) |  |
| **40.02 - 40.98 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE  5.150 | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE  5.150 | * Private Mobile Radio (walkie talkies) * Fixed applications * SRD (40.66 – 40.7 MHz): * Radio Microphone * Wireless control devices * Measurement equipment | * Rec. ITU-R SM.1896-X, * Report ITU-R SM.2153-X * ISM band (40.66-40.70 MHz): centre frequency 40.68 MHz |
| **40.98 - 41.015 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE  Space research  5.160 5.161 | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE  Space research | * Private Mobile Radio (walkie talkies) |  |
| **41.015 - 42 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE 5.160 5.161 5.161A | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE | * Private Mobile Radio (walkie talkies) * Fixed Applications |  |
| **42 - 42.5 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE  Radiolocation 5.132A  5.160 5.161B | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE  Radiolocation 5.132A |  |  |
| **42.5 - 44 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE  5.160 5.161 5.161A | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE | * Fixed and mobile applications |  |
| **44 - 47 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE  5.162 5.162A | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE | * Private Mobile Radio (walkie talkies) * Meteor Burst (45.3-46.9 MHz) | * Paired with 47.5-49.1 MHz) |
| **47 - 50 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| BROADCASTING  5.162A 5.163 5.164 5.165 | | | | | | | BROADCASTING  5.162A 5.163 5.164 5.165 | * Private Mobile Radio (walkie talkies) * Meteor Burst (47.5-49.1 MHz) * Broadcasting systems | * Paired with 45.3-46.9 MHz * GE89 applies |
| **50 - 52 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| BROADCASTING  Amateur 5.166A 5.166B 5.166C  5.166D 5.166E 5.169 5.169A  5.169B  5.162A 5.164 5.165 | | | | | | | BROADCASTING  Amateur 5.166A 5.166B 5.166C  5.166D 5.166E 5.169 5.169A  5.169B  5.162A 5.164 5.165 | * Broadcasting systems | * GE89 applies * This band is also used for Private Mobile Radio in some countries |
| **52 - 68 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| BROADCASTING  5.162A 5.163 5.164 5.165  5.169 5.169A 5.169 B 5.171 | | |  | | | | BROADCASTING  5.162A 5.163 5.164 5.165  5.169 5.169A 5.169 B 5.171 | * Broadcasting systems | * GE89 applies * This band is also used for Private Mobile Radio in some countries |
| **68 - 74.8 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical  mobile  5.149 5.175 5.177 5.179 | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical  Mobile 5.149 | * Private Mobile Radio (walkie talkies) and/or Public Access Mobile Radio (walkie talkies) * Fixed application | * In making assignments to stations in the frequency band 73 – 74.6 MHz, administrations are urged to give consideration to Radio Astronomy applications as per RR n° 5.149 |
| **74.8 - 75.2 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION  5.180 5.181 | | | | | | | AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION  5.180 | * Instrument Landing System (ILS) * Marker beacons (75 MHz) |  |
| **75.2 - 87.5 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical  Mobile 5.175 5.179 5.187 | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical  Mobile | * Private Mobile Radio (walkie talkies) and/or Public Access Mobile Radio (walkie talkies) * Fixed and mobile application |  |
| **87.5 - 100 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| BROADCASTING  5.190 | | | | | | | BROADCASTING | * FM Sound broadcasting (87.5-108 MHz) | * Geneva 1984 Agreement (GE84) applies |
| **100 - 108 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| BROADCASTING  5.192 5.194 | | | | | | | BROADCASTING | * FM Sound broadcasting (87.5-108 MHz) | * Geneva 1984 Agreement (GE84) applies |
| **108 - 117.975 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION  5.197 5.197A | | | | | | | AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION  5.197A | * Instrument Landing System (ILS) / Localiser (108-112 MHz) * VHF Omni-directional Range (VOR) (112-117.975 MHz) * Aeronautical mobile communications (108-117.975 MHz) | * AM(R)S shall operate in accordance with Res.413(Rev.WRC-07). Safety and regularity of flights; in the band 108-112 MHz AM(R)S limited to ground based transmitters. |
| **117.975 - 137 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R)  5.111 5.200 5.201 5.202 | | | | | | | AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R)  5.111 5.200 | * 117.975-121.450 MHz * Aeronautical mobile communications * 121.450-121.550 MHz * International Distress Frequency (121.5 MHz) * 121.550-137.000 MHz * Aeronautical mobile communications | * Safety and regularity of flights * EPIRBs at 121.5 MHz * ITU RR Article 31 applies * 123.1 MHz - auxiliary emergency frequency |
| **137 - 137.025 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| SPACE OPERATION (space-to-Earth) 5.203C  METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)  MOBILE- SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.208A,5.208B, 5.209  SPACE RESEARCH (space-to- Earth)  Fixed  Mobile except aeronautical mobile (R)  5.204 5.205 5.206 5.207 5.208 | | | | | | | SPACE OPERATION (space-to-Earth) 5.203C  METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)  MOBILE- SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.208A,5.208B, 5.209  SPACE RESEARCH (space-to- Earth)  Fixed  Mobile except aeronautical mobile (R)  5.204 5.205 5.206 5.207 5.208 |  | * In some countries this band is also used for Private Mobile Radio (walkie talkies) and/or Public Access Mobile Radio (walkie talkies) |
| **137.025 - 137.175 MHz** | | | | | |  | | | |
| SPACE OPERATION (space-to-Earth) 5.203C  METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)  SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth)  Fixed  Mobile except aeronautical mobile (R)  Mobile-satellite (space-to-Earth) 5.208A 5.208B 5.209  5.204 5.205 5.206 5.207 5.208 | | | | | | | SPACE OPERATION (space-to-Earth) 5.203C  METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)  SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth)  Fixed  Mobile except aeronautical mobile (R)  Mobile-satellite (space-to-Earth) 5.208A 5.208B 5.209  5.204 5.205 5.206 5.207 5.208 |  | * In some countries this band is also used for Private Mobile Radio (walkie talkies) and/or Public Access Mobile Radio (walkie talkies) |
| **137.175 - 137.825 MHz** | | | | | |  | | | |
| SPACE OPERATION (space-to-Earth)5.203C 5.2029A  METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)  MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.208A 5.208B 5.209  SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth)  Fixed  Mobile except aeronautical mobile (R)  5.204 5.205 5.206 5.207 5.208 | | | | | | | SPACE OPERATION (space-to-Earth)5.203C 5.209A  METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)  MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.208A 5.208B 5.209  SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth)  Fixed  Mobile except aeronautical mobile (R)  5.204 5.205 5.206 5.207 5.208 | * NOAA**[[1]](#footnote-1)** meteorology satellite (137.500-137.620 MHz) | * In some countries this band is also used for Private Mobile Radio (walkie talkies) and/or Public Access Mobile Radio (walkie talkies) |
| **137.825 - 138 MHz** | | | | | |  | | | |
| SPACE OPERATION (space-to-Earth)5.203C  METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)  SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth)  Fixed  Mobile except aeronautical mobile (R)  Mobile-satellite (space-to-Earth) 5.208A 5.208B 5.209  5.204 5.205 5.206 5.207 5.208 | | | | | | | SPACE OPERATION (space-to-Earth)5.203C  METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)  SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth)  Fixed  Mobile except aeronautical mobile (R)  Mobile-satellite (space-to-Earth) 5.208A 5.208B 5.209  5.204 5.205 5.206 5.207 5.208 |  | * In some countries this band is also used for Private Mobile Radio (walkie talkies) and/or Public Access Mobile Radio (walkie talkies) |
| **138 - 143.6 MHz** | | | | | |  | | | |
| AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR)  5.210 5.211 5.212 5.214 | | | | | | | AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR)  MARITIME MOBILE  MOBILE  FIXED 5.211 5.214 | * Aeronautical Communications (OR) | * In some countries this band is also used for Private Mobile Radio (walkie talkies) and/or Public Access Mobile Radio (walkie talkies) |
| **143.6 - 143.65 MHz** | | | | | |  | | | |
| AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR)  SPACE RESEARCH  (space-to-Earth)  5.211 5.212 5.214 | | | | | | | AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR)  SPACE RESEARCH  MARITIME MOBILE  MOBILE  FIXED  (space-to-Earth)5.211 5.214 | * Aeronautical Communications (OR) | * In some countries this band is also used for Private Mobile Radio (walkie talkies) and/or Public Access Mobile Radio (walkie talkies) |
| **143.65 - 144 MHz** | | | | | |  | | | |
| AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR)  5.210 5.211 5.212 5.214 | | | | | | | AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR)  MARITIME MOBILE  MOBILE  FIXED 5.211 5.214 | * Aeronautical Communications (OR) | * In some countries this band is also used for Private Mobile Radio (walkie talkies) and/or Public Access Mobile Radio (walkie talkies) |
| **144 - 146 MHz** | | | | | |  | | | |
| AMATEUR  AMATEUR-SATELLITE 5.216 | | | | | | | AMATEUR  AMATEUR-SATELLITE | * Amateur satellite systems | * In some countries this band is also used for Private Mobile Radio (walkie talkies) and/or Public Access Mobile Radio (walkie talkies) |
| **146 - 148 MHz** | | | | | |  | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical  mobile (R) | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical  mobile (R) | * Private Mobile Radio (walkie talkies) * Fixed applications |  |
| **148 - 149.9MHz** | | | | | |  | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical  mobile (R)  MOBILE-SATELLITE  (Earth-to-space) 5.209  5.218 5.219 5.221 | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical  mobile (R)  MOBILE-SATELLITE  (Earth-to-space) 5.209  5.218 5.219 5.221 | * Mobile satellite communications (Little LEO) * Fixed applications * Private Mobile Radio (walkie talkies) | * For some Little LEO systems this band is supplemented by the band 149.9-150.05 MHz |
| **149.9 - 150.05 MHz** | | | | | |  | | | |
| MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.209 5.224A  RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE 5.224B 5.220 5.222 5.223 | | | | | | | MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.209  RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE 5.224B 5.220 5.222 5.223 | * Mobile satellite communications (Little LEO) | * In some countries this band is also used for Private Mobile Radio (walkie talkies) and/or Public Access Mobile Radio (walkie talkies) |
|  | | | | | |  |  |  |  |
| **150.05 - 153 MHz** | | | | | |  | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical  mobile  RADIO ASTRONOMY 5.149 | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical  mobile  RADIO ASTRONOMY 5.149 | * Private Mobile Radio (walkie talkies) and/or Public Access * Mobile Radio (walkie talkies) * Paging * Fixed applications * Radio Astronomy (continuum band and also used for pulsar and solar observation) |  |
| **153 - 154 MHz** | | | | | |  | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R)  Meteorological aids | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R)  Meteorological aids | * Private Mobile Radio (walkie talkies) * Fixed applications |  |
| **154 -156.4875 MHz** | | | | | |  | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R) 5.225A 5.226 | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R) 5.226 | * 154-156 MHz * Private Mobile Radio (walkie talkies) |  |
| **156.4875 - 156.5625 MHz** | | | | | |  | | | |
| MARITIME MOBILE (distress and calling via DSC) 5.111 5.226 5.227 | | | | | | | MARITIME MOBILE (distress and calling via DSC) 5.111 5.226 5.227 | * 156.00-156.4875 MHz * Maritime mobile communications (Ship stations) * Land mobile in areas remote from coast | * Paired with 160.625-160.950 MHz, single frequency 156.3 MHz and in the band 156.375-156.475 MHz * ITU RR Articles 31 and 52 and Appendix 18 apply. |
| **156.5625 - 156.7625 MHz** | | | | | |  | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R)  5.226 | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R)  5.226 | * Fixed and mobile applications * Maritime mobile communications * Land mobile in areas remote from coast * Private Mobile Radio (walkie talkies) | * Single frequency applications, ITU RR Articles 31 and 52 and Appendix 18 apply |
| **156.7625 - 156.7875 MHz** | | | | | |  | | | |
| MARITIME MOBILE  Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space)  5.111 5.226 5.228 | | | | | | | MARITIME MOBILE  Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space)  5.111 5.226 5.228 | * Maritime applications | * ITU RR Article 31 and Appendix 18 apply to the use of this band. * In some countries this band is also used for Private Mobile Radio (walkie talkies) and/or Public Access Mobile Radio (walkie talkies) |
| **156.7875 - 156.8375 MHz** | | | | | |  | | | |
| MARITIME MOBILE (distress and calling) 5.111 5.226 | | | | | | | MARITIME MOBILE (distress and calling) 5.111 5.226 | * Maritime applications * International distress, urgency, safety and calling by radiotelephony at 156.8 MHz (VHF-CH16) * Search and rescue operations at 156.8 MHz | * In some countries this band is also used for Private Mobile Radio (walkie talkies) and/or Public Access Mobile Radio (walkie talkies) |
| **156.8375 - 157.1875 MHz** | | | | | |  | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical  mobile  5.226 | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical  mobile  5.226 | * Maritime applications | * In some countries this band is also used for Private Mobile Radio (walkie talkies) and/or Public Access Mobile Radio (walkie talkies) |
| **157.1875 - 157.3375 MHz** | | | | | |  | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical  mobile  Maritime mobile-satellite 5.208A  5.208B 5.228AB 5.228 AC  5.226 | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical  mobile  Maritime mobile-satellite 5.208A  5.208B 5.228AB 5.228 AC  5.226 | * Maritime mobile * communications (ship * Stations). Land mobile in areas remote from coast. | * ITU RR Articles 31 and 52 and Appendix 18 apply |
| **157.3375 - 161.7875 MHz** | | | | | |  | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical  mobile  5.226 | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical  mobile  5.226 | * PMR/PAMR * Maritime Communications * 157.450-160.6 MHz (PMR and/or PAMR) * 160.600-160.975 MHz Maritime mobile communications (Coast stations). * Land mobile in areas remote from coast. * This frequency is Paired with 156.025-156.350 MHz; ITU RR Articles 31 and 52 and Appendix 18 applies * 160.975-161.475 MHz(PMR and/or PAMR | * ITU RR Articles 31 and 52 and Appendix 18 apply |
| **161.7875 - 161.9375 MHz** | | | | | |  | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile  Maritime mobile-satellite 5.208A 5.208B 5.228AB 5.228AC  5.226  5.226 | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile  Maritime mobile-satellite 5.208A 5.208B 5.228AB 5.228AC  5.226 | * Fixed/ Land `mobile communication | * ITU RR Articles 31 and 52 and Appendix 18 apply |
| **161.9375-161.9625 MHz** | | | | | |  | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile  Maritime mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) 5.228AA  5.226 | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile  Maritime mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) 5.228AA  5.226 | * Maritime applications * Private Mobile Radio (walkie talkies) and/or Public Access | * ITU RR Articles 31 and 52 and Appendix 18 apply |  |
| **161.9625-161.9875 MHz** | | | | | |  | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile  Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) 5.228F  5.226 5.228A 5.228B | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile  Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) 5.228F  5.226 5.228A 5.228B | * Maritime applications * Private Mobile Radio (walkie talkies) | * ITU RR Articles 31 and 52 and Appendix 18 apply |
| **161.9875-162.0125 MHz** | | | | | |  | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile  Maritime mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) 5.228AA  5.226 5.229 | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile  Maritime mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) 5.228AA  5.226 5.229 | * Maritime applications * Private Mobile Radio (walkie talkies) | * ITU RR Articles 31 and 52 and Appendix 18 apply |
| **162.0125 - 162.0375 MHz** | | | | | |  | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile  Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space)  5.228F  5.226 5.228A 5.228B 5.229 | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile  Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) 5.228F  5.226 5.228A 5.228B | * Maritime applications * Private Mobile Radio (walkie talkies) and/or Public Access | * ITU RR Articles 31 and 52 and Appendix 18 apply |
| **162.0375 - 174 MHz** | | | | | |  | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.226 5.229 | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile  5.226 | * Fixed and mobile applications * Private Mobile Radio (walkie talkies) and/or Public Access | * ITU RR Articles 31 and 52 and Appendix 18 apply |
| **174 - 223 MHz** | | | | | |  | | | |
| BROADCASTING 5.235 5.237 5.243 | | | | | | | BROADCASTING | * Geneva Agreement 2006 (GE06). * Digital Sound Broadcasting * T-DAB & DVB-T (174-230 MHz) * SRD: Wireless (Radio) microphones (174 – 216 MHz) | * TV Band III * Migration from analogue to digital in accordance with each African Country time lines * GE06 Plan applies * Wireless microphones, see Rec. ITU-R BT.1871-X, ETSI EN 300 422 |
| **223 - 230 MHz** | | | | | |  | | | |
| BROADCASTING  Fixed  Mobile  5.243 5.246 5.247 | | | | | | | BROADCASTING  Fixed  Mobile | * Geneva Agreement 2006 (GE06). * Digital Sound Broadcasting * T-DAB & DVB-T (174-230 MHz) * SRD: Wireless (Radio) Microphone | * TV Band III * Migration from analogue to digital in accordance with each African Country time lines * GE06 Plan applies * Wireless microphones, see Rec. ITU-R BT.1871-X |
| **230 - 235MHz** | | | | | |  | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE  5.247 5.251 5.252 | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE | * Fixed and Mobile Applications | * In some countries, the band 230-238 MHz is used for TV broadcasting (TV Band III). |
| **235 - 267 MHz** | | | | | |  | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE  5.111 5.252 5.254 5.256 5.256A | | | | | | | **235-238 MHz**  FIXED  MOBILE | * Fixed/ Land mobile communications |  |
| **238-246 MHz**  MOBILE  5.111 5.254 5.256 | * 238-242.95 MHz PMR and/or PAMR |  |
| * 242.95-243.05 MHz International Distress Frequency (243 MHz) |  |
| * 243.05-246.00 MHz Low-power devices ancillary to the broadcasting service. |  |
| **246-254 MHz**  FIXED  MOBILE | * Fixed/ Land mobile communications |  |
| **254-267 MHz**  MOBILE  5.254 | * PMR and/or PAMR |  |
| **267 - 272 MHz** | | | | | |  | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE  Space operation (space-to-Earth)  5.254 5.257 | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE  Space operation (space-to-Earth)  5.254 5.257 | * Fixed/ Land mobile communications |  |
| **272 - 273 MHz** | | | | | |  | | | |
| SPACE OPERATION (space-to-Earth)  FIXED  MOBILE  5.254 | | | | | | | SPACE OPERATION (space-to-Earth)  FIXED  MOBILE  5.254 | * Fixed/ Land mobile communications |  |
| **273 - 312 MHz** | | | | | |  | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE  5.254 | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE  5.254 | * Point to point Studio to Transmitter Links (STL) within the band 290-312 MHz |  |
| **312 - 315 MHz** | | | | | |  | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE  Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) 5.254 5.255 | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE  Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) 5.254 5.255 | * Fixed/ Land mobile communications |  |
| **315 - 322 MHz** | | | | | |  | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE  5.254 | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE  5.254 | * Fixed/ Land mobile communications |  |
| **322 - 328.6 MHz** | | | | | |  | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE  RADIO ASTRONOMY  5.149 | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE  RADIO ASTRONOMY  5.149 | * Fixed/ Land mobile communications * Radio Astronomy services (Observation of deuterium) |  |
| **328.6 - 335.4 MHz** | | | | | |  | | | |
| AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION 5.258 5.259 | | | | | | | AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION 5.258 | * Band 328.6-335.4 MHz is limited to Instrument Landing Systems (glide path). |  |
| **335.4 - 387 MHz** | | | | | |  | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE  5.254 | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE  5.254 | 335.4-336 MHz PMR and/or PAMR |  |
| 336-346 MHz Fixed Wireless Access | PTP/PTMP rural system; Paired with 356-366 MHz |
| 346.0-356.0 MHz PMR and/or PAMR |  |
| 356.0-366.0 MHz Fixed Wireless Access | PTP/PTMP rural system; Paired with 336-346 MHz |
| 366.0-380.0 MHz PMR and/or PAMR |  |
| 380.0-387.0 MHz Public Protection and Disaster Relief (PPDR)  Private Mobile Radio (walkie talkies) | Paired with 390.0-397.0 MHz To be used mainly for digital systems.  For PPDR Refer to Annex E |
| **387 - 390 MHz** | | | | | |  | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE  Mobile-satellite (space-to-Earth) 5.208A 5.208B 5.254 5.255 | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE  Mobile-satellite (space-to-Earth) 5.208A 5.208B 5.254 5.255 | * 387.0-390.0 MHz Private Mobile Radio (walkie talkies) * Fixed applications | * Paired with 397.0-399.9 MHz To be used mainly for digital systems. |
| **390 - 399.9 MHz** | | | | | |  | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE  5.254 | | | | | |  | FIXED  MOBILE  5.254 | * 390.0-395.0 MHz Public Protection and Disaster Relief (PPDR) | * Paired with 380.0-387.0 MHz To be used mainly for digital systems. * For PPDR Refer to Annex E of the AfriSAP |
|  | | | | | |  | * 395.0-399.9 MHz PMR and/or PAMR | * Paired with 387.0-390.0 MHz To be used mainly for digital systems. |
| **399.9 - 400.05 MHz** | | | | | |  | | | |
| MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.209 5.220 5.260A 5.260B | | | | | | | MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.209 5.220 5.260A 5.260B | * Mobile satellite services - Uplink |  |
| **400.05 - 400.15 MHz** | | | | | |  | | | |
| STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNALSATELLITE  (400.1 MHz)  5.261 5.262 | | | | | | | STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNALSATELLITE  (400.1 MHz)  5.261 | * Standard Frequency and Time Signal Satellite Services (400.1 MHz) | * Article 26 applies |
| **400.15 - 401 MHz** | | | | | |  | | | |
| METEOROLOGICAL AIDS  METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)  MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.208A 5.208B 5.209  SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth) 5.263  Space operation (space-to-Earth)  5.262 5.264 | | | | | | | METEOROLOGICAL AIDS  METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)  MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.208A 5.208B 5.209  SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth) 5.263  Space operation (space-to-Earth)  5.264 | * Meteorological applications |  |
| **401 - 402 MHz** | | | | | |  | | | |
| METEOROLOGICAL AIDS  SPACE OPERATION (space-to-Earth)  EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)  METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)  Fixed  Mobile except aeronautical mobile  5.264A 5.264B | | | | | | | METEOROLOGICAL AIDS  SPACE OPERATION (space-to-Earth)  EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)  METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)  Fixed  Mobile except aeronautical mobile  5.264A 5.264B | * Meteorological applications * Fixed and Mobile applications   SRD:   * Ultra-low power active medical implants (ULP-AMI) | * Report ITU-R SM.2153-X * ULP-AMI (402 – 405 MHz) Rec. ITU-R RS.1346 |
| **402 - 403 MHz** | | | | | |  | | | |
| METEOROLOGICAL AIDS  EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)  METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)  Fixed  Mobile except aeronautical mobile  5.264A 5.264B | | | | | | | METEOROLOGICAL AIDS  EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)  METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)  Fixed  Mobile except aeronautical mobile  5.264A 5.264B | * Meteorological applications (Weather Radars) * Fixed and Mobile applications * SRD: * Ultra low power active medical implants (ULP-AMI) | * Report ITU-R SM.2153-X * ULP-AMI (402 – 405 MHz) Rec. ITU-R RS.1346 |
| **403 - 406 MHz** | | | |  | | | | | |
| METEOROLOGICAL AIDS  Fixed  Mobile except aeronautical mobile  5.265 | | | | | | | METEOROLOGICAL AIDS  Fixed  Mobile except aeronautical mobile | * Meteorological Aids * Fixed/ Land mobile communications   SRD:   * Ultra low power active medical implants (ULP-AMI) | * ULP-AMI (402 – 405 MHz) Rec. ITU-R RS.1346, Report ITU-R SM.2153-X, ETSI EN 302 537 (405 – 406 MHz) |
| **406 - 406.1 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.265 5.266 5.267 | | |  | | | | MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)5.265  5.266 5.267 | * Low power satellite EPIRBs (distress and safety purposes) | * ITU RR Articles 32 and 34 and Appendix 15 applies |
| **406.1 - 410 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile  RADIO ASTRONOMY  5.149 5.265 | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile  RADIO ASTRONOMY | * Private Mobile Radio (walkie talkies) and/or Public Access Mobile Radio (walkie talkies) * PPDR * Fixed applications |  |
| **410 - 420 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile  SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-space) 5.268 | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile  SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-space) 5.268 | * Private Mobile Radio (walkie talkies) and/or Public Access Mobile Radio (walkie talkies) * PPDR * Fixed and Mobile applications * Measurement and Remote-control equipment | For PPDR Refer to Annex E of AfriSAP |
| **420 - 430 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Radiolocation  5.269 5.270 5.271 | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile  Radiolocation | * Private Mobile Radio (walkie talkies) and/or Public Access Mobile Radio (walkie talkies) * PPDR * Fixed applications | * For PPDR Refer to Annex E of AfriSAP |
| **430 - 432** **MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| AMATEUR  RADIOLOCATION  5.271 5.274 5.275 5.276 5.277 | | | | | | | AMATEUR  RADIOLOCATION  5.271 5.274 5.275 5.276 5.277 | * Amateur Applications * PPDR | * In some countries this band is used for Public Mobile Radio and Public access Mobile Radio and fixed applications * For PPDR Refer to Annex E of AfriSAP |
| 432 - 438 MHz | | | | | | | | | |
| AMATEUR  RADIOLOCATION Earth exploration-satellite (active) 5.279A  5.138 5.271 5.276 5.277 5.280 5.281 5.282 | | | | | | | AMATEUR  RADIOLOCATION Earth exploration-satellite (active) 5.279A  5.138 5.271 5.276 5.277 5.280 5.281 5.282 | * Amateur Applications (432-438 MHz) * Amateur-satellite Applications (435-438 MHz) * Non-specific SRD applications (433.05-434.79 MHz) * PPDR | * In some countries this band is used for Public Mobile Radio and Public access Mobile Radio and fixed applications * Conditions for amateur satellite service is given in 5.282 * ISM band (433.05-434.79 MHz) * For PPDR Refer to Annex E of AfriSAP |
| **438 - 440 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| AMATEUR  RADIOLOCATION  5.271 5.274 5.275 5.276 5.277 5.283 | | | | | | | AMATEUR  RADIOLOCATION  5.271 5.274 5.275 5.276 5.277 5.283 | * Amateur * PPDR | * In some countries this band is used for Public Mobile Radio and Public access Mobile Radio and fixed applications * For PPDR Refer to Annex E of AfriSAP |
| **440 - 450 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Radiolocation  5.269 5.270 5.271 5.286 | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Radiolocation 5.286 | Private Mobile Radio (walkie talkies) and/or Public Access Mobile Radio (walkie talkies)  PPDR  FIXED (telemetry, dual frequency alarm systems)  SRD :  Private Mobile Radio (PMR/dPMR446(446.0-446.2 MHz)) | PMR/dPMR446: -see Report ITU-R M.2474, ETSI EN 303 405 and ECC/DEC/(15)05  For PPDR Refer to Annex E of AfriSAP |
| **450 - 455 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE 5.286AA  5.209 5.271 5.286 5.286A 5.286B 5.286C 5.286D 5.286E | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE 5.286AA 5.209 5.286 5.286A | * Fixed links (PTP) * IMT (450-470 MHz) * Private Mobile Radio (walkie talkies) and/or Public Access Mobile Radio (walkie talkies) * PPDR | * For PPDR Refer to Annex E of AfriSAP |
| **455 - 456 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE 5.286AA  5.209 5.271 5.286A 5.286B 5.286C 5.286E | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE 5.286AA  5.209 5.286A | * Fixed links (PTP) * IMT (450-470 MHz) * Private Mobile Radio (walkie talkies) and/or Public Access Mobile Radio (walkie talkies) * PPDR |  |
| **456 - 459 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE 5.286AA 5.271 5.287 5.288 | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE 5.286AA 5.287 | * Fixed links (PTP) * IMT (450-470 MHz) * Private Mobile Radio (walkie talkies) and/or Public Access Mobile Radio (walkie talkies) * PPDR |  |
| **459 - 460 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE 5.286AA  5.209 5.271 5.286A 5.286B 5.286C 5.286E | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE 5.286AA  5.209 5.286A | * Fixed links (PTP) * IMT (450-470 MHz) * Private Mobile Radio (walkie talkies) and/or Public Access Mobile Radio (walkie talkies) * PPDR |  |
| **460 - 470 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE 5.286AA  Meteorological-satellite (space-to-Earth) 5.287 5.288 5.289 5.290 | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE 5.286AA Meteorological-satellite (space-to-Earth) 5.287 5.289 | * Fixed links (PTP) * IMT (450-470 MHz) * Private Mobile Radio (walkie talkies) and/or Public Access Mobile Radio (walkie talkies) * PPDR |  |
| **470 - 694 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| BROADCASTING  5.149 5.291A 5.294 5.296 5.300 5.304 5.306 5.311A 5.312 | | | | | | | BROADCASTING  5.149 5.296 5.304 5.311A | * DTT broadcasting (470-694 MHz) * VLBI Observations (608 – 614 MHz) * Services ancillary to broadcasting and program making (SAB/SAP) * SRD: * Wireless Audio Applications Radio Microphones | * Any Band IV/V Analogue terrestrial television to migrate to digital terrestrial television * GE06 Plan applies * SAB/SAP: Report ITU-R BT.2338-X and Report ITU-R BT.2344-X * Wireless microphones, see Rec. ITU-R BT.1871-X and ETSI EN 300 422 |
| **694 - 790 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| MOBILE except aeronautical  mobile 5.312A 5.317A  BROADCASTING  5.300 5.312 | | | | | | | MOBILE except aeronautical  mobile 5.312A 5.317A  BROADCASTING  5.300 5.312 | * Digital dividend band II for International mobile telecommunication systems (IMT) * IMT (703-733/758-788 MHz) | * AU Guidelines on the harmonized use of the DD in Africa applies. Also, Res 646 (rev. WRC-19), Rec. ITU-R M. 2015 , Rec. ITU-R M. 1036 and Res. 760 (rev. WRC-19) apply * Res. 224 (rev. WRC-19) applies for IMT. |
| **790 - 862 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical  mobile 5.316B 5.317A  BROADCASTING  5.312 5.319 | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical  mobile 5.316B 5.317A  BROADCASTING  5.312 5.319 | * Digital dividend band I for International mobile telecommunication systems (IMT) * IMT (832-862 MHz /791-821) | * AU Guidelines on the harmonized use of the DD in Africa applies. Also, Res 646 (rev. WRC-19) and Res. 749 (rev. WRC-19) apply. * Res. 224 (REV. WRC-19) applies for IMT. |
| **862 - 890 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical  mobile 5.317A  BROADCASTING 5.322  5.319 5.323 | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical  mobile 5.317A  BROADCASTING 5.322  5.319 5.323 | * Mobile cellular networks * GSM-R (876-880/921-925 MHz) * GSM (880-915 MHz/925-960 MHz) * IMT (880-915 MHz/925-960 MHz) | * AU Guidelines on the harmonized use of the DD in Africa applies |
| **890 - 942 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.317A  BROADCASTING 5.322  Radiolocation  5.323 | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.317A  Radiolocation | * Mobile cellular networks * GSM-R (876-880/921-925 MHz) * GSM (880-915 MHz/925-960 MHz) * IMT (880-915 MHz/925-960 MHz) | * AU Guidelines on the harmonized use of the DD in Africa applies |
| **942 - 960 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.317A  BROADCASTING 5.322  5.323 | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.317A | * Mobile cellular networks * GSM-R (876-880/921-925 MHz) * GSM (880-915 MHz/925-960 MHz) * IMT (880-915 MHz/925-960 MHz) |  |
| **960 - 1164 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) 5.327A  AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION 5.328  5.328AA | | | | | | | AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) 5.327A  AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION 5.328 | * Distance measuring equipment Secondary surveillance radar * 1087.7-1092.3 MHz Automatic Dependent Surveillance-Broadcast (ADS-B) | * Res. 425 (WRC-19) applies (global flight tracking for civil aviation) |
| **1164 - 1215 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION 5.328  RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) (space-to-space) 5.328B 5.328A | | | | | | | AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION 5.328  RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) (space-to-space) 5.328B 5.328A | * GPS systems-Galileo (1164-1214 MHz) GLONASS (1190.3- 1213.8 MHz) * Aeronautical radionavigation systems: * -Distance Measurement Equipment * -Surveillance Radar |  |
| **1215 - 1240 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active)  RADIOLOCATION  RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) (space-to-space)  5.328B 5.329 5.329A  SPACE RESEARCH (active)  5.330 5.331 5.332 | | | | | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active)  RADIOLOCATION  RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) (space-to-space) 5.328B 5.329 5.329A  SPACE RESEARCH (active) 5.330 5.331 5.332 | * GLONASS (1237.8- 1253.8 MHz) GPS (1215.6-1239.6 MHz) |  |
| **1240 - 1300 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active)  RADIOLOCATION  RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) (space-to-space) 5.328B 5.329 5.329A  SPACE RESEARCH (active)  Amateur  5.282 5.330 5.331 5.332 5.335 5.335A | | | | | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active)  RADIOLOCATION RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) (space-to-space) 5.328B 5.329 5.329A  SPACE RESEARCH (active) Amateur  5.282 5.332 5.335A  **1215 - 1300 MHz**  RADIONAVIGATION 5.331 | * GLONASS (1237.8- 1253.8 MHz) Galileo (1260-1300 MHz) |  |
| **1300 - 1350 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| **RADIOLOCATION**  **AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION 5.337 RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.149 5.337A** | | |  | | | | RADIOLOCATION  AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION 5.337  RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.149 5.337A | * Aeronautical radionavigation systems: Ground Base Radar | * In making assignments to stations in the frequency band 1330-1350 MHz, administrations are urged to give consideration to Radio Astronomy applications as per RR n° 5.149 |
| **1350 - 1400 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| **FIXED**  **MOBILE**  **RADIOLOCATION**  **5.149 5.338 5.338A 5.339** | | |  | | | | FIXED  MOBILE  RADIOLOCATION  5.149 5.338A 5.339 | * 1 350-1 375 MHz * Fixed links (duplex) | * Paired with 1492-1517 MHz * REC ITU- R F 1242 * In making assignments to stations in the frequency band 1350-1375 MHz, administrations are urged to give consideration to Radio Astronomy applications as per RR n° 5.149 |
|  | | |  | | | | * 1 375-1 400 MHz * Fixed links (duplex) | * Paired with 1427-1452 MHz * REC ITU- R F 1242 * In making assignments to stations in the frequency band 1375-1400 MHz, administrations are urged to give consideration to Radio Astronomy applications as per RR n° 5.149 |
| **1400 - 1427 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive)  RADIO ASTRONOMY  SPACE RESEARCH (passive)  5.340 5.341 | | | | | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive)  RADIO ASTRONOMY  SPACE RESEARCH (passive) 5.340 5.341 | * Radio Astronomy (Hydrogen line and continuum observations) | * All emissions are prohibited in this band. |
| **1427 - 1429 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| SPACE OPERATION (Earth-to-space)  FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile  5.341A 5.341B 5.341C  5.338A 5.341 | | |  | | | | SPACE OPERATION (Earth-to-space)  FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile  5.338A 5.341 | * International Mobile Telecommunications (IMT ) 1427-1518 MHz | * Paired with 1375-1400 MHz; * REC ITU- R F 1242/ REC ITU- R F 701 * Identified for IMT (Rec.1036) * Res.223 (Rev. WRC-19) applies for IMT. |
| **1429 - 1452 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.341A  5.338A 5.341 5.342 | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile  5.338A 5.341 5.342 | * International Mobile Telecommunications (IMT ) 1427-1518 MHz | * Res.223 (Rev. WRC-19) applies for IMT. * Recommendation 1036 * REC ITU- R F 1242/ REC ITU- R F 701 |
| **1452 - 1492 MHz** | | | |  | | | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile  5.346  BROADCASTING  BROADCASTING-SATELLITE 5.208B 5.341 5.342 5.345 | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.346 | * International Mobile Telecommunications (IMT ) 1427-1518 MHz | * Res. 223 (Rev.WRC-19) applies for IMT |
| **1492 - 1518 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile  5.341A  5.341 5.342 | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile  5.341A  5.341 5.342 | * International Mobile Telecommunications (IMT) 1427-1518 MHz | * Res. 223 (Rev.WRC-19) applies for IMT |
| **1518 - 1525 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile  MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.348 5.348A 5.348B 5.351A  5.341 5.342 | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile  MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.348 5.348A  5.348B 5.351A  5.341 | * Fixed links * The band 1518-1559 MHz is allocated for satellite component of IMT; Res.225 applies. | * REC ITU- R F 1242/ REC ITU- R F 701 |
| **1525 - 1530 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| SPACE OPERATION (space-to-Earth)  FIXED  MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.208B 5.351A  Earth exploration-satellite Mobile except aeronautical mobile 5.349 5.341 5.342 5.350 5.351 5.352A 5.354 | | | | | | | SPACE OPERATION (space-to-Earth)  FIXED  MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.208B 5.351A  Earth exploration-satellite Mobile except aeronautical mobile  5.341 5.351 5.352A 5.354 | * Fixed links * The band 1518-1559 MHz is allocated for satellite component of IMT; Res.225 applies. | * This band also carries Maritime safety Information (MSI) for vessels in Navigation Area * REC ITU- R F 1242/ REC ITU- R F 701 |
| **1530 - 1535 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| SPACE OPERATION (space-to-Earth)  MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.208B 5.351A 5.353A  Earth exploration-satellite  Fixed Mobile except aeronautical mobile  5.341 5.342 5.351 5.354 | | | | | | | SPACE OPERATION (space-to-Earth)  MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.208B 5.351A  5.353A  Earth exploration-satellite  Fixed  Mobile except aeronautical mobile 5.341 5.351 5.354 | * GMDSS (SAT-COM) in 1 530–1 544 MHz * Mobile satellite systems * Fixed applications | * In the band 1530-1544 MHz priority for maritime mobile distress, urgency and safety communications (GMDSS); Res.222 applies. * REC ITU- R F 1242/ REC ITU- R F 701 * This band also carries Maritime safety Information (MSI) for vessels in Navigation Area |
| **1535 - 1559 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.208B 5.351A 5.341 5.351 5.353A 5.354 5.355 5.356 5.357 5.357A 5.359 5.362A | | | | | | | MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.208B 5.351A 5.341 5.351 5.353A 5.354 5.355 5.356 5.357 5.357A 5.359 5.362A | Mobile satellite systems  GMDSS (SAT-COM) in 1 530–1 544 MHz / (D&S-OPS) in 1544–1545 MHz | * In the band 1530-1544 MHz priority for maritime mobile distress, urgency and safety communications (GMDSS); Res.222 applies. * This band also carries Maritime safety Information (MSI) for vessels in Navigation Area |
| **1559 - 1610 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| AERONAUTICAL  RADIONAVIGATION  RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) (space-to-space)  5.208B 5.328B 5.329A  5.341 | | | | | | | AERONAUTICAL- RADIONAVIGATION RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) (space-to-space)  5.208B 5.328B 5.329A  5.341 | * Galileo (1559.42-1591.42 MHz) * GLONASS (1592.9-1610.5 MHz) * GPS (1563.42-1587.42 MHz |  |
| **1610 - 1610.6 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| MOBILE-SATELLITE  (Earth-to-space) 5.351A  AERONAUTICAL  RADIONAVIGATION  5.341 5.355 5.359 5.364 5.366 5.367 5.368 5.369 5.371 5.372 | | | | | | | MOBILE-SATELLITE  (Earth-to-space) 5.351A  AERONAUTICAL  RADIONAVIGATION  5.341 5.364 5.366 5.367 5.368 5.369 5.371 5.372 | * GLONASS (1592.9-1610.5 MHz) | * This band is designated world-wide for the MSS. Paired with 2483.5-2484.1 MHz for some systems. |
| **1610.6 - 1613.8 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| MOBILE-SATELLITE  (Earth-to-space) 5.351A  RADIO ASTRONOMY  AERONAUTICAL  RADIONAVIGATION  5.149 5.341 5.355 5.359 5.364  5.366 5.367 5.368 5.369  5.371 5.372 | | | | | | | MOBILE-SATELLITE  (Earth-to-space) 5.351A  RADIO ASTRONOMY  AERONAUTICAL  RADIONAVIGATION  5.149 5.341 5.355 5.364 5.366 5.367 5.368 5.371 5.372 | * Radio Astronomy (Observation of OH radical and molecules) | * This band is designated world-wide for the MSS. Paired with 2484.1-2487.3 MHz for some systems. |
| **1613.8 - 1621.35 MHz** | | | | |  | | | | |
| MOBILE-SATELLITE  (Earth-to-space) 5.351A  AERONAUTICAL  RADIONAVIGATION  Mobile-satellite (space-to-Earth)  5.208B  5.341 5.355 5.359 5.364 5.365  5.366 5.367 5.368 5.369  5.371 5.372 | | | | |  | | MOBILE-SATELLITE  (Earth-to-space) 5.351A  AERONAUTICAL  RADIONAVIGATION  Mobile-satellite (space-to-Earth)  5.208B  5.341 5.355 5.364 5.365  5.366 5.367 5.368 5.369  5.371 5.372 | * Mobile satellite systems | * Paired with 1593-1594 MHz for aeronautical public correspondence |
| **1621.35 - 1626.5 MHz** | | | | |  | | | | |
| MARITIME MOBILE-SATELLITE(space-to-Earth) 5.373 5.373A  MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.351A  AERONAUTICAL  RADIONAVIGATION  Mobile-satellite (space-to-Earth) except maritime mobile satellite (space-to-Earth)  5.208B 5.341 5.355 5.359 5.364 5.365 5.366 5.367 5.368 5.369 5.371 5.372 | | | | | | | MARITIME MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.373 5.373A  MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.351A  AERONAUTICAL  RADIONAVIGATION  Mobile-satellite (space-to-Earth) except maritime mobile satellite (space-to-Earth)  5.208B 5.341 5.355 5.359 5.364 5.365 5.366 5.367 5.368 5.369 5.371 5.372 | * Used for distress and safety purposes in the Earth-to-space and space-to-Earth directions in the maritime mobile-satellite service * Mobile satellite systems | * Paired with 1593-1594 MHz for aeronautical public correspondence |
| **1 626.5-1 660 MHz** | | | | |  | | | | |
| MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.351A  5.341 5.351 5.353A 5.354 5.355 5.357A 5.359 5.362A 5.374 5.375 5.376 | | | | | | | MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.351A  5.341 5.351 5.353A 5.354 5.355 5.357A 5.359 5.362A 5.374 5.375 5.376 | * GMDSS (SAT-COM) in 1626.5 – 1645.5 MHz * GMDSS (D&S-OPS) in 1645.5-1646.5 MHz * Mobile satellite systems | * In the band 1626.5-1645.5 MHz priority is given to maritime mobile distress, urgency and safety communications (GMDSS); Res.222 applies. |
| **1 660-1 660.5 MHz** | | | | |  | | | | |
| MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.351A  RADIO ASTRONOMY  5.149 5.341 5.351 5.354 5.362A 5.376A | | | | | | | MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.351A  RADIO ASTRONOMY  5.149 5.341 5.351 5.354 5.362A 5.376A | * Radio Astronomy (Observation of OH radical and molecules) | * REC ITU- R F 701 |
| **1660.5 - 1668 MHz** | | | | |  | | | | |
| RADIO ASTRONOMY  SPACE RESEARCH (passive)  Fixed  Mobile except aeronautical mobile  5.149 5.341 5.379 5.379A | | | | | | | RADIO ASTRONOMY  SPACE RESEARCH (passive)  Fixed  Mobile except aeronautical mobile  5.149 5.341 5.379A | * Fixed Applications * Radio Astronomy (Observation of OH radical and molecules) | * REC ITU- R F 701 |
| **1668 - 1668.4 MHz** | | | | |  | | | | |
| MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.351A 5.379B 5.379C  RADIO ASTRONOMY  SPACE RESEARCH (passive)  Fixed  Mobile except aeronautical mobile  5.149 5.341 5.379 5.379A | | | | | | | MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.351A 5.379B 5.379C  RADIO ASTRONOMY  SPACE RESEARCH (passive)  Fixed  Mobile except aeronautical mobile  5.149 5.341 5.379A | * Radio Astronomy (Observation of OH radical and molecules) | * REC ITU- R F 701 |
| **1668.4 - 1670 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| METEOROLOGICAL AIDS  FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile  MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.351A 5.379B 5.379C  RADIO ASTRONOMY  5.149 5.341 5.379D 5.379E | | | | | | | METEOROLOGICAL AIDS  FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile  MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.351A 5.379B 5.379C  RADIO ASTRONOMY  5.149 5.341 5.379D 5.379E | * Radio Astronomy (Observation of OH radical and molecules) | * REC ITU- R F 701 |
| **1670 - 1675 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| METEOROLOGICAL AIDS  FIXED  METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)  MOBILE  MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)  5.351A 5.379B  5.341 5.379D 5.379E 5.380A | | | | | | | METEOROLOGICAL AIDS  FIXED  METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)  MOBILE  MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)  5.351A 5.379B  5.341 5.379D 5.379E 5.380A |  | * REC ITU- R F 701 |
| **1675 - 1690 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| METEOROLOGICAL AIDS  FIXED  METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.341 | | | | | | | METEOROLOGICAL AIDS  FIXED  METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile  5.341 | * Fixed Applications | * REC ITU- R F 701 |
| **1690 - 1700 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| METEOROLOGICAL AIDS  METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE  (space-to-Earth)  Fixed  Mobile except aeronautical mobile  5.289 5.341 5.382 | | | | | | | METEOROLOGICAL AIDS  METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE  (space-to-Earth)  Fixed  Mobile except aeronautical mobile  5.289 5.341 5.382 | * Meteorological aids Meteorological satellite downlink | * REC ITU- R F 701 |
| **1700 - 1710 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)  Mobile except aeronautical mobile  5.289 5.341 | | | | | | | FIXED  METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)  Mobile except aeronautical mobile  5.289 5.341 | * Fixed links (single frequency) * Land mobile users * Meteorological satellite users | * REC ITU- R F 701 |
| **1710 - 1930 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE 5.384A 5.388A 5.388B  5.149 5.341 5.385 5.386 5.387 5.388 | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE 5.384A 5.388A 5.388B  5.149 5.341 5.385 5.388 | * Cellular mobile networks within 1710-1785/1805-1880 MHz and 1920-1980      * GSM/IMT | * Res.223 (Rev. WRC-19) applies for IMT. * Paired with 1805-1880 MHz. * REC ITU- R F 701/ REC ITU- R F 382/ REC ITU- R F 1098 * In making assignments to stations in the frequency band 1718.8-1722.2 MHz, administrations are urged to give consideration to Radio Astronomy applications as per RR n° 5.149 |
| **1930 - 1970 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE 5.388A 5.388B  5.388 | | |  | | | | FIXED  MOBILE 5.388A 5.388B  5.388 | * Cellular mobile networks within 1920-1980 MHz * IMT (Terrestrial) * Paired with 2110-2170 MHz | * Res.223 (Rev. WRC-19) applies for IMT. * REC ITU- R F 701/ REC ITU- R F 382/ REC ITU- R F 1098 |
| **1970 - 1980 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE 5.388A 5.388B  5.388 | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE 5.388A 5.388B  5.388 | * Cellular mobile networks within 1920-1980 MHz * IMT (Terrestrial) | * Res.223 (Rev. WRC-19) applies for IMT. * REC ITU- R F 701/ REC ITU- R F 382/ REC ITU- R F 1098 |
| **1980 - 2010 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE  MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.351A  5.388 5.389A 5.389B 5.389F | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE  MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.351A  5.388 5.389A 5.389B 5.389F | * IMT (satellite) (1980-2010 MHz) Paired with 2170 - 2200 MHz. | * Paired with 2170 - 2200 MHz. * The development of satellites for IMT services to be monitored. * Res 212 (Rev. WRC-19) applies. * REC ITU- R F 701/ REC ITU- R F 382/ REC ITU- R F 1098 * Res.223 (Rev. WRC-19) applies for IMT. |
| **2010 - 2025 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE 5.388A 5.388B  5.388 | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE 5.388A 5.388B  5.388 | * IMT (terrestrial) (2010-2025 MHz) * Fixed Applications | * TDD * Res.223 (Rev. WRC-19) applies for IMT. * REC ITU- R F 701/ REC ITU- R F 382/ REC ITU- R F 1098 |
| **2025 - 2110 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| SPACE OPERATION (Earth-to-space) (space-to-space)  EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) (space-to-space)  FIXED  MOBILE 5.391  SPACE RESEARCH (Earth-to-space) (space-to-space)  5.392 | | | | | | | SPACE OPERATION (Earth-to-space) (space-to-space)  EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) (space-to-space)  FIXED  MOBILE 5.391  SPACE RESEARCH (Earth-to-space) (space-to-space)  5.392 | * Fixed/Land mobile communications * Fixed links (2025-2110 MHz paired with 2200-2285 MHz) | * Radio Frequency channel arrangement according to Rec. ITU-R F.1098. * REC ITU- R F 701/ REC ITU- R F 382/ REC ITU- R F 1098 |
| **2110 - 2120 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE 5.388A 5.388B  SPACE RESEARCH (deep space) (Earth-to-space)  5.388 | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE 5.388A 5.388B  SPACE RESEARCH (deep space) (Earth-to-space)  5.388 | * Cellular mobile networks * IMT (terrestrial) (2110-2170 MHz) paired with 1920-1980 MHz | * Paired with 1920-1980 MHz * Rec. ITU-R M.1036 applies * Res.223 (Rev. WRC-19) applies for IMT. |
| **2120 - 2160 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE 5.388A 5.388B  5.388 | | |  | | | | FIXED  MOBILE 5.388A 5.388B  5.388 | * Cellular mobile networks * IMT (terrestrial) (2110-2170 MHz) paired with 1920-1980 MHz | * Res.223 (Rev. WRC-19) applies for IMT. |
| **2160 - 2170 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE 5.388A 5.388B  5.388 | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE 5.388A 5.388B  5.388 | * Cellular mobile networks * IMT (terrestrial) (2110-2170 MHz) paired with 1920-1980 MHz | * Res.223 (Rev. WRC-19) applies for IMT. |
| **2170 - 2200 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE  MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.351A  5.388 5.389A 5.389F | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE  MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.351A  5.388 5.389A | * Fixed/Land mobile communications * Mobile Satellite Services * IMT (satellite) (2170-2200 MHz) * Paired with 1980-2010 MHz. * The development of satellites for IMT services to be monitored. | * Paired with 1980-2010 MHz. * The development of satellites for IMT services to be monitored. * Rec. ITU-R M.1036 applies * Res 212 (Rev. WRC-19) applies. * Res.223 (Rev. WRC-19) applies for IMT. * REC ITU- R F 701/ REC ITU- R F 382/ REC ITU- R F 1098 |
| **2200 - 2290 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| SPACE OPERATION (space-to-Earth) (space-to-space)  EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) (space-to-space)  FIXED  MOBILE 5.391  SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth) (space-to-space)  5.392 | | | | | | | SPACE OPERATION (space-to-Earth) (space-to-space)  EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) (space-to-space)  FIXED  MOBILE 5.391  SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth) (space-to-space)  5.392 | * TV point to point Studio to Transmitter Links (STL) within the band 2207.5-2277.5 MHz * Earth exploration satellite applications * BFWA (2 285-2 300 MHz) | * Radio Frequency channel arrangement according to Rec. ITU-R F.1098. |
| **2290 - 2300 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile  SPACE RESEARCH (deep space) (space-to-Earth) | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile  SPACE RESEARCH (deep space) (space-to-Earth | * Fixed/Land mobile communications * BFWA (2 285-2 300 MHz) |  |
| **2300 - 2450 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE 5.384A  Amateur  Radiolocation  5.150 5.282 5.395 | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE 5.384A  Amateur  Radiolocation  5.150 | * Fixed Links PTP/PTMP * IMT within the band 2300-2400 MHz. (TDD) * Also allocated to ISM within 2400-2500 MHz * BFWA | * IMT Radio Frequency Channel arrangement according to Rec. ITU-R M.1036 |
| **2450 - 2483.5 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE  Radiolocation  5.150 5.397 | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE  Radiolocation  5.150 | * Allocated to ISM within 2400-2500 MHz (5.150) * SRD applications (2 400-2 483.5 MHz) | * REC ITU- R F 701/ REC ITU- R F 746 / REC ITU- R F 1243 |
| **2483.5 - 2500 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE  MOBILE-SATELLITE  (space-to-Earth) 5.351A  RADIODETERMINATION SATELLITE  (space-to-Earth) 5.398  Radiolocation 5.398A  5.150 5.399 5.401 5.402 | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE  MOBILE-SATELLITE  (space-to-Earth) 5.351A  RADIODETERMINATION -SATELLITE  (space-to-Earth) 5.398  Radiolocation  5.150 5.402 | * Allocated to within ISM 2400-2500 MHz(5.150) * 2400-2500 MHz * SRD applications (2 400-2 483.5 MHz) | * REC ITU- R F 701/ REC ITU- R F 746 / REC ITU- R F 1243 |
| **2500 - 2520 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED 5.410  MOBILE except aeronautical  mobile 5.384A  5.412 | | | | | | | FIXED 5.410  MOBILE except aeronautical  mobile 5.384A  5.412 | * International Mobile Telecommunication (IMT) | * Res.223 (Rev. WRC-19) applies for IMT. |
| **2520 - 2655 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED 5.410  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile  5.384A  BROADCASTING-SATELLITE  5.413 5.416  5.339 5.405 5.412 5.418B 5.418C | | | | | | | FIXED 5.410  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile  5.384A  BROADCASTING-SATELLITE  5.413 5.416  5.339 5.405 5.412 5.418B 5.418C | * International Mobile Telecommunication (IMT) | * Res.223 (Rev. WRC-19) applies for IMT. |
| **2655 - 2670 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED 5.410  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile  5.384A  BROADCASTING-SATELLITE 5.208B  5.413 5.416  Earth exploration-satellite (passive)  Radio astronomy  Space research (passive)  5.149 5.412 | | | | | | | FIXED 5.410  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile  5.384A  BROADCASTING-SATELLITE 5.208B  5.413 5.416  Earth exploration-satellite (passive)  Radio astronomy  Space research (passive)  5.149 5.412 | * International Mobile Telecommunication (IMT) | * Res.223 (Rev. WRC-19) applies for IMT. |
| **2670 - 2690 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED 5.410  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.384A  Earth exploration-satellite (passive)  Radio astronomy Space research (passive) 5.149 5.412 | | | | | | | FIXED 5.410  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.384A  Earth exploration-satellite (passive)  Radio astronomy Space research (passive) 5.149 | * International Mobile Telecommunication (IMT) | * Res.223 (Rev. WRC-19) applies for IMT. |
| **2690 - 2700 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive)  RADIO ASTRONOMY  SPACE RESEARCH (passive)  5.340 5.422 | | | | | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive)  RADIO ASTRONOMY  SPACE RESEARCH (passive) 5.340 | * Radio Astronomy **Radio Astronomy (Continuum measurements and galactic studies)** |  |
| **2700 - 2900 MHz** | | |  | | | |  |  |  |
| AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION 5.337  Radiolocation  5.423 5.424 | | | | | | | AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION 5.337  Radiolocation 5.423 | * Aeronautical radionavigation radars : PSR (primary surveillance radar) * Meteorological radar |  |
| **2900 - 3100 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| RADIOLOCATION 5.424A RADIONAVIGATION 5.426  5.425 5.427 | | | | | | | RADIOLOCATION 5.424A RADIONAVIGATION 5.426  5.425 5.427 | * Aeronautical radionavigation radars: PSR (primary surveillance radar) * Meteorological radar |  |
| **3100 - 3300 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| RADIOLOCATION  Earth exploration-satellite (active)  Space research (active)  5.149 5.428 | | | | | | | RADIOLOCATION  Earth exploration-satellite (active)  Space research (active) 5.149 | * Radiolocation services | * In making assignments to stations in the frequency band 3100-3300 MHz, administrations are urged to give consideration to Radio Astronomy applications as per RR n° 5.149 |
| **3300 - 3400 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| RADIOLOCATION  5.149 5.429 5.429A 5.429B 5.430 | | | | | | | RADIOLOCATION  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile  **5.149** 5.429 | * International Mobile Telecommunication (IMT) | * Res. 223 (Rev.WRC-19) applies. * IMT Radio Frequency Channel arrangement according to Rec. ITU-R M.1036 * Report ITU-R M.2481 may be consulted * In making assignments to stations in the frequency band 3300-3400 MHz, administrations are urged to give consideration to Radio Astronomy applications as per RR n° 5.149 |
| **3400 - 3600 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)  MOBILE 5.430A  Radiolocation  5.431 | | | | | | | FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)  MOBILE 5.430A  Radiolocation  5.431 | * BFWA * International Mobile Telecommunication (IMT) |  |
| **3600 - 4200 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)  Mobile | | | | | | | FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)  Mobile | * Fixed services for PtP in the range 3600-4200 MHz * Fixed-satellite (space-to-Earth) for PtP/VSAT/SNG in the range 3600-4200 MHz * BFWA in the range 3600-3800MHz | * The channelling arrangement for PTP links in this band is based on Rec. ITU-R F.635 * ITU- R F 1488/ REC ITU- R F 635 * Resolution 246 (WRC-19) applies for BFWA. * Some administrations are considering the use of the frequency band 3600 - 3800 MHz for future systems operating in the mobile service. |
| **4200 - 4400 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) 5.440  AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION  5.438  5.437 5.439 5.440 | | | | | | | AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION 5.438 5.440 | * Radio altimeters – aircraft radio station * Wireless Intra-Avionic Communication (WIAC) (5.436) |  |
| **4400 - 4500 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE 5.440A | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE | * Point to point fixed links for network mobile operators | * REC ITU- R F 1099 |
| **4500 - 4800 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.441  MOBILE 5.440A | | | | | | | FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.441  MOBILE | * Point to point fixed links for network mobile operators | * The band 4 500-4 800 MHz is part of the APP30B Plan (FSS space-to-Earth). Refer to Annex C. * REC ITU- R F 1099 * Ultra-wideband applications (UWB): see Rec. ITU-R SM.1896-X, Rec. ITU-R SM.1755and Report ITU-R SM.2153-X |
| **4800 - 4990 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE 5.440A 5.441A 5.441B 5.442  Radio astronomy  5.149 5.339 5.443 | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE 5.442  Radio astronomy 5.149 5.339 | * International Mobile Telecommunication (IMT) * Point to point Fixed links for network mobile operators * Radio Astronomy (Observations of formaldehyde (H2CO) interstellar clouds) | * Res. 223 (Rev.WRC-19) applies. |
| **4990 - 5000 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile  RADIO ASTRONOMY  Space research (passive)  5.149 | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile  RADIO ASTRONOMY  Space research (passive)  5.149 | * Point to point fixed links for network mobile operators | * REC ITU- R F 1099 |
| **5000 - 5010 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| AERONAUTICAL MOBILE-SATELLITE (R) 5.443AA  AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) | | | | | | | AERONAUTICAL MOBILE-SATELLITE (R) 5.443AA AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) | * Aeronautical radionavigation Radio-navigation satellite uplink Aeronautical Mobile-Satellite (R) |  |
| **5010 - 5030 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| AERONAUTICAL MOBILE-SATELLITE (R) 5.443AA  AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION  RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) (space-to-space)  5.328B 5.443B | | | | | | | AERONAUTICAL MOBILE-SATELLITE (R) 5.443AA AERONAUTICAL 5.328B 5.443B RADIONAVIGATION RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) (space-to-space) | * Aeronautical radionavigation Radio-navigation satellite uplink & downlink Aeronautical Mobile-Satellite (R) |  |
| **5030 - 5091 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) 5.443C AERONAUTICAL MOBILE-SATELLITE (R) 5.443D  AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION 5.444 | | | | | | | AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) 5.443C  AERONAUTICAL MOBILE-SATELLITE (R) 5.443D  AERONAUTICAL- RADIONAVIGATION  5.444 | * Aeronautical radionavigation * Aeronautical Mobile (R) Aeronautical Mobile-Satellite (R) * Microwave landing system |  |
| **5091 - 5150 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)  5.444A  AERONAUTICAL MOBILE 5.444B  AERONAUTICAL MOBILE-SATELLITE (R) 5.443AA  AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION 5.444 | | | | | | | FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)  5.444A  AERONAUTICAL MOBILE 5.444B  AERONAUTICAL MOBILE-SATELLITE (R) 5.443AA  AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION  5.444 | * Fixed Satellite (Earth-to-Space) * Aeronautical radionavigation * Aeronautical mobile * Aeronautical * Mobile-Satellite (R) |  |
| **5150 - 5250 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.447A  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.446A 5.446B  AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION 5.446 5.446C 5.447 5.447B 5.447C | | | | | | | FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.447A  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.446A 5.446B AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION  5.446C 5.447B 5.447C | * Land mobile 5 150-5 250 MHz * Wireless Access Systems (WAS)/RLAN | * Res. 229 (rev. WRC-19) |
| **5250 - 5255 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active)  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile  5.446A 5.447F  RADIOLOCATION  SPACE RESEARCH 5.447D  5.447E 5.448 5.448A | | | | | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active)  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile  5.446A 5.447F  RADIOLOCATION  SPACE RESEARCH 5.447D  5.447E 5.448 5.448A | * Land mobile 5 250-5 255 MHz * Wireless Access Systems (WAS)/RLAN | * Res. 229 (rev. WRC-19) |
| **5255 - 5350 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active)  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.446A 5.447F  RADIOLOCATION  SPACE RESEARCH (active)  5.447E 5.448 5.448A | | | | | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active)  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.446A 5.447F  RADIOLOCATION  SPACE RESEARCH (active)  5.447E 5.448 5.448A | * Land mobile 5 255-5 350 MHz * Wireless Access Systems (WAS)/RLAN | * Res. 229 (rev. WRC-19) |
| **5350 - 5460 MHz** | | | |  | | | | | |
| EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) 5.448B  RADIOLOCATION 5.448D  AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION 5.449  SPACE RESEARCH (active) 5.448C | | | | | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) 5.448B  RADIOLOCATION 5.448D  AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION 5.449  SPACE RESEARCH (active) 5.448C | * Aeronautical radionavigation - Ground based and airborne weather radar |  |
| **5460 - 5470 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active)  RADIOLOCATION 5.448D RADIONAVIGATION 5.449  SPACE RESEARCH (active)  5.448B | | | | | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active)  RADIOLOCATION 5.448D RADIONAVIGATION 5.449  SPACE RESEARCH (active) 5.448B | * Radionavigation - airborne weather radar * Earth exploration satellite service * Space research * Radiolocation |  |
| **5470 - 5570 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active)  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.446A 5.450A  RADIOLOCATION 5.450B  MARITIME RADIONAVIGATION  SPACE RESEARCH (active)  5.448B 5.450 5.451 | | | | | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active)  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.446A 5.450A  RADIOLOCATION 5.450B  MARITIME RADIONAVIGATION  SPACE RESEARCH (active)  5.448B 5.450 5.451 | * Wireless Access Systems (WAS)/RLAN | * Res. 229 (rev. WRC-19) |
| **5570 - 5650 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.446A 5.450A  RADIOLOCATION 5.450B  MARITIME RADIONAVIGATION 5.450 5.451 5.452 | | | | | | | MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.446A 5.450A  RADIOLOCATION 5.450B  MARITIME RADIONAVIGATION  5.450 5.451 5.452 | * Wireless Access Systems (WAS)/RLAN * Ground-based meteorological radars (5600-5650 MHz) | * Res. 229 (rev. WRC-19) |
| **5650 - 5725 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.446A 5.450A  RADIOLOCATION  Amateur  Space research (deep space)  5.282 5.451 5.453 5.454 5.455 | | | | | | | MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.446A 5.450A  RADIOLOCATION  Amateur  Space research (deep space)  5.282 5.451 5.453 5.454 5.455 | * Wireless Access Systems (WAS)/RLAN | * Res. 229 (rev. WRC-19) |
| **5725 - 5830 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)  RADIOLOCATION  Amateur  5.150 5.451 5.453 5.455 | | | | | | | FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)  RADIOLOCATION  Amateur  5.150 5.451 5.453 5.455 | * BFWA (5725-5850 MHz) * SRD applications: * Reservoir Level Probing Radar (RLPR) * RTTT (Road Transport and Traffic Telematics) (5795-5815 MHz) * Transport and information control systems (ITS) 5 805-5 815 MHz) | * Rec. ITU-R SM.1896-X * Rec. ITU-R M.1453 * Report ITU-R SM.2153-X |
| **5830 - 5850 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| **FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)**  **RADIOLOCATION**  **Amateur**  **Amateur-satellite (space-to-Earth)**  **5.150 5.451 5.453 5.455 5.456** | | |  | | | | FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)  RADIOLOCATION  Amateur  FIXED 5.453  5.150 | * 5 725-5 875 MHz WLAN and allocated to ISM within the band 5725-5875 MHz * BFWA (5725-5850 MHz) * SRD applications: * Reservoir Level Probing Radar (RLPR) | * Rec. ITU-R SM.1896-X * Report ITU-R SM.2153-X |
| **5850 - 5925 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)  MOBILE  5.150 | | | | | | | FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)  MOBILE  5.150 | * 5 725-5 875 MHz WLAN and ISM Band |  |
| * 5 850-5 925 MHz C Band VSAT (Uplink) |  |
| **5925 - 6700 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED 5.457  FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.457A 5.457B  MOBILE 5.457C  5.149 5.440 5.458 | | | | | | | FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.457A  MOBILE  5.149 5.440 5.458 | * Fixed links - Lower 6 GHz (5925-6425 MHz) and Upper 6 GHz (6425-7110 MHz) * Fixed-satellite uplinks (PTP/VSAT/SNG) (5850-6425 MHz) * UWB SRD application (6000 - 9000 MHz) * Licence-exempt WAS/RLAN in the range 5925 – 6425 MHz. | * Channelling plan for L6 GHz band in accordance with Rec. ITU-R F.383 * ATU-R Recommendation 005-X applies in the range (5925 – 6425 MHz) * Channelling plan for U6 GHz band in accordance with Rec. ITU-R F.384 * Earth Station onboard vessels (ESV) also allowed under FSS. * Ultra-wideband applications (UWB): see Rec. ITU-R SM.1755, Rec. ITU-R SM.1756, Rec. ITU-R SM. 1757and Report ITU-R SM.2153-X * In making assignments to stations in the frequency band 6650 – 6675.2 MHz, administrations are urged to give consideration to Radio Astronomy applications as per RR n° 5.149 |
| **6700 - 7075 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) (space-to-Earth) 5.441  MOBILE  5.458 5.458A 5.458B | | | | | | | FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) (space-to-Earth) 5.441  MOBILE  5.458 5.458A 5.458B | * Fixed links - Upper 6 GHz (6425-7110 MHz) | * Rec. ITU-R F.384 applies * The band 6 725-7 025 MHz is part of the APP30B Plan (FSS Earth-to-space); refer to Annex C. |
| **7075 - 7145 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE  5.458 5.459 | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE  5.458 | * Fixed links - Upper 6 GHz (6425-7110 MHz) and Lower 7 GHz (7110-7425 MHz) | * Rec. ITU-R F.384 applies * Rec. ITU-R F.385 applies. |
| **7145 - 7190 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE  SPACE RESEARCH (deep space) (Earth-to-space)  5.458 5.459 | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE  SPACE RESEARCH (deep space) (Earth-to-space)  5.458 5.459 | * Fixed links - Lower 7 GHz (7110-7425 MHz) | * Rec. ITU-R F.385 applies. |
| **7190 - 7235 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.460A 5.460B  FIXED  MOBILE  SPACE RESEARCH (Earth-to-space) 5.460  5.458 5.459 | | | | | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.460A 5.460B  FIXED  MOBILE  SPACE RESEARCH (Earth-to-space) 5.460  5.458 5.459 | * Fixed links - Lower 7 GHz (7110-7425 MHz) | * Rec. ITU-R F.385 applies |
| **7235 - 7250 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.460A  FIXED  MOBILE  5.458 | | | | | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.460A  FIXED  MOBILE  5.458 | * Fixed links - Lower 7 GHz (7110-7425 MHz) | * Rec. ITU-R F.385 applies. |
| **7250 - 7300 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)  MOBILE  5.461 | | | | | | | FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)  MOBILE  5.461 | * Fixed links - Lower 7 GHz (7110-7425 MHz) | * Rec. ITU-R F.385 applies. |
| **7300 - 7375 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile  5.461 | | | | | | | FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile  5.461 | * Fixed links - Lower 7 GHz (7110-7425 MHz) and Upper 7 GHz (7425-7750 MHz) | * Rec. ITU-R F.385 applies |
| **7375 - 7450 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile  MARITIME MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.461AA 5.461AB | | | | | | | FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile  MARITIME MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.461AA 5.461AB | * Fixed links - Lower 7 GHz (7110-7425 MHz) and Upper 7 GHz (7425-7750 MHz) | * Rec. ITU-R F.385 applies |
| **7450 - 7550 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)  METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile  MARITIME MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.461AA 5.461AB  5.461A | | | | | | | FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)  METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile  MARITIME MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.461AA 5.461AB  5.461A | * Fixed links - Upper 7 GHz (7425-7750 MHz) | * Rec. ITU-R F.385 applies |
| **7550 - 7750 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile  MARITIME MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.461AA 5.461AB | | | | | | | FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile  MARITIME MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.461AA 5.461AB | * Fixed links - Upper 7 GHz (7425-7750 MHz) | * Rec. ITU-R F.385 applies |
| **7750 - 7900 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.461B  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile | | |  | | | | FIXED  METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.461B  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile | * Fixed links - Lower 8 GHz (7725-8275 MHz) | * Rec. ITU-R F.386 applies |
| **7900 - 8025 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)  MOBILE  5.461 | | | | | | | FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)  MOBILE  5.461 | * Fixed links - Lower 8 GHz (7725-8275 MHz) | * Rec. ITU-R F.386/ ITU-R. F.385 applies |
| **8025 - 8175 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)  FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)  MOBILE 5.463  5.462A | | | | | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)  FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)  MOBILE 5.463  5.462A | * Fixed links - Lower 8 GHz (7725-8275 MHz) * Earth exploration satellite systems | * Rec. ITU-R F.386 applies |
| **8175 - 8215 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)  FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)  METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)  MOBILE 5.463  5.462A | | | | | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)  FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)  METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)  MOBILE 5.463  5.462A | * Fixed links - Lower 8 GHz (7725-8275 MHz) * Earth exploration satellite systems | * Rec. ITU-R F.386 applies |
| **8215 - 8400 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)  FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)  MOBILE 5.463  5.462A | | | | | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)  FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)  MOBILE 5.463  5.462A | * Fixed links - Lower 8 GHz (7725-8275 MHz) and Upper 8 GHz (8275-8500 MHz) | * Rec. ITU-R F.386 applies. |
| **8400 - 8500 MHz** | | |  | | | |  |  |  |
| FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile  SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth) 5.465 5.466 | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile  SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth) 5.465 | * Fixed links - Upper 8 GHz (8275-8500 MHz) | * Rec. ITU-R F.386 applies. |
| **8500 - 8550 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| RADIOLOCATION  5.468 5.469 | | | | | | | RADIOLOCATION  5.468 5.469 | * RADARS e.g. precision airfield approach radars. |  |
| **8550 - 8650 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active)  RADIOLOCATION  SPACE RESEARCH (active)  5.468 5.469 5.469A | | | | | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active)  RADIOLOCATION  SPACE RESEARCH (active)  5.468 5.469 5.469A | * RADARS e.g. precision airfield approach radars |  |
| **8650 - 8750 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| RADIOLOCATION  5.468 5.469 | | | | | | | RADIOLOCATION  5.468 5.469  8500 - 8750 MHz  FIXED  MOBILE  5.468 | * RADARS e.g. precision airfield approach radars |  |
| **8750 - 8850 MHz** | | |  | | | |  |  |  |
| RADIOLOCATION  AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION 5.470  5.471 | | | | | | | RADIOLOCATION  AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION 5.470  5.471 | * RADARS e.g. precision airfield approach radars |  |
| **8850 - 9000 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| RADIOLOCATION  MARITIME RADIONAVIGATION 5.472 5.473 | | | | | | | RADIOLOCATION  MARITIME RADIONAVIGATION 5.472 | * RADARS e.g. precision airfield approach radars |  |
| **9000 - 9200 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| RADIOLOCATION  AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION 5.337  5.471 5.473A | | | | | | | RADIOLOCATION  AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION 5.337  5.471 | * RADARS e.g. precision airfield approach radars |  |
| **9200 - 9300 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) 5.474A 5.474B 5.474C  RADIOLOCATION  MARITIME RADIONAVIGATION 5.472 5.473 5.474 5.474D | | | | | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) 5.474A 5.474B 5.474C  RADIOLOCATION  MARITIME RADIONAVIGATION 5.472 5.473 5.474 | * RADARS e.g. precision airfield approach radars |  |
| **9300 - 9500 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active)  RADIOLOCATION  RADIONAVIGATION 5.475  SPACE RESEARCH (active)  5.427 5.474 5.475A 5.475B 5.476A | | | | | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active)  RADIOLOCATION  RADIONAVIGATION 5.475  SPACE RESEARCH (active)  5.427 5.474 5.475A 5.475B 5.476A | * RADARS e.g. precision airfield approach radars |  |
| **9500 - 9800 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active)  RADIOLOCATION  RADIONAVIGATION  SPACE RESEARCH (active)  5.476A | | | | | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active)  RADIOLOCATION  RADIONAVIGATION  SPACE RESEARCH (active) 5.476A | * RADARS e.g. precision airfield approach radars |  |
| **9800 - 9900 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| RADIOLOCATION  Earth exploration-satellite (active)  Fixed  Space research (active)  5.477 5.478 5.478A 5.478B | | | | | | | RADIOLOCATION  Earth exploration-satellite (active)  Fixed  Space research (active)  5.478A 5.478B | * Radiolocation |  |
| **9900 - 10000 MHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) 5.474A 5.474B 5.474C  RADIOLOCATION  Fixed  5.474D 5.477 5.478 5.479 | | | | | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) 5.474A 5.474B 5.474C  RADIOLOCATION  Fixed  5.474D 5.479 | * RADARS e.g. precision airfield approach radars |  |
| **10 - 10.4 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) 5.474A 5.474B 5.474C  FIXED  MOBILE  RADIOLOCATION  Amateur  5.474D 5.479 | | | | | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) 5.474A 5.474B 5.474C  FIXED  MOBILE  RADIOLOCATION  Amateur  5.474D 5.479 | * Fixed point to multipoint microwave links (ITU-R F.1568) |  |
| **10.4 - 10.45 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE  RADIOLOCATION  Amateur | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE  RADIOLOCATION  Amateur | * Radiolocation * Fixed/Land mobile communication * BFWA – 10.5 GHz (10.15-10.30 GHz) | * Paired with 10.50-10.65 GHz * Rec. ITU-R F.1568 applies. |
| **10.45 - 10.5 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| RADIOLOCATION  Amateur  Amateur-satellite  5.481 | | | | | | | RADIOLOCATION  Amateur  Amateur-satellite  FIXED  MOBILE  5.481 | * Radiolocation services * Amateur Services |  |
| **10.5 - 10.55 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE  Radiolocation | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE  Radiolocation | * BFWA – 10.5 GHz (10.50-10.65 GHz) | * Paired with 10.15-10.30 GHz * Rec. ITU-R F.1568 applies |
| **10.55 - 10.6 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile  Radiolocation | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile  Radiolocation | * BFWA – 10.5 GHz (10.50-10.65 GHz) | * Paired with 10.15-10.30 GHz * Rec. ITU-R F.1568 applies. |
| **10.6 - 10.68 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive)  FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile  RADIO ASTRONOMY  SPACE RESEARCH (passive)  Radiolocation  5.149 5.482 5.482A | | | | | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive)  FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile  RADIO ASTRONOMY  SPACE RESEARCH (passive)  Radiolocation  5.149 5.482A | * BFWA – 10.5 GHz (10.50-10.65 GHz) * Radio Astronomy (Non-thermal synchrotron and enigmatic quasars) | * Rec. ITU-R F.1568 applies. * For sharing between EESS (passive) and the fixed and mobile service, Res.751 applies. |
| **10.68 - 10.7 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive)  RADIO ASTRONOMY  SPACE RESEARCH (passive)  5.340 5.483 | | | | | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive)  RADIO ASTRONOMY  SPACE RESEARCH (passive)  5.340 | * Earth exploration satellite services * Radio astronomy Space research * Non-thermal synchrotron and enigmatic quasars |  |
| **10.7 - 10.95 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE  (space-to-Earth) 5.441  (Earth-to-space) 5.484  MOBILE except aeronautical  mobile | | | | | | | FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE  (space-to-Earth) 5.441  (Earth-to-space) 5.484  MOBILE except aeronautical  mobile | * FWS point to point microwave links (11GHz Band according to ITU-R Rec F. 387-10) * DTH Applications under the FSS | * Rec. ITU-R F.387 applies |
| **10.95 - 11.2 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE  (space-to-Earth) 5.484 5.484A 5.484B  (Earth-to-space) 5.484  MOBILE except aeronautical  mobile | | | | | | | FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE  (space-to-Earth) 5.484 5.484A 5.484B  (Earth-to-space) 5.484  MOBILE except aeronautical  mobile | * FWS point to point radio relay links (11GHz Band according to ITU-R Rec F. 387-10) * DTH Applications under the FSS | * Rec. ITU-R F.387 applies |
| **11.2 - 11.45 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE  (space-to-Earth) 5.441  (Earth-to-space) 5.484  MOBILE except aeronautical  mobile | | | | | | | FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE  (space-to-Earth) 5.441  (Earth-to-space) 5.484  MOBILE except aeronautical  mobile | * FWS point to point radio relay links (11GHz Band according to ITU-R Rec F. 387-10) * DTH Applications under the FSS | * Rec. ITU-R F.387 applies |
| **11.45 - 11.7 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE  (space-to-Earth) 5.484A 5.484B  (Earth-to-space) 5.484  MOBILE except aeronautical  mobile | | | | | | | FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE  (space-to-Earth) 5.484A 5.484B  (Earth-to-space) 5.484  MOBILE except aeronautical  mobile | * FWS point to point radio relay links (11GHz Band according to ITU-R Rec F. 387-10) * Fixed-satellite downlinks (PTP/VSAT/SNG) * DTH Applications under the FSS | * Rec. ITU-R F.387 applies |
| **11.7 - 12.5 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical  mobile  BROADCASTING  BROADCASTING-SATELLITE 5.492 5.487  5.487A | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical  mobile  BROADCASTING  BROADCASTING-SATELLITE 5.492  5.487 5.487A | * Fixed Links * Broadcasting satellite systems | * This band is available for BSS in accordance with Appendix 30 of ITU RR. Refer to Annex C. |
| **12.5 - 12.75 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED-SATELLITE  (space-to-Earth) 5.484A 5.484B  (Earth-to-space)  5.494 5.495 5.496 | | | | | | | FIXED-SATELLITE  (space-to-Earth) 5.484A 5.484B  (Earth-to-space) | * FSS uplinks (VSAT/SNG) (12.5-12.75 GHz) * Ku band VSAT dowlink * Aeronautical Earth Stations/ ESV/ESIM Applications * NGSO FSS * Fixed links | * Article 9.12 applies * Res. 155 (WRC – 15) applies |
| **12.75 - 13.25 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.441  MOBILE  Space research (deep space) (space-to-Earth) | | | | | | | FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.441  MOBILE  Space research (deep space) (space-to-Earth) | * Fixed links - 13 GHz (12.75-13.25 GHz) | * Channelling plan for 13 GHz band in accordance with Rec. ITU-R F.497 * The band 12.75-13.25 GHz is part of the APP30B Plan (FSS Earth-to-space); refer to Annex C.      * Article 9.12 applies * Res. 172 (WRC-19) applies |
| **13.25 - 13.4 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active)  AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION 5.497  SPACE RESEARCH (active)  5.498A | | | | | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active)  AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION 5.497  SPACE RESEARCH (active)  5.498A | * Airborne Navigation Aids |  |
| **13.4 - 13.65 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active)  FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)  5.499A 5.499B  RADIOLOCATION  SPACE RESEARCH 5.499C 5.499D  Standard frequency and time signal-satellite (Earth-to-space)  5.499E 5.500 5.501 5.501B | | | | | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active)  FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)  5.499A 5.499B  RADIOLOCATION  SPACE RESEARCH 5.499C 5.499D  Standard frequency and time signal-satellite (Earth-to-space)  5.499E 5.501B | * SRD: * Radio determination Applications | * Report ITU-R SM.2153-X |
| **13.65 - 13.75 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active)  RADIOLOCATION  SPACE RESEARCH 5.501A  Standard frequency and time signal-satellite (Earth-to-space)  5.500 5.501 5.501B | | | | | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active)  RADIOLOCATION  SPACE RESEARCH 5.501A  Standard frequency and time signal-satellite (Earth-to-space)  5.501B | * Earth exploration satellite Radiolocation * Space research |  |
| **13.75 - 14 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.484A  RADIOLOCATION  Earth exploration-satellite  Standard frequency and time signal-satellite (Earth-to-space)  Space research  5.500 5.501 5.502 5.503 | | |  | | | | FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.484A  RADIOLOCATION  Earth exploration-satellite  Standard frequency and time signal-satellite (Earth-to-space)  Space research  5.502 5.503 | * FSS uplinks (PTP/VSAT/SNG) * RADIOLOCATION |  |
| **14 - 14.25 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)  5.457A 5.457B 5.484A 5.506 5.506B  RADIONAVIGATION 5.504  Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) 5.504B  5.504C 5.506A  Space research  5.504A 5.505 | | |  | | | | FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)  5.457A 5.457B 5.484A 5.506 5.506B  RADIONAVIGATION 5.504  Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) 5.504B 5.506A  Space research  5.504A | * FSS uplinks (PTP/VSAT/SNG) * Aeronautical Earth Stations/ ESV/ESIM Applications * NGSO FSS * Fixed links | * Res. 902 applies. * Rec. ITU-R M.1643 applies. |
| **14.25 - 14.3 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)  5.457A 5.457B 5.484A 5.506 5.506B  RADIONAVIGATION 5.504  Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) 5.504B  5.506A 5.508A  Space research  5.504A 5.505 5.508 | | | | | | | FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)  5.457A 5.457B 5.484A 5.506 5.506B  RADIONAVIGATION 5.504  Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) 5.504B  5.506A 5.508A  Space research  5.504A | * FSS uplinks (PTP/VSAT/SNG) * Aeronautical Earth Stations/ ESV/ESIM Applications * Fixed links | * Res. 902 applies. * Rec. ITU-R M.1643 applies. |
| **14.3 - 14.4 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE  (Earth-to-space) 5.457A  5.457B 5.484A 5.506 5.506B  MOBILE except aeronautical  mobile  Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space)  5.504B 5.506A 5.509A  Radionavigation-satellite  5.504A | | | | | | | FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE  (Earth-to-space) 5.457A  5.457B 5.484A 5.506 5.506B  MOBILE except aeronautical  mobile  Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space)  5.504B 5.506A  Radionavigation-satellite  5.504A | * FSS uplinks (PTP/VSAT/SNG) * Aeronautical Earth Stations/ ESV/ESIM Applications * NGSO FSS * Fixed links | * Res. 902 applies. * Rec. ITU-R M.1643 applies. |
| **14.4 - 14.47 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)  5.457A 5.457B 5.484A 5.484B 5.506 5.506B  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile  Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) 5.504B  5.506A 5.509A  Space research (space-to-Earth)  5.504A | | | | | | | FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)  5.457A 5.457B 5.484A 5.484B 5.506 5.506B  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile  Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) 5.504B  5.506A  Space research (space-to-Earth)  5.504A | * FSS uplinks (PTP/VSAT/SNG) * Aeronautical Earth Stations/ ESV/ESIM Applications * Fixed links | * Res. 902 applies. * Rec. ITU-R M.1643 applies. |
| **14.47 - 14.5 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)  5.457A 5.457B 5.484A 5.506 5.506B  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile  Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) 5.504B  5.506A 5.509A  Radio astronomy  5.149 5.504A | | | | | | | FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)  5.457A 5.457B 5.484A 5.506 5.506B  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile  Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) 5.504B  5.506A  Radio astronomy  5.149 5.504A | * FSS uplinks (PTP/VSAT/SNG) * Radio Astronomy (non-thermal synchrotron and enigmatic quasars) * Aeronautical Earth Stations/ ESV/ESIM Applications * Fixed Links | * Res. 902 applies. * Rec. ITU-R M.1643 applies. |
| **14.5 - 14.75 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)  5.509B 5.509C 5.509D 5.509E 5.509F 5.510  MOBILE  Space research 5.509G | | | | | | | FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)  5.509B 5.509C 5.509D 5.509E 5.509F 5.510  MOBILE  Space research 5.509G | * Fixed links - 15 GHz (14.5-15.35 GHz) | * Channelling plan for 15 GHz band in accordance with Rec. ITU-R F.636 * The band 14.5-14.8 GHz is part of the APP30A Plan (Feeder Links for BSS) for some countries. Refer to Annex C. |
| **14.75 - 14.8 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.510  MOBILE  Space research 5.509G | | | | | | | FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.510  MOBILE  Space research 5.509G | * Fixed links - 15 GHz (14.5-15.35 GHz) | * Channelling plan for 15 GHz band in accordance with Rec. ITU-R F.636 * The band 14.5-14.8 GHz is part of the APP30A Plan (Feeder Links for BSS) for some countries. Refer to Annex C. |
| **14.8 - 15.35 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE  Space research 5.339 | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE  Space research 5.339 | * Fixed links - 15 GHz (14.5-15.35 GHz) | * Channelling plan for 15 GHz band in accordance with Rec. ITU-R F.636 |
| **15.35 - 15.4 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive)  RADIO ASTRONOMY  SPACE RESEARCH (passive)  5.340 5.511 | | | | | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive)  RADIO ASTRONOMY  SPACE RESEARCH (passive)  5.340 | * Radio Astronomy (for observation of non-thermal synchrotron sources and quasars) |  |
| **15.4 - 15.43 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| RADIOLOCATION 5.511E 5.511F  AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION | | | | | | | RADIOLOCATION 5.511E 5.511F  AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION | * Radio altimeters / Doppler Radars | * ICAO Guidelines on Radiocommunications (Annex 10) |
| **15.43 - 15.63 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)  5.511A  RADIOLOCATION 5.511E 5.511F  AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION 5.511C | | | | | | | FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)  5.511A  RADIOLOCATION 5.511E 5.511F  AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION 5.511C | * Doppler Radars | * ICAO Guidelines on Radiocommunications (Annex 10) |
| **15.63 - 15.7 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| RADIOLOCATION 5.511E 5.511F  AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION | | | | | | | RADIOLOCATION 5.511E 5.511F  AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION | * Doppler Radars | * ICAO Guidelines on Radiocommunications (Annex 10) |
| **15.7 - 16.6 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| RADIOLOCATION  5.512 5.513 | | | | | | | RADIOLOCATION | * Doppler Radars | * ICAO Guidelines on Radiocommunications (Annex 10) |
| **16.6 - 17.1 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| RADIOLOCATION  Space research (deep space) (Earth-to-space)  5.512 5.513 | | | | | | | RADIOLOCATION  Space research (deep space) (Earth-to-space) | * Radiolocation * Radars |  |
| **17.1 - 17.2 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| RADIOLOCATION  5.512 5.513 | | | | | | | RADIOLOCATION | * Radiolocation * WAS/RLAN (17.1-17.3 GHz |  |
| **17.2 - 17.3 GHz** | | | |  | | | | | |
| EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active)  RADIOLOCATION  SPACE RESEARCH (active)  5.512 5.513 5.513A | | | | | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active)  RADIOLOCATION  SPACE RESEARCH (active)  5.513A  15.7 - 17.3 GHz  FIXED  MOBILE  5.512 | * Earth exploration satellite Radiolocation * Space research * WAS/RLAN (17.1-17.3 GHz |  |
| **17.3 - 17.7 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED-SATELLITE  (Earth-to-space) 5.516  (space-to-Earth) 5.516A 5.516B  Radiolocation  5.514 | | |  | | | | FIXED-SATELLITE  (Earth-to-space) 5.516  (space-to-Earth) 5.516A 5.516B  Radiolocation | * 17.3-17.7 GHz designated for HDFSS uncoordinated Earth station downlinks according to Res.143 (Rev. WRC-07) and 5.516B. * Broadcasting Satellite Systems feeder | * The band 17.3-17.7 GHz is part of the APP30A Plan (Feeder Links for BSS) for many countries; refer to Annex C. * Res.143 applies applies for HDFS. |
|  | | |  | | | | * 17.3-17.7 GHz Feeder link plans for Broadcasting Satellite Service (Appendix 30A) |  |
| **17.7 - 18.1 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE  (space-to-Earth) 5.484A 5.517A  (Earth-to-space) 5.516  MOBILE | | | | | | | FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE  (space-to-Earth) 5.484A 5.517A  (Earth-to-space) 5.516  MOBILE | * FWS point to point radio links - 18 GHz (17.7-19.7 GHz) * ESIM (under the FSS) * Broadcasting satellite systems feeder links | * Channelling plan for 18 GHz band in accordance with Rec. ITU-R F.595 * Res 169 (WRC-19) applies for ESIM. |
| **18.1 - 18.4 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)  5.484A 5.516B 5.517A  (Earth-to-space) 5.520  MOBILE  5.519 5.521 | | | | | | | FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)  5.484A 5.516B 5.517A  (Earth-to-space) 5.520  MOBILE  5.519 | * FWS point to point radio links - 18 GHz (17.7-19.7 GHz) * ESIM (under the FSS) | * Channelling plan for 18 GHz band in accordance with Rec. ITU-R F.595 * Res 169 (WRC-19) applies for ESIM. |
| **18.4 - 18.6 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.484A 5.516B 5.517A  MOBILE | | | | | | | FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.484A 5.516B 5.517A  MOBILE | * FWS point to point radio links - 18 GHz (17.7-19.7 GHz) * ESIM (under the FSS | * Channelling plan for 18 GHz band in accordance with Rec. ITU-R F.595 * Res 169 (WRC-19) applies for ESIM. |
| **18.6 - 18.8 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| EARTH-EXPLORATION -SATELLITE  (passive)  FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE  (space-to-Earth) 5.517A 5.522B  MOBILE except aeronautical  mobile  Space research (passive)  5.522A 5.522C | | | | | | | EARTH-EXPLORATIONSATELLITE  (passive)  FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE  (space-to-Earth) 5.517A 5.522B  MOBILE except aeronautical  mobile  Space research (passive)  5.522A | * FWS point to point radio links - 18 GHz (17.7-19.7 GHz) * ESIM (under the FSS) | * Channelling plan for 18 GHz band in accordance with Rec. ITU-R F.595 * Res 169 (WRC-19) applies for ESIM. |
| **18.8 - 19.3 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.516.B 5.517A 5.523A  MOBILE | | | | | | | FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.516.B 5.517A 5.523A  MOBILE | * FWS point to point radio links - 18 GHz (17.7-19.7 GHz) * ESIM (under the FSS) | * Channelling plan for 18 GHz band in accordance with Rec. ITU-R F.595 * Res 169 (WRC-19) applies for ESIM. |
| **19.3 - 19.7GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) (Earth-to-space) 5.517A 5.523B  5.523C 5.523D 5.523E  MOBILE | | | | | | | FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) (Earth-to-space) 5.517A 5.523B 5.523C 5.523D 5.523E  MOBILE | * FWS point to point radio links - 18 GHz (17.7-19.7 GHz) * ESIM (under the FSS) | * Channelling plan for 18 GHz band in accordance with Rec. ITU-R F.595 * Res 169 (WRC-19) applies for ESIM. |
| **19.7 - 20.1 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED-SATELLITE  (space-to-Earth) 5.484A 5.484B  5.516B 5.527A  Mobile-satellite (space-to-Earth)  5.524 | | | | | | | FIXED-SATELLITE  (space-to-Earth) 5.484A 5.484B  5.516B 5.527A  Mobile-satellite (space-to-Earth) | * 19.7-20.1 GHz designated for HDFSS uncoordinated Earth station downlinks according to Res.143 (Rev. WRC-07) and 5.516B * ESIM (under the FSS) | * Res.143 applies for HDFS. * Res 156 (WRC-15) applies for ESIM |
| **20.1 - 20.2 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.484A 5.484B  5.516B 5.527A  MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)  5.524 5.525 5.526 5.527 5.528 | | | | | | | FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.484A 5.484B  5.516B 5.527A  MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)  5.525 5.526 5.527 5.528 | * 20.1-20.2 GHz designated for HDFSS uncoordinated Earth station downlinks according to Res.143 (Rev. WRC-07) and 5.516B * ESIM (under the FSS) | * Res.143 applies for HDFS * Res 156 (WRC-15) applies for ESIM. |
| **20.2 - 21.2 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)  MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)  Standard frequency and time signal-satellite (space-to-Earth) 5.524 | | | | | | | FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)  MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)  Standard frequency and time signal-satellite (space-to-Earth)  FIXED  MOBILE | * Fixed Satellite Systems |  |
| **21.2 - 21.4 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive)  FIXED  MOBILE  SPACE RESEARCH (passive) | | | | | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive)  FIXED  MOBILE  SPACE RESEARCH (passive) | * FWS point to point radio links - 23 GHz (21.2-23.6 GHz or 22.0-23.6 GHz) | * Channelling plan for 23 GHz band in accordance with Rec. ITU-R F.637 |
| **21.4 - 22 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE  BROADCASTING-SATELLITE  5.208B  5.530A 5.530B | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE  BROADCASTING-SATELLITE  5.208B  5.530A 5.530B | * FWS point to point radio links - 23 GHz (21.2-23.6 GHz or 22.0-23.6 GHz) * Broadcasting satellite systems | * Channelling plan for 23 GHz band in accordance with Rec. ITU-R F.637 |
| **22 - 22.21GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile  5.149 | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile  5.149 | * FWS point to point radio links - 23 GHz (21.2-23.6 GHz or 22.0-23.6 GHz) | * Channelling plan for 23 GHz band in accordance with Rec. ITU-R F.637 * In making assignments to stations in the frequency band 22.01-22.21 GHz, administrations are urged to give consideration to Radio Astronomy applications as per RR n° 5.149 |
| **22.21 - 22.5 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive)  FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile  RADIO ASTRONOMY  SPACE RESEARCH (passive)  5.149 5.532 | | | | | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive)  FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile  RADIO ASTRONOMY  SPACE RESEARCH (passive)  5.149 5.532 | * FWS point to point radio links - 23 GHz (21.2-23.6 GHz or 22.0-23.6 GHz) | * Channelling plan for 23 GHz band in accordance with Rec. ITU-R F.637 * In making assignments to stations in the frequency band 22.21-22.5 GHz, administrations are urged to give consideration to Radio Astronomy applications as per RR n° 5.149 |
| **22.5 - 22.55 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE | * FWS point to point radio links - 23 GHz (21.2-23.6 GHz or 22.0-23.6 GHz) | * Channelling plan for 23 GHz band in accordance with Rec. ITU-R F.637 |
| **22.55 - 23.15 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  INTER-SATELLITE 5.338A  MOBILE  SPACE RESEARCH (Earth-to-space) 5.532A  5.149 | | | | | | | FIXED  INTER-SATELLITE 5.338A  MOBILE  SPACE RESEARCH (Earth-to-space)  5.532A  5.149 | * FWS point to point radio links – 23 GHz (21.2-23.6 GHz or 22.0-23.6 GHz) | * Channelling plan for 23 GHz band in accordance with Rec. ITU-R F.637 * In making assignments to stations in the frequency band 22.81 – 22.86 GHz and 23.07 – 23.12 GHz, administrations are urged to give consideration to Radio Astronomy applications as per RR n° 5.149 |
| **23.15 - 23.55 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  INTER-SATELLITE 5.338A  MOBILE | | | | | | | FIXED  INTER-SATELLITE 5.338A  MOBILE | * Fixed links |  |
| **23.55 - 23.6 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE | * FWS point to point radio links - 23 GHz (21.2-23.6 GHz or 22.0-23.6 GHz) | * Channelling plan for 23 GHz band in accordance with Rec. ITU-R F.637 |
| **23.6 - 24 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive)  RADIO ASTRONOMY  SPACE RESEARCH (passive)  5.340 | | | | | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive)  RADIO ASTRONOMY  SPACE RESEARCH (passive)  5.340 | * Radio Astronomy (Observation of ammonia and continuum observations |  |
| **24 - 24.05 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| AMATEUR  AMATEUR-SATELLITE  5.150 | | | | | | | AMATEUR  AMATEUR-SATELLITE  5.150 | * AMATEUR * AMATEUR-SATELLITE * ISM (24.0-24.25 GHz) * SRD applications (24-24.25 GHz) | * ISM band (24.0-24.25 GHz) Centre frequency 24.125 GHz * Rec. ITU-R SM.1896-X * Report ITU-R SM.2153-X |
| **24.05 - 24.25 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| RADIOLOCATION  Amateur  Earth exploration-satellite (active)  5.150 | | | | | | | RADIOLOCATION  Amateur  Earth exploration-satellite (active)  5.150 | SRD:   * Reservoir Level Probing Radar (RLPR) | * ISM band (24.0-24.25 GHz) Centre frequency 24.125 GHz * Rec. ITU-R SM.1896-X * Report ITU-R SM.2153-X |
| **24.25 - 24.45 GHz** | | |  | | | |  |  |  |
| FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical  Mobile 5.338A 5.532AB | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical  Mobile 5.338A 5.532AB | * FWS point to point radio links (24.25 – 26.5 GHz) * IMT (24.25-27.5 GHz) | * Channelling plan in accordance with Rec. ITU-R F.748 (Note: In this recommendation, this band is known as 26 GHz). * Temporary fixed links for ENG/OB * Res. 242 (WRC-19) applies |
| **24.45 - 24.65 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  INTER-SATELLITE  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.338A 5.532AB | | | | | | | FIXED  INTER-SATELLITE  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.338A 5.532AB | * FWS point to point radio links - 26 GHz (24.25-26.5 GHz) * BFWA (24.5-26.5 GHz) * IMT (24.25-27.5 GHz)) | * Channelling in accordance with Rec. ITU-R F.748 (Note: In this recommendation, this band is known as 26 GHz) * Res. 242 (WRC-19) applies |
| **24.65 - 24.75 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE  (Earth-to-space) 5.532B  INTER-SATELLITE  MOBILE except aeronautical  mobile 5.338A 5.532AB | | | | | | | FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE  (Earth-to-space) 5.532B  INTER-SATELLITE  MOBILE except aeronautical  mobile 5.338A 5.532AB | * Fixed links - 26 GHz (24.25-26.5 GHz) * BFWA (24.5-26.5 GHz) * IMT (24.25-27.5 GHz) | * Channelling plan in accordance with Rec. ITU-R F.748 (Note: In this recommendation, this band is known as 26 GHz). * Res. 242 (WRC-19) applies |
| **24.75 - 25.25 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE  (Earth-to-space) 5.532B  MOBILE except aeronautical  mobile 5.338A 5.532AB | | | | | | | FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE  (Earth-to-space) 5.532B  MOBILE except aeronautical  mobile 5.338A 5.532AB | * Fixed links - 26 GHz (24.5-26.5 GHz) * BFWA (24.5-26.5 GHz) * IMT (24.25-27.5 GHz) | * Channelling plan in accordance with Rec. ITU-R F.748 (Note: In this recommendation, this band is known as 26 GHz). * Res. 242 (WRC-19) applies |
| **25.25 - 25.5 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED 5.534A  INTER-SATELLITE 5.536  MOBILE 5.338A 5.532AB  Standard frequency and time signal-satellite (Earth-to-space) | | | | | | | FIXED 5.534A  INTER-SATELLITE 5.536  MOBILE 5.338A 5.532AB  Standard frequency and time signal-satellite (Earth-to-space) | * Fixed links - 26 GHz (24.5-26.5 GHz) * BFWA (24.5-26.5 GHz) * IMT (24.25-27.5 GHz) | * Channelling plan in accordance with Rec. ITU-R F.748. (Note: In this recommendation, this band is known as 26 GHz). * Res. 242 (WRC-19) applies |
| **25.5 - 27 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (space-to Earth)  5.536B  FIXED 5.534A  INTER-SATELLITE 5.536  MOBILE 5.338A 5.532AB  SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth) 5.536C  Standard frequency and time signal-satellite (Earth-to-space) 5.536A | | | | | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (space-to Earth) 5.536B  FIXED 5.534A  INTER-SATELLITE 5.536  MOBILE 5.338A 5.532AB  SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth) 5.536C  Standard frequency and time signal-satellite (Earth-to-space) 5.536A | * Fixed links - 26 GHz (24.5-26.5 GHz) * BFWA (24.5-26.5 GHz) * IMT (24.25-27.5 GHz) | * Channelling plan in accordance with Rec. ITU-R F.748 (Note: In this recommendation, this band is known as 26 GHz). * Res. 242 (WRC-19) applies |
| **27 - 27.5 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  INTER-SATELLITE 5.536  MOBILE 5.338A 5.532AB | | | | | | | FIXED  INTER-SATELLITE 5.536  MOBILE 5.338A 5.532AB | * IMT (24.25-27.5 GHz) | * Res. 242 (WRC-19) applies |
| **27.5 - 28.5 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED 5.537A  FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.484A 5.516B 5.517A 5.539  MOBILE  5.538 5.540 | | | | | | | FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.484A 5.516B 5.517A 5.539  MOBILE  5.538 5.540 | * Fixed links – 28 GHz (27.5-29.5 GHz) * ESIM (under the FSS) | * Channelling plan in accordance with Rec. ITU-R F.748 (Note: In this recommendation, this band is known as 28 GHz) * Res.143 applies for HDFS. * The band 27.5-30 GHz may be used by the FSS for BSS feeder links * Res 169 (WRC-19) applies for ESIM. |
| **28.5 - 29.1 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.484A 5.516B 5.517A 5.523A  5.539  MOBILE  Earth exploration-satellite (Earth-to-space) 5.541  5.540 | | | | | | | FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.484A 5.516B 5.517A 5.523A  5.539  MOBILE  Earth exploration-satellite (Earth-to-space) 5.541  5.540 | * Fixed links – 28 GHz (27.5-29.5 GHz) * ESIM (under the FSS) | * Channelling plan in accordance with Rec. ITU-R F.748 (Note: In this recommendation, this band is known as 28 GHz) * Res.143 applies for HDFS. * The band 27.5-30 GHz may be used by the FSS for BSS feeder links * Res 169 (WRC-19) applies for ESIM. |
| **29.1 - 29.5 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.516B 5.517A 5.523C 5.523E  5.335A 5.539 5.541A  MOBILE  Earth exploration-satellite (Earth-to-space) 5.541  5.540 | | | | | | | FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.516B 5.517A 5.523C 5.523E  5.535A 5.539 5.541A  MOBILE  Earth exploration-satellite (Earth-to-space) 5.541  5.540 | * Fixed links – 28 GHz (27.5-29.5 GHz) * ESIM (under the FSS) | * Channelling plan in accordance with Rec. ITU-R F.748 (Note: In this recommendation, this band is known as 28 GHz) * Res.143 applies for HDFS. * The band 27.5-30 GHz may be used by the FSS for BSS feeder links * Res 169 (WRC-19) applies for ESIM. |
| * Fixed links – 28 GHz (27.5-29.5 GHz) * ESIM (under the FSS) | * Channelling plan in accordance with Rec. ITU-R F.748 (Note: In this recommendation, this band is known as 28 GHz) * Res.143 applies for HDFS. * The band 27.5-30 GHz may be used by the FSS for BSS feeder links * Res 169 (WRC-19) applies for ESIM. |
| **29.5 - 29.9 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED-SATELLITE  (Earth-to-space) 5.484A 5.484B  5.516B 5.527A 5.539  Earth exploration-satellite  (Earth-to-space) 5.541  Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space)  5.540 5.542 | | | | | | | FIXED-SATELLITE  (Earth-to-space) 5.484A 5.484B  5.516B 5.527A 5.539  Earth exploration-satellite  (Earth-to-space) 5.541  Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space)  5.540 | * Fixed links – 28 GHz (27.5-29.5 GHz) * ESIM (under the FSS) | * Channelling plan in accordance with Rec. ITU-R F.748 (Note: In this recommendation, this band is known as 28 GHz) * Res.143 applies for HDFS. * The band 27.5-30 GHz may be used by the FSS for BSS feeder links * Res 169 (WRC-19) applies for ESIM. |
| **29.9 - 30 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.484A 5.484B 5.516B  5.527A 5.539  MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)  Earth exploration-satellite (Earth-to-space) 5.541 5.543  5.525 5.526 5.527 5.538 5.540 5.542 | | | | | | | FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.484A 5.484B 5.516B  5.527A 5.539  MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)  Earth exploration-satellite (Earth-to-space) 5.541 5.543  5.525 5.526 5.527 5.538 5.540 | * ESIM (under the FSS) | * Res.143 applies for HDFS. * Res 156 (WRC-15) applies for ESIM. |
| **30 - 31GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.338A  MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)  Standard frequency and time signal-satellite (space-to-Earth)  5.542 | | | | | | | FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.338A  MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)  Standard frequency and time signal-satellite (space-to-Earth) | * Fixed satellite uplink Mobile satellite uplink |  |
| **31 - 31.3 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED 5.338A 5.543B  MOBILE  Standard frequency and time signal-satellite (space-to-Earth)  Space research 5.544 5.545 5.149 | | | | | | | FIXED 5.338A 5.543B  MOBILE  Standard frequency and time signal-satellite (space-to-Earth)  Space research 5.544 5.545  5.149 | * Fixed links * Fixed satellite systems | * Channelling plan in accordance with Rec. ITU-R F.746 (Note: In this recommendation, this band is known as 31 GHz). * Res 167 (WRC-19) applies for HAPS |
| **31.3 - 31.5 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive)  RADIO ASTRONOMY  SPACE RESEARCH (passive)  5.340 | | | | | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive)  RADIO ASTRONOMY  SPACE RESEARCH (passive)  5.340 | * Radio Astronomy (Continuum Observations) |  |
| **31.5 - 31.8 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| EARTH EXPLORATION SATELLITE (passive)  RADIO ASTRONOMY  SPACE RESEARCH (passive)  Fixed  Mobile except aeronautical mobile  5.149 5.546 | | | | | | | EARTH EXPLORATION SATELLITE (passive)  RADIO ASTRONOMY  SPACE RESEARCH (passive)  Fixed  Mobile except aeronautical mobile  5.149 | * Radio Astronomy (Continuum Observations) |  |
| **31.8 - 32 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED 5.547A  RADIONAVIGATION  SPACE RESEARCH (deep space) (space-to-Earth)  5.547 5.548 | | | | | | | FIXED 5.547A  RADIONAVIGATION  SPACE RESEARCH (deep space) (space-to-Earth)  5.547 5.548 | * Fixed links (PTP/PTMP) (31.8-33.4 GHz) | * Channelling plan in accordance with Rec. ITU-R F.1520 (Note: In this recommendation, this band is known as 32 GHz). * Res.75 applies for HDFS. |
| **32 - 32.3 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED 5.547A  RADIONAVIGATION  SPACE RESEARCH (deep space) (space-to-Earth)  5.547 5.548 | | | | | | | FIXED 5.547A  RADIONAVIGATION  SPACE RESEARCH (deep space) (space-to-Earth)  5.547 5.548 | * Fixed links (PTP/PTMP) (31.8-33.4 GHz) | * Channelling plan in accordance with Rec. ITU-R F.1520 (Note: In this recommendation, this band is known as 32 GHz). * Res.75 applies for HDFS. |
| **32.3 - 33 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED 5.547A  INTER-SATELLITE  RADIONAVIGATION  5.547 5.548 | | | | | | | FIXED 5.547A  INTER-SATELLITE  RADIONAVIGATION  5.547 5.548 | * Fixed links (PTP/PTMP) (31.8-33.4 GHz) | * Channelling plan in accordance with Rec. ITU-R F.1520 (Note: In this recommendation, this band is known as 32 GHz). * Res.75 applies for HDFS. |
| **33 - 33.4 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED 5.547A  RADIONAVIGATION  5.547 | | | | | | | FIXED 5.547A  RADIONAVIGATION  5.547 | * Fixed links (PTP/PTMP) (31.8-33.4 GHz) | * Channelling plan in accordance with Rec. ITU-R F.1520 (Note: In this recommendation, this band is known as 32 GHz). * Res.75 applies for HDFS. |
| **33.4 - 34.2 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| RADIOLOCATION 5.549 | | | | | | | RADIOLOCATION | * Radiolocation services |  |
| **34.2 - 34.7 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| RADIOLOCATION  SPACE RESEARCH (deep space) (Earth-to-space) 5.549 | | | | | | | RADIOLOCATION  SPACE RESEARCH (deep space) (Earth-to-space) | * Radiolocation services * Space research feeder link |  |
| **34.7 - 35.2 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| RADIOLOCATION  Space research 5.550 5.549 | | |  | | | | RADIOLOCATION  Space research | * Radiolocation services |  |
| **35.2 - 35.5 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| METEOROLOGICAL AIDS  RADIOLOCATION 5.549 | | | | | | | METEOROLOGICAL AIDS  RADIOLOCATION | * Meteorological aids Radiolocation |  |
| **35.5 - 36 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| METEOROLOGICAL AIDS  EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active)  RADIOLOCATION  SPACE RESEARCH (active)  5.549 5.549A | | | | | | | METEOROLOGICAL AIDS  EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active)  RADIOLOCATION  SPACE RESEARCH (active)  5.549A | * Meteorological aids * Earth exploration satellite Radiolocation * Space research |  |
| **36 - 37 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive)  FIXED  MOBILE  SPACE RESEARCH (passive)  5.149 5.550A | | | | | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive)  FIXED  MOBILE  SPACE RESEARCH (passive)  5.149 5.550A | * Earth exploration satellite Fixed * Mobile * Space research | * In making assignments to stations in the frequency band 36.43-36.5 GHz, administrations are urged to give consideration to Radio Astronomy applications as per RR n° 5.149 |
| **37 - 37.5 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.550B  SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth) 5.547 | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.550B  SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth)  5.547 | * FWS point to point radio links - 38 GHz (37.0-39.5 GHz) * IMT (37-43.5 GHz) | * Res.75 applies for HDFS. * Res 243 (WRC-19) applies for IMT * Channelling plan in accordance with Rec. ITU-R F.749 (Note: In this recommendation, this band is known as 38 GHz) |
| **37.5 - 38 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| **FIXED**  **FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)5.550C**  **MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.550B**  **SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth)**  **Earth exploration-satellite (space-to-Earth)**  **5.547** | | |  | | | | FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)5.550C  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.550B  SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth)  Earth exploration-satellite (space-to-Earth)  5.547 | * FWS point to point radio links - 38 GHz (37.0-39.5 GHz) * IMT (37-43.5 GHz) | * Res.75 applies for HDFS. * Res 243 (WRC-19) applies for IMT * Channelling plan in accordance with Rec. ITU-R F.749 (Note: In this recommendation, this band is known as 38 GHz) * Res 167 (WRC-19) applies for HAPS |
| **38 - 39.5 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED 5.550D  FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.550C  MOBILE 5.550B  Earth exploration-satellite (space-to-Earth)  5.547 | | | | | | | FIXED 5.550D  FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)5.550C  MOBILE 5.550B  Earth exploration-satellite (space-to-Earth)  5.547 | * Fixed links - 38 GHz (37.0-39.5 GHz) * IMT (37-43.5 GHz) | * Res 243 (WRC-19) applies for IMT * Channelling plan in accordance with Rec. ITU-R F.749 (Note: In this recommendation, this band is known as 38 GHz) * Res.75 applies for HDFS. * Res 168 (WRC-19) applies for HAPS |
| **39.5 - 40 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.516B 5.550C  MOBILE 5.550B  MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)  Earth exploration-satellite (space-to-Earth)  5.547 5.550E | | | | | | | FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.516B 5.550C  MOBILE 5.550B  MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)  Earth exploration-satellite (space-to-Earth)  5.547 5.550E | * IMT (37-43.5 GHz) * Fixed Links | * Res.75 applies for HDFS. * Res.143 applies for HDFS. * Res 243 (WRC-19) applies for IMT |
| **40 - 40.5 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)  FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.516B 5.550C  MOBILE 5.550B  MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)  SPACE RESEARCH (Earth-to-space)  Earth exploration-satellite (space-to-Earth)  5.550E | | | | | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)  FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.516B 5.550C  MOBILE 5.550B  MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)  SPACE RESEARCH (Earth-to-space)  Earth exploration-satellite (space-to-Earth)  5.550E | * IMT (37-43.5 GHz) | * Res.143 applies for HDFS. * Res 243 (WRC-19) applies for IMT |
| **40.5 - 41 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE  (space-to-Earth) 5.516B 5.550C  LAND MOBILE  5.550B  BROADCASTING  BROADCASTING-SATELLITE  Aeronautical mobile  Maritime mobile (space-to-Earth)  5.547 | | | | | | | FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE  (space-to-Earth) 5.516B 5.550C  LAND MOBILE  5.550B  BROADCASTING  BROADCASTING-SATELLITE  Aeronautical mobile  Maritime mobile (space-to-Earth)  5.547 | * Fixed links (40.5 – 43.5 GHz) * IMT (37-43.5 GHz) | * BFWA or MWS (40.5-43.5 GHz) * Res.75 applies for HDFS. * Channelling plan in accordance with Rec. ITU-R F.2005 (Note: In this recommendation, this band is known as 42 GHz) * Res 243 (WRC-19) applies for IMT |
| **41 - 42.5 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.516B 5.550C  LAND MOBILE 5.550B  BROADCASTING  BROADCASTING-SATELLITE  Aeronautical mobile  Maritime mobile  5.547 5.551F 5.551H 5.551I | | | | | | | FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.516B 5.550C  LAND MOBILE 5.550B  BROADCASTING  BROADCASTING-SATELLITE  Aeronautical mobile  Maritime mobile  5.547 5.551F 5.551H 5.551I | * Fixed links (40.5 – 43.5 GHz) * IMT (37-43.5 GHz) | * BFWA or MWS (40.5-43.5 GHz) * Res.75 applies for HDFS. * Channelling plan in accordance with Rec. ITU-R F.2005 (Note: In this recommendation, this band is known as 42 GHz) * Res 243 (WRC-19) applies for IMT |
| **42.5 - 43.5 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.552  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.550B  RADIO ASTRONOMY  5.149 5.547 | | | | | | | FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.552  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.550B  RADIO ASTRONOMY  5.149 5.547 | * Fixed links (40.5 – 43.5 GHz) * IMT (37-43.5 GHz) * Radio Astronomy (Observation of silicon monoxide) | * BFWA or MWS (40.5-43.5 GHz) * Res.75 applies for HDFS. * Res 243 (WRC-19) applies for IMT * Channelling plan in accordance with Rec. ITU-R F.2005 (Note: In this recommendation, this band is known as 42 GHz) |
| **43.5 - 47 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| MOBILE 5.553 5.553A  MOBILE-SATELLITE  RADIONAVIGATION  RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE  5.554 | | | | | | | MOBILE 5.553 5.553A  MOBILE-SATELLITE  RADIONAVIGATION  RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE 5.554 | * IMT (45.5-47 GHz) | * Res 244 (WRC-19) applies |
| **47 - 47.2 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| AMATEUR  AMATEUR-SATELLITE | | | | | | | AMATEUR  AMATEUR-SATELLITE | * Amateur communications * Amateur satellite |  |
| **47.2 - 47.5 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.550C 5.552  MOBILE 5.553B  5.552A | | | | | | | FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.550C 5.552  MOBILE 5.553B  5.552A | * IMT (47.2-48.2 GHz) | * Res 243 (WRC-19) applies * Res 122 (rev. WRC-19) applies for HAPS |
| **47.5 - 47.9 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE  (Earth-to-space) 5.550C 5.552  (space-to-Earth) 5.516B 5.554A  MOBILE 5.553B | | | | | | | FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE  (Earth-to-space) 5.550C 5.552  (space-to-Earth) 5.516B 5.554A  MOBILE 5.553B | * IMT (47.2-48.2 GHz) | * Res.143 applies for HDFSS. * Res 243 (WRC-19) applies |
| **47.9 - 48.2 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.550C 5.552  MOBILE 5.553 B  5.552A | | | | | | | FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.550C.552  MOBILE 5.553B  5.552A | * IMT (47.2-48.2 GHz) | * Res 243 (WRC-19) applies * Res 122 (rev. WRC-19) applies for HAPS |
| **48.2 - 48.54 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE  (Earth-to-space) 5.550C 5.552  (space-to-Earth) 5.516B  5.554A 5.555B  MOBILE | | | | | | | FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE  (Earth-to-space) 5.550C 5.552  (space-to-Earth) 5.516B  5.554A 5.555B  MOBILE | * 48.2-48.54 GHz designated for HDFSS uncoordinated Earth station downlinks according to Res.143 (Rev. WRC-07) and 5.516B | * Res.143 applies for HDFS. |
| **48.54 - 49.44 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE  (Earth-to-space) 5.550C 5.552  MOBILE  5.149 5.340 5.555 | | | | | | | FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE  (Earth-to-space) 5.550C 5.552  MOBILE  5.149 5.340 5.555 | * Fixed * Fixed satellite uplink Mobile | * In making assignments to stations in the frequency band 48.94-49.04 GHz, administrations are urged to give consideration to Radio Astronomy applications as per RR n° 5.149 |
| **49.44 - 50.2 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE  (Earth-to-space) 5.338A 5.550C 5.552  (space-to-Earth) 5.516B  5.554A 5.555B  MOBILE | | | | | | | FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE  (Earth-to-space) 5.338A 5.550C 5.552  (space-to-Earth) 5.516B  5.554A 5.555B  MOBILE | * 49.44-50.2 GHz designated for HDFSS uncoordinated Earth station downlinks according to Res.143 (Rev. WRC-07) and 5.516B | * Res.143 applies for HDFS. |
| **50.2 - 50.4 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive)  SPACE RESEARCH (passive)  5.340 | | | | | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive)  SPACE RESEARCH (passive)  5.340 | * Earth exploration satellite Space research |  |
| **50.4 - 51.4 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.338A  MOBILE  Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) | | | | | | | FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.338A  MOBILE  Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) | * Fixed Links * Fixed satellite Mobile |  |
| **51.4 - 52.4 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.555C  MOBILE  5.338A 5.547 5.556 | | |  | | | | FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.555C  MOBILE  5.338A 5.547 5.556 | * 51.4-52.4 GHz (52 GHz Band) designated for FWS (e.g. short-range digital point-to-point radio links in HDFS according to ITU-R Rec F.1496-1) | * Res.75 applies for HDFS. |
| **52.4 - 52.6GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE  5.547 5.556 | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE  5.547 5.556 | * Fixed services * Mobile services |  |
| **52.6 - 54.25 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive)  SPACE RESEARCH (passive)  5.340 5.556 | | |  | | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive)  SPACE RESEARCH (passive)  5.340 5.556 | * Passive sensing (53.6 – 59.3 GHz) |  |
| **54.25 - 55.78 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive)  INTER-SATELLITE 5.556A  SPACE RESEARCH (passive) | | | | | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive)  INTER-SATELLITE 5.556A  SPACE RESEARCH (passive) | * Passive sensing (53.6 – 59.3 GHz) |  |
| **55.78 - 56.9 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive)  FIXED 5.557A  INTER-SATELLITE 5.556A  MOBILE 5.558  SPACE RESEARCH (passive) 5.547 | | | | | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive)  FIXED 5.557A  INTER-SATELLITE 5.556A  MOBILE 5.558  SPACE RESEARCH (passive) 5.547 | * Passive sensing (53.6 – 59.3 GHz) | * Res.75 applies for HDFS. |
| **56.9 - 57 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive)  FIXED  INTER-SATELLITE 5.558A  MOBILE 5.558  SPACE RESEARCH (passive)  5.547 | | | | | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive)  FIXED  INTER-SATELLITE 5.558A  MOBILE 5.558  SPACE RESEARCH (passive)  5.547 | * Passive sensing (53.6 – 59.3 GHz) | * Res.75 applies for HDFS. |
| **57 - 58.2 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive)  FIXED  INTER-SATELLITE 5.556A  MOBILE 5.558  SPACE RESEARCH (passive)  5.547 | | | | | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive)  FIXED  INTER-SATELLITE 5.556A  MOBILE 5.558  SPACE RESEARCH (passive)  5.547 | * Passive sensing (53.6 – 59.3 GHz) * Fixed Links * Licence-exempt WAS/RLAN in the range 57 - 66 MHz e.g. Multiple GIGABIT wireless systems WAS/RLAN (57-66 GHz) * SRD Applications (57 – 64 GHz) | * Res.75 applies for HDFS. * Report ITU-R M.2227-X and Rec. ITU-R M.2003-X, EN 302 567 and * EN305 550 * ATU-R Recommendation 005-X applies in the range (57 – 66 GHz) |
| **58.2 - 59 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive)  FIXED  MOBILE  SPACE RESEARCH (passive)  5.547 5.556 | | | | | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive)  FIXED  MOBILE  SPACE RESEARCH (passive)  5.547 5.556 | * Licence-exempt WAS/RLAN in the range 57 - 66 MHz e.g. Multiple GIGABIT wireless systems WAS/RLAN * Passive sensing (53.6 – 59.3 GHz) | * Res.75 applies for HDFS. * EN 302567 applies for WiGig * ATU-R Recommendation 005-0 applies in the range (57 – 66 GHz) |
| **59 - 59.3 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive)  FIXED  INTER-SATELLITE 5.556A  MOBILE 5.558  RADIOLOCATION 5.559  SPACE RESEARCH (passive) | | |  | | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive)  FIXED  INTER-SATELLITE 5.556A  MOBILE 5.558  RADIOLOCATION 5.559  SPACE RESEARCH (passive) | * Licence-exempt WAS/RLAN in the range 57 - 66 MHz e.g. Multiple GIGABIT wireless systems WAS/RLAN * Passive sensing (53.6 – 59.3 GHz) | * EN 302567 applies for WiGig * ATU-R Recommendation 005-0 applies in the range (57 – 66 GHz) |
| **59.3 - 64 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  INTER-SATELLITE  MOBILE 5.558  RADIOLOCATION 5.559  5.138 | | | | | | | FIXED  INTER-SATELLITE  MOBILE 5.558  RADIOLOCATION 5.559  5.138 | * SRD applications (61-61.5 GHz): Reservoir Level Probing Radar (RLPR) * Licence-exempt WAS/RLAN in the range 57 - 66 MHz e.g. Multiple GIGABIT wireless systems WAS/RLAN | * ISM band (61-61.5 GHz) Center frequency 61.25 GHz * Rec. ITU-R SM.1896-X, Report ITU-R SM.2153-X * EN 302567 applies for WiGig * ATU-R Recommendation 005-0 applies in the range (57 – 66 GHz) |
| **64 - 65 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  INTER-SATELLITE  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile  5.547 5.556 | | | | | | | FIXED  INTER-SATELLITE  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile  5.547 5.556 | * Licence-exempt WAS/RLAN in the range 57 - 66 MHz e.g. Multiple GIGABIT wireless systems WAS/RLAN | * Res.75 applies for HDFS. * EN 302567 applies for WiGig * ATU-R Recommendation 005-0 applies in the range (57 – 66 GHz) |
| **65 - 66 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE  FIXED  INTER-SATELLITE  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile  SPACE RESEARCH  5.547 | | |  | | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE  FIXED  INTER-SATELLITE  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile  SPACE RESEARCH  5.547 | * Licence-exempt WAS/RLAN in the range 57 - 66 MHz e.g. Multiple GIGABIT wireless systems WAS/RLAN | * Res.75 applies for HDFS. * EN 302567 applies for WiGig * ATU-R Recommendation 005-0 applies in the range (57 – 66 GHz) |
| **66 - 71 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| INTER-SATELLITE  MOBILE 5.553 5.558 5.559AA  MOBILE-SATELLITE  RADIONAVIGATION  RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE  5.554 | | | | | | | INTER-SATELLITE  MOBILE 5.553 5.558 5.559AA  MOBILE-SATELLITE  RADIONAVIGATION  RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE  5.554 | * IMT (66-71 GHz) | * Res 241 (WRC-19) applies * The use of the band 66-71 GHz by WAS (e.g. WiGig) is subject to coexistance study under Res 241 |
| **71 - 74 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)  MOBILE  MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) | | | | | | | FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)  MOBILE  MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) | * Fixed links (71-76 GHz) | * Channelling plan in accordance with Rec. ITU-R F.2006 (Note: In this recommendation, this band is known as 70/80 GHz) |
| **74 - 76 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)  MOBILE  BROADCASTING  BROADCASTING-SATELLITE  Space research (space-to-Earth)  5.561 | | | | | | | FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)  MOBILE  BROADCASTING  BROADCASTING-SATELLITE  Space research (space-to-Earth)  5.561 | * Fixed links (71-76 GHz) * E-Band point to point links | * Channelling plan in accordance with Rec. ITU-R F.2006 (Note: In this recommendation, this band is known as 70/80 GHz) |
| **76 - 77.5 GHz** | | |  | | | |  |  |  |
| RADIO ASTRONOMY  RADIOLOCATION  Amateur  Amateur-satellite  Space research (space-to-Earth)  5.149 | | | | | | | RADIO ASTRONOMY  RADIOLOCATION  Amateur  Amateur-satellite  Space research (space-to-Earth)  5.149 | * Radio Astronomy (Observations of continuum lines and celestial objects)   SRD:   * Road Transport and Traffic Telematics Radar (76 – 77 GHz) * Reservoir Level Probing Radar (RLPR) | * ISM Band (76 – 77 GHz Rec. ITU-R M.1452, Report ITU-R .SM. 2153-X |
| **77.5 - 78 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| AMATEUR  AMATEUR-SATELLITE  RADIOLOCATION 5.559B  Radio astronomy  Space research (space-to-Earth)  5.149 | | | | | | | AMATEUR  AMATEUR-SATELLITE  RADIOLOCATION 5.559B  Radio astronomy  Space research (space-to-Earth)  5.149 | * Radio Astronomy (Observations of continuum lines and celestial objects) |  |
| **78 - 79 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| RADIOLOCATION  Amateur  Amateur-satellite  Radio astronomy  Space research (space-to-Earth)  5.149 5.560 | | | | | | | RADIOLOCATION  Amateur  Amateur-satellite  Radio astronomy  Space research (space-to-Earth)  5.149 5.560 | * Radio Astronomy (Observations of continuum lines and celestial objects) |  |
| **79 - 81 GHz** | | | |  | | | | | |
| RADIO ASTRONOMY  RADIOLOCATION  Amateur  Amateur-satellite  Space research (space-to-Earth)  5.149 | | | | | | | RADIO ASTRONOMY  RADIOLOCATION  Amateur  Amateur-satellite  Space research (space-to-Earth)  5.149 | * Radio Astronomy (Observations of continuum lines and celestial objects) |  |
| **81 - 84 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED 5.338A  FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)  MOBILE  MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)  RADIO ASTRONOMY  Space research (space-to-Earth)  5.149 5.561A | | | | | | | FIXED 5.338A  FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)  MOBILE  MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)  RADIO ASTRONOMY  Space research (space-to-Earth)  5.149 5.561A | * Radio Astronomy (Observations of continuum lines and celestial objects ) * Fixed links (81-86 GHz) * E-Band point to point links | * Channelling plan in accordance with Rec. ITU-R F.2006 (Note: In this recommendation, this band is known as 70/80 GHz). |
| **84 - 86 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED 5.338A  FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)  MOBILE  RADIO ASTRONOMY  5.149 | | | | | | | FIXED 5.338A  FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)  MOBILE  RADIO ASTRONOMY  5.149 | * Radio Astronomy (Observations of continuum lines and celestial objects) * Fixed links (81-86 GHz) | * Channelling plan in accordance with Rec. ITU-R F.2006 (Note: In this recommendation, this band is known as 70/80 GHz) |
| **86 - 92 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive)  RADIO ASTRONOMY  SPACE RESEARCH (passive)  5.340 | | | | | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive)  RADIO ASTRONOMY  SPACE RESEARCH (passive)  5.340 | * Radio Astronomy (Observations of continuum lines and celestial objects) |  |
| **92 - 94 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED 5.338A  MOBILE  RADIO ASTRONOMY  RADIOLOCATION  5.149 | | | | | | | FIXED 5.338A  MOBILE  RADIO ASTRONOMY  RADIOLOCATION  5.149 | * Radio Astronomy (Observations of continuum lines and celestial objects and Spectral line observation of diazenylium) |  |
| **94 - 94.1 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active)  RADIOLOCATION  SPACE RESEARCH (active)  Radio astronomy  5.562 5.562A | | | | | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active)  RADIOLOCATION  SPACE RESEARCH (active)  Radio astronomy  5.562 5.562A | * Radio Astronomy (Observations of continuum lines and celestial objects and Spectral line observation of diazenylium) * Short Range Radar Systems * Cloud Profile Radar |  |
| **94.1 - 95 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE  RADIO ASTRONOMY  RADIOLOCATION  5.149 | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE  RADIO ASTRONOMY  RADIOLOCATION  5.149 | * Radio Astronomy (Observations of continuum lines and celestial objects and Spectral line observation of diazenylium) * Short Range Radar Systems |  |
| **95 - 100 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE  RADIO ASTRONOMY  RADIOLOCATION  RADIONAVIGATION  RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE  5.149 5.554 | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE  RADIO ASTRONOMY  RADIOLOCATION  RADIONAVIGATION  RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE  5.149 5.554 | * Radio Astronomy (Observations of continuum lines and celestial objects and Observation of carbon monosulphide, sulphur monoxide and methyl acetylene) |  |
| **100 - 102 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive)  RADIO ASTRONOMY  SPACE RESEARCH (passive)  5.340 5.341 | | | | | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive)  RADIO ASTRONOMY  SPACE RESEARCH (passive)  5.340 5.341 | * Radio Astronomy (Observations of continuum lines and celestial objects and Observation of carbon monosulphide, sulphur monoxide and methyl acetylene) |  |
| **102 - 105 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE  RADIO ASTRONOMY  5.149 5.341 | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE  RADIO ASTRONOMY  5.149 5.341 | * Radio Astronomy (Observations of continuum lines and celestial objects and Observation of carbon monosulphide, sulphur monoxide and methyl acetylene) |  |
| **105 - 109.5 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE  RADIO ASTRONOMY  SPACE RESEARCH (passive)  5.562B  5.149 5.341 | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE  RADIO ASTRONOMY  SPACE RESEARCH (passive)  5.562B  5.149 5.341 | * Radio Astronomy (Observations of continuum lines and celestial objects and Spectral line observation and observations of carbon monoxide) |  |
| **109.5 - 111.8 GHz** | | |  | | | |  |  |  |
| EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive)  RADIO ASTRONOMY  SPACE RESEARCH (passive) 5.340 5.341 | | | | | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive)  RADIO ASTRONOMY  SPACE RESEARCH (passive) 5.340 5.341 | * Radio Astronomy (Observations of continuum lines and celestial objects and Spectral line observation and observations of carbon monoxide) |  |
| **111.8 - 114.25 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE  RADIO ASTRONOMY  SPACE RESEARCH (passive)  5.562B  5.149 5.341 | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE  RADIO ASTRONOMY  SPACE RESEARCH (passive)  5.562B  5.149 5.341 | * Radio Astronomy (Observations of continuum lines and celestial objects and Spectral line observation and observations of carbon monoxide) |  |
| **114.25 - 116 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive)  RADIO ASTRONOMY  SPACE RESEARCH (passive)  5.340 5.341 | | | | | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive)  RADIO ASTRONOMY  SPACE RESEARCH (passive)  5.340 5.341 | * Radio Astronomy (Observations of continuum lines and celestial objects and Spectral line observation and observations of carbon monoxide) |  |
| **116 - 119.98 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive)  INTER-SATELLITE 5.562C  SPACE RESEARCH (passive)  5.341 | | | | | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive)  INTER-SATELLITE 5.562C  SPACE RESEARCH (passive)  5.341 |  |  |
| **119.98 - 122.25 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive)  INTER-SATELLITE 5.562C  SPACE RESEARCH (passive)  5.138 5.341 | | | | | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive)  INTER-SATELLITE 5.562C  SPACE RESEARCH (passive)  5.138 5.341 | * SRD Applications |  |
| **122.25 - 123 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  INTER-SATELLITE  MOBILE 5.558  Amateur  5.138 | | | | | | | FIXED  INTER-SATELLITE  MOBILE 5.558  Amateur  5.138 | * SRD Applications |  |
| **123 - 130 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)  MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)  RADIONAVIGATION  RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE  Radio astronomy  5.149 5.554 | | | | | | | FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)  MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)  RADIONAVIGATION  RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE  Radio astronomy  5.149 5.554 | * Radio Astronomy (Observation of Formaldehyde, Deuterated Hydrogen cyanide and carbon monoxide) |  |
| **130 - 134 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) 5.562E  FIXED  INTER-SATELLITE  MOBILE 5.558  RADIO ASTRONOMY  5.149 5.562A | | | | | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) 5.562E  FIXED  INTER-SATELLITE  MOBILE 5.558  RADIO ASTRONOMY  5.149 5.562A | * Radio Astronomy (Observation of Formaldehyde, Deuterated Hydrogen cyanide and carbon monoxide) |  |
| **134 - 136 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| AMATEUR  AMATEUR-SATELLITE  Radio astronomy | | |  | | | | AMATEUR  AMATEUR-SATELLITE  Radio astronomy | * Radio Astronomy (Observation of Formaldehyde, Deuterated Hydrogen cyanide and carbon monoxide) |  |
| **136 - 141 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| RADIO ASTRONOMY  RADIOLOCATION  Amateur  Amateur-satellite  5.149 | | |  | | | | RADIO ASTRONOMY  RADIOLOCATION  Amateur  Amateur-satellite  5.149 | * Radio Astronomy (Observation of Formaldehyde, Deuterated Hydrogen cyanide and carbon monoxide) |  |
| **141 - 148.5 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE  RADIO ASTRONOMY  RADIOLOCATION  5.149 | | |  | | | | FIXED  MOBILE  RADIO ASTRONOMY  RADIOLOCATION  5.149 | * Radio Astronomy (Observation of Formaldehyde, Deuterated Hydrogen cyanide and carbon monoxide) |  |
| **148.5 - 151.5 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive)  RADIO ASTRONOMY  SPACE RESEARCH (passive)  5.340 | | | | | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive)  RADIO ASTRONOMY  SPACE RESEARCH (passive)  5.340 | * Radio Astronomy (Observation of Formaldehyde, Deuterated Hydrogen cyanide, and carbon monoxide) |  |
| **151.5 - 155.5 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE  RADIO ASTRONOMY  RADIOLOCATION  5.149 | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE  RADIO ASTRONOMY  RADIOLOCATION  5.149 | * Radio Astronomy (Observation of Formaldehyde, Deuterated Hydrogen cyanide and carbon monoxide) |  |
| **155.5 - 158.5 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE  RADIO ASTRONOMY  5.149 | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE  RADIO ASTRONOMY  5.149 | * Radio Astronomy (Observation of Formaldehyde, Deuterated Hydrogen cyanide and carbon monoxide) |  |
| **158.5 - 164 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)  MOBILE  MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) | | | | | | | FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)  MOBILE  MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) |  |  |
| **164 - 167 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive)  RADIO ASTRONOMY  SPACE RESEARCH (passive)  5.340 | | | | | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive)  RADIO ASTRONOMY  SPACE RESEARCH (passive)  5.340 | * Radio Astronomy (Continuum Observations) |  |
| **167 - 174.5 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)  INTER-SATELLITE  MOBILE 5.558  5.149 | | | | | | | FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)  INTER-SATELLITE  MOBILE 5.558  5.149 |  | * In making assignments to stations in the frequency band 168-174.5 GHz, administrations are urged to give consideration to Radio Astronomy applications as per RR n° 5.149 |
| **174.5 - 174.8 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  INTER-SATELLITE  MOBILE 5.558 | | | | | | | FIXED  INTER-SATELLITE  MOBILE 5.558 |  |  |
| **174.8 - 182 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive)  INTER-SATELLITE 5.562H  SPACE RESEARCH (passive) | | | | | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive)  INTER-SATELLITE 5.562H  SPACE RESEARCH (passive) |  |  |
| **182 - 185 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive)  RADIO ASTRONOMY  SPACE RESEARCH (passive)  5.340 | | | | | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive)  RADIO ASTRONOMY  SPACE RESEARCH (passive)  5.340 | * Radio Astronomy (Observation of H20) |  |
| **185 - 190 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive)  INTER-SATELLITE 5.562H  SPACE RESEARCH (passive) | | | | | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive)  INTER-SATELLITE 5.562H  SPACE RESEARCH (passive) |  |  |
| **190 - 191.8 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive)  SPACE RESEARCH (passive) 5.340 | | | | | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive)  SPACE RESEARCH (passive)  5.340 |  |  |
| **191.8 - 200 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  INTER-SATELLITE  MOBILE 5.558  MOBILE-SATELLITE  RADIONAVIGATION  RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE  5.149 5.341 5.554 | | | | | | | FIXED  INTER-SATELLITE  MOBILE 5.558  MOBILE-SATELLITE  RADIONAVIGATION  RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE  5.149 5.341 5.554 |  | * In making assignments to stations in the frequency band 191.8 – 231.5 GHz, administrations are urged to give consideration to Radio Astronomy applications as per RR n° 5.149 |
| **200 - 209 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive)  RADIO ASTRONOMY  SPACE RESEARCH (passive)  5.340 5.341 5.563A | | | | | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive)  RADIO ASTRONOMY  SPACE RESEARCH (passive)  5.340 5.341 5.563A | * Radio Astronomy (Observation of carbon monoxide) |  |
| **209 - 217 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)  MOBILE  RADIO ASTRONOMY  5.149 5.341 | | | | | | | FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)  MOBILE  RADIO ASTRONOMY  5.149 5.341 | * Radio Astronomy (Observation of carbon monoxide) |  |
| **217 - 226 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)  MOBILE  RADIO ASTRONOMY  SPACE RESEARCH (passive)  5.562B  5.149 5.341 | | | | | | | FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)  MOBILE  RADIO ASTRONOMY  SPACE RESEARCH (passive)  5.562B  5.149 5.341 | * Radio Astronomy (Observation of carbon monoxide) |  |
| **226 - 231.5 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive)  RADIO ASTRONOMY  SPACE RESEARCH (passive)  5.340 | | | | | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive)  RADIO ASTRONOMY  SPACE RESEARCH (passive)  5.340 | * Radio Astronomy (Observation of carbon monoxide) |  |
| **231.5 - 232 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE  Radiolocation | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE  Radiolocation |  |  |
| **232 - 235 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)  MOBILE  Radiolocation | | | | | | | FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)  MOBILE  Radiolocation |  |  |
| **235 - 238 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive)  FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)  SPACE RESEARCH (passive)  5.563A 5.563B | | | | | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive)  FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)  SPACE RESEARCH (passive)  5.563A 5.563B |  |  |
| **238 - 240 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)  MOBILE  RADIOLOCATION  RADIONAVIGATION  RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE | | | | | | | FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)  MOBILE  RADIOLOCATION  RADIONAVIGATION  RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE |  |  |
| **240 - 241 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE  RADIOLOCATION | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE  RADIOLOCATION |  |  |
| **241 - 248 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| RADIO ASTRONOMY  RADIOLOCATION  Amateur  Amateur-satellite  5.138 5.149 | | | | | | | RADIO ASTRONOMY  RADIOLOCATION  Amateur  Amateur-satellite  5.138 5.149 | * Radio Astronomy (Observation of spectral lines of C2H, HCN Hydrogen cyanide, HCO+ and formallyl) * SRD Applications | * ISM Band (244 – 246 GHz) centre frequency 245 GHz * Rec. ITU-R SM.1896-X * Report ITU-R SM.2153-X |
| **248 - 250 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| AMATEUR  AMATEUR-SATELLITE  Radio astronomy  5.149 | | | | | | | AMATEUR  AMATEUR-SATELLITE  Radio astronomy  5.149 | * Radio astronomy (Observation of spectral lines of C2H, HCN Hydrogen cyanide, HCO+ and formallyl) |  |
| **250 - 252 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive)  RADIO ASTRONOMY  SPACE RESEARCH (passive)  5.340 5.563A | | | | | | | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive)  RADIO ASTRONOMY  SPACE RESEARCH (passive)  5.340 5.563A | * Radio Astronomy (Observation of spectral lines of C2H, HCN Hydrogen cyanide, HCO+ and formallyl) |  |
| **252 - 265 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  MOBILE  MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)  RADIO ASTRONOMY  RADIONAVIGATION  RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE  5.149 5.554 | | | | | | | FIXED  MOBILE  MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)  RADIO ASTRONOMY  RADIONAVIGATION  RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE  5.149 5.554 | * Radio Astronomy (Observation of spectral lines of C2H, HCN Hydrogen cyani**de, HCO+ and formallyl)** |  |
| **265 - 275 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)  MOBILE  RADIO ASTRONOMY  5.149 5.563A | | | | | | | FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)  MOBILE  RADIO ASTRONOMY  5.149 5.563A | * Radio Astronomy (Observation of spectral lines of C2H, HCN Hydrogen cyanide, HCO+ and formallyl) | * Radio Astronomy (Observation of spectral lines of C2H, HCN Hydrogen cyanide, HCO+ and formallyl) |
| **275 - 3000 GHz** | | |  | | | | | | |
| (Not allocated) 5.564A 5.565 | | | | | | | (Not allocated) 5.564A 5.565 |  |  |

**5. BAND PLANS AND FREQUENCY MIGRATION/RE-FARMING**

The high-level scope of EAC RFSAP does not include detailed information regarding the various spectrum bands. Detailed information found in band plans such as channelling plans (frequency pairing and guard bands), maximum power levels, migration/re-farming plans, etc, are contained in separate documents as band plans, as appropriate. Where available, these could be annexed or referenced in EAC RFSAP, as appropriate. A good example is the bands plans related to the Digital Dividend bands as found in the [***AU Guidelines on the Harmonized Use of the Digital Dividend bands in Africa***](https://www.nepad.org/publication/african-union-commission-guidelines-harmonized-use-of-digital-dividend-africa)**.**

# FUTURE EDITIONS

This plan will be amended from-time-to-time, and new editions produced as a result, on account of major developments in the spectrum sector that have a material impact on the substance of the plan such as the outcomes of the WRCs and other institutions such as the Radio Regulations Board (RRB) of the ITU, as well as, appropriate developments within the sub-regions/countries, among others. As a general rule, EAC RFSAP will therefore be amended preferably not later than twelve (12) months after the official publication of the RR following a WRC, and such other publications which impacts on the substance of the text of EAC RFSAP. Biennial (every 2 years) revision is desired.

# REVISION

An update of the EAC RFSAP and its attachments will be carried out at least after every WRC based on revision of application and standards, following national consultation by Member States. The responsibility of the revision of the EA RFSAP document will be initiated by the EACO Secretariat.

# RECOMMENDATIONS

* 1. EAC Member States are encouraged and invited, where practically possible, and as necessary and appropriate, to harmonize their National frequency allocation plans with this plan taking into account their national/sub-regional needs.
  2. All East African countries are invited to review the RR footnotes in which they are named to ascertain the continued need of their countries’ names in those footnotes as part of the preparation towards relevant WRC agenda item.

# ANNEXES

The following additional information is contained as annexes to EAC RFSAP:

* Annex A: List of ITU Radio Regulation footnotes
* Annex B: Radio Regulations footnotes with reference to EAC African countries
* Annex C: Satellite Planned Bands orbital slots relevant to EAC countries
* Annex D: Satellite Planned Bands relevant to EAC countries
* Annex E: Spectrum Bands Identified for IMT

## Annex A: List of ITU Radio Regulations footnotes referenced/relevant for/in Columns 1 and 2

**5.53** Administrations authorising the use of frequencies below 8.3 kHz shall ensure that no harmful interference is caused thereby to the services to which the bands above 8.3 kHz are allocated.

**5.54** Administrations conducting scientific research using frequencies below 8.3 kHz are urged to advise other administrations that may be concerned in order that such research may be afforded all practicable protection from harmful interference.

**5.54A** Use of the 8.3-11.3 kHz frequency band by stations in the meteorological aids service is limited to passive use only. In the band 9-11.3 kHz, meteorological aids stations shall not claim protection from stations of the radionavigation service submitted for notification to the Bureau prior to 1 January 2013. For sharing between stations of the meteorological aids service and stations in the radionavigation service submitted for notification after this date, the most recent version of Recommendation ITU-R RS.1881 should be applied.

**5.54B** *Additional allocation:* in Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, the Russian Federation, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Kuwait, Lebanon, Morocco, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, Sudan and Tunisia, the frequency band 8.3-9 kHz is also allocated to the radionavigation, fixed and mobile services on a primary basis. (WRC-15)

**5.54C** *Additional allocation:* in China, the frequency band 8.3-9 kHz is also allocated to the maritime radionavigation and maritime mobile services on a primary basis.

**5.55** *Additional allocation:* in Armenia, the Russian Federation, Georgia, Kyrgyzstan, Tajikistan and Turkmenistan, the frequency band 14-17 kHz is also allocated to the radionavigation service on a primary basis. (WRC-15)

**5.56** The stations of services to which the bands 14-19.95 kHz and 20.05-70 kHz and in Region 1 also the bands 72-84 kHz and 86-90 kHz are allocated may transmit standard frequency and time signals. Such stations shall be afforded protection from harmful interference. In Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Bulgaria, the Russian Federation, Georgia, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, , Tajikistan and Turkmenistan, the frequencies 25 kHz and 50 kHz will be used for this purpose under the same conditions.     (WRC-12)

**5.57** The use of the bands 14-19.95 kHz, 20.05-70 kHz and 70-90 kHz (72-84 kHz and 86-90 kHz in Region 1) by the maritime mobile service is limited to coast radiotelegraph stations (A1A and F1B only). Exceptionally, the use of class J2B or J7B emissions is authorized subject to the necessary bandwidth not exceeding that normally used for class A1A or F1B emissions in the band concerned.

**5.58** *Additional allocation:*in Armenia, Azerbaijan, the Russian Federation, Georgia, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Tajikistan and Turkmenistan, the band 67-70 kHz is also allocated to the radionavigation service on a primary basis.     (WRC-2000)

**5.60** In the bands 70-90 kHz (70-86 kHz in Region 1) and 110-130 kHz (112-130 kHz in Region 1), pulsed radionavigation systems may be used on condition that they do not cause harmful interference to other services to which these bands are allocated.

**5.62** Administrations which operate stations in the radionavigation service in the band 90-110 kHz are urged to coordinate technical and operating characteristics in such a way as to avoid harmful interference to the services provided by these stations.

**5.64** Only classes A1A or F1B, A2C, A3C, F1C or F3C emissions are authorized for stations of the fixed service in the bands allocated to this service between 90 kHz and 160 kHz (148.5 kHz in Region 1) and for stations of the maritime mobile service in the bands allocated to this service between 110 kHz and 160 kHz (148.5 kHz in Region 1). Exceptionally, class J2B or J7B emissions are also authorized in the bands between 110 kHz and 160 kHz (148.5 kHz in Region 1) for stations of the maritime mobile service.

**5.66** *Different category of service:*in Germany, the allocations of the band 115-117.6 kHz to the fixed and maritime mobile services is on a primary basis (see No. 5.33) and to the radionavigation service on a secondary basis (see No. **5.32**).

**5.67** *Additional allocation:*in Kyrgyzstan and Turkmenistan, the frequency band 130-148.5 kHz is also allocated to the radionavigation service on a secondary basis. Within and between these countries this service shall have an equal right to operate.     (WRC-19)

**5.67A** Stations in the amateur service using frequencies in the band 135.7-137.8 kHz shall not exceed a maximum radiated power of 1 W (e.i.r.p.) and shall not cause harmful interference to stations of the radionavigation service operating in countries listed in No. **5.67**.     (WRC-07)

**5.67B** The use of the frequency band 135.7-137.8 kHz in Algeria, Egypt, Iraq, Lebanon, Syrian Arab Republic, Sudan, South Sudan and Tunisia is limited to the fixed and maritime mobile services. The amateur service shall not be used in the above-mentioned countries in the frequency band 135.7-137.8 kHz, and this should be taken into account by the countries authorizing such use.    (WRC-19)

**5.68** *Alternative allocation:* in Congo (Rep. of the), the Dem. Rep. of the Congo and South Africa, the frequency band 160-200 kHz is allocated to the fixed service on a primary basis. (WRC-15)

**5.69** *Additional allocation:*in Somalia, the band 200-255 kHz is also allocated to the aeronautical radionavigation service on a primary basis.

**5.70** *Alternative allocation:*in Angola, Botswana, Burundi, the Central African Rep., Congo (Rep. of the), Eswatini, Ethiopia, Kenya, Lesotho, Madagascar, Malawi, Mozambique, Namibia, Nigeria, Oman, the Dem. Rep. of the Congo, South Africa, Tanzania, Chad, Zambia and Zimbabwe, the frequency band 200-283.5 kHz is allocated to the aeronautical radionavigation service on a primary basis.    (WRC-19)

**5.73** The band 285-325 kHz (283.5-325 kHz in Region 1) in the maritime radionavigation service may be used to transmit supplementary navigational information using narrow-band techniques, on condition that no harmful interference is caused to radiobeacon stations operating in the radionavigation service.     (WRC-97)

**5.74** *Additional Allocation:*in Region 1, the frequency band 285.3-285.7 kHz is also allocated to the maritime radionavigation service (other than radiobeacons) on a primary basis.

**5.75** *Different category of service:*in Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, the Russian Federation, Georgia, Moldova, Kyrgyzstan, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan, Ukraine and the Black Sea areas of Romania, the allocation of the band 315-325 kHz to the maritime radionavigation service is on a primary basis under the condition that in the Baltic Sea area, the assignment of frequencies in this band to new stations in the maritime or aeronautical radionavigation services shall be subject to prior consultation between the administrations concerned.     (WRC-07)

**5.76** The frequency 410 kHz is designated for radio direction-finding in the maritime radionavigation service. The other radionavigation services to which the band 405-415 kHz is allocated shall not cause harmful interference to radio direction-finding in the band 406.5-413.5 kHz.

**5.77** *Different category of service:* in Australia, China, the French overseas communities of Region 3, Korea (Rep. of), India, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Japan, Pakistan, Papua New Guinea, the Dem. People’s Rep. of Korea and Sri Lanka, the allocation of the frequency band 415-495 kHz to the aeronautical radionavigation service is on a primary basis. In Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, the Russian Federation, Kazakhstan, Latvia, Uzbekistan and Kyrgyzstan, the allocation of the frequency band 435-495 kHz to the aeronautical radionavigation service is on a primary basis. Administrations in all the aforementioned countries shall take all practical steps necessary to ensure that aeronautical radionavigation stations in the frequency band 435-495 kHz do not cause interference to reception by coast stations of transmissions from ship stations on frequencies designated for ship stations on a worldwide basis.    (WRC-19)

**5.79** In the maritime mobile service, the frequency bands 415-495 kHz and 505-526.5 kHz are limited to radiotelegraphy and may also be used for the NAVDAT system in accordance with the most recent version of Recommendation ITU-R M.2010, subject to agreement between interested and affected administrations. NAVDAT transmitting stations are limited to coast stations.     (WRC-19)

**5.79A** When establishing coast stations in the NAVTEX service on the frequencies 490 kHz, 518 kHz and 4 209.5 kHz, administrations are strongly recommended to coordinate the operating characteristics in accordance with the procedures of the International Maritime Organization (IMO) (see Resolution **339 (Rev.WRC-07)**). (WRC-07)

**5.80** In Region 2, the use of the band 435-495 kHz by the aeronautical radionavigation service is limited to non-directional beacons not employing voice transmission.

**5.80A** The maximum equivalent isotropically radiated power (e.i.r.p.) of stations in the amateur service using frequencies in the band 472-479 kHz shall not exceed 1 W. Administrations may increase this limit of e.i.r.p. to 5 W in portions of their territory which are at a distance of over 800 km from the borders of Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Azerbaijan, Bahrain, Belarus, China, Comoros, Djibouti, Egypt, United Arab Emirates, the Russian Federation, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Libya, Morocco, Mauritania, Oman, Uzbekistan, Qatar, Syrian Arab Republic, Kyrgyzstan, Somalia, Sudan, Tunisia, Ukraine and Yemen. In this frequency band, stations in the amateur service shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from, stations of the aeronautical radionavigation service.

**5.80B** The use of the frequency band 472-479 kHz in Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Azerbaijan, Bahrain, Belarus, China, Comoros, Djibouti, Egypt, United Arab Emirates, the Russian Federation, Iraq, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Libya, Mauritania, Oman, Uzbekistan, Qatar, Syrian Arab Republic, Kyrgyzstan, Somalia, Sudan, Tunisia and Yemen is limited to the maritime mobile and aeronautical radionavigation services. The amateur service shall not be used in the abovementioned countries in this frequency band, and this should be taken into account by the countries authorizing such use.

**5.82** In the maritime mobile service, the frequency 490 kHz is to be used exclusively for the transmission by coast stations of navigational and meteorological warnings and urgent information to ships, by means of narrow-band direct-printing telegraphy. The conditions for use of the frequency 490 kHz are prescribed in Articles 31 and 52. In using the frequency band 415-495 kHz for the aeronautical radionavigation service, administrations are requested to ensure that no harmful interference is caused to the frequency 490 kHz. In using the frequency band 472-479 kHz for the amateur service, administrations shall ensure that no harmful interference is caused to the frequency 490 kHz. (WRC-12)

**5.82C** The frequency band 495-505 kHz is used for the international NAVDAT system as described in the most recent version of Recommendation ITU-R M.2010. NAVDAT transmitting stations are limited to coast stations.     (WRC-19)

**5.84** The conditions for the use of the frequency 518 kHz by the maritime mobile service are prescribed in Articles **31** and **52**.     (WRC-07)

**5.87** *Additional allocation:*  in Angola, Botswana, Eswatini, Lesotho, Malawi, Mozambique, Namibia and Niger, the frequency band 526.5-535 kHz is also allocated to the mobile service on a secondary basis. (WRC 19)

**5.87A** *Additional allocation:*in Uzbekistan, the band 526.5-1 606.5 kHz is also allocated to the radionavigation service on a primary basis. Such use is subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21** with administrations concerned and limited to ground-based radiobeacons in operation on 27 October 1997 until the end of their lifetime.     (WRC-97)

**5.90** In the band 1 605-1 705 kHz, in cases where a broadcasting station of Region 2 is concerned, the service area of the maritime mobile stations in Region 1 shall be limited to that provided by ground-wave propagation.

**5.92** Some countries of Region 1 use radiodetermination systems in the bands 1 606.5-1 625 kHz, 1 635-1 800 kHz, 1 850-2 160 kHz, 2 194-2 300 kHz, 2 502-2 850 kHz and 3 500-3 800 kHz, subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21**. The radiated mean power of these stations shall not exceed 50 W.

**5.93** *Additional allocation:* in Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, the Russian Federation, Georgia, Hungary, Kazakhstan, Latvia, Lithuania, Mongolia, Nigeria, Uzbekistan, Poland, Kyrgyzstan, Slovakia, Tajikistan, Chad, Turkmenistan and Ukraine, the frequency bands 1 625-1 635 kHz, 1 800-1 810 kHz and 2 160-2 170 kHz are also allocated to the fixed and land mobile services on a primary basis, subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21**. (WRC-15)

**5.96** In Germany, Armenia, Austria, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Croatia, Denmark, Estonia, the Russian Federation, Finland, Georgia, Hungary, Ireland, Iceland, Israel, Kazakhstan, Latvia, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Malta, Moldova, Norway, Uzbekistan, Poland, Kyrgyzstan, Slovakia, the Czech Rep., the United Kingdom, Sweden, Switzerland, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan and Ukraine, administrations may allocate up to 200 kHz to their amateur service in the frequency bands 1 715-1 800 kHz and 1 850-2 000 kHz. However, when allocating the frequency bands within this range to their amateur service, administrations shall, after prior consultation with administrations of neighbouring countries, take such steps as may be necessary to prevent harmful interference from their amateur service to the fixed and mobile services of other countries. The mean power of any amateur station shall not exceed 10 W. (WRC-15)

**5.98** *Alternative allocation*: in Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Belgium, Cameroon, Congo (Rep. of the), Denmark, Egypt, Eritrea, Spain, Ethiopia, the Russian Federation, Georgia, Greece, Italy, Kazakhstan, Lebanon, Lithuania, the Syrian Arab Republic, Kyrgyzstan, Somalia, Tajikistan, Tunisia, Turkmenistan and Turkey, the frequency band 1 810-1 830 kHz is allocated to the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile, services on a primary basis. (WRC-15)

**5.99** *Additional allocation:*in Saudi Arabia, Austria, Iraq, Libya, Uzbekistan, Slovakia, Romania, Serbia, Slovenia, Chad, and Togo, the band 1 810-1 830 kHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile, services on a primary basis.  (WRC-12)

**5.100** In Region 1, the authorization to use the band 1 810-1 830 kHz by the amateur service in countries situated totally or partially north of 40° N shall be given only after consultation with the countries mentioned in Nos. **5.98** and **5.99** to define the necessary steps to be taken to prevent harmful interference between amateur stations and stations of other services operating in accordance with Nos. **5.98** and **5.99**.

**5.103** In Region 1, in making assignments to stations in the fixed and mobile services in the bands 1 850-2 045 kHz, 2 194-2 498 kHz, 2 502-2 625 kHz and 2 650-2 850 kHz, administrations should bear in mind the special requirements of the maritime mobile service.

**5.104** In Region 1, the use of the band 2 025-2 045 kHz by the meteorological aids service is limited to oceanographic buoy stations.

**5.107** *Additional allocation:* in Saudi Arabia, Eritrea, Eswatini, Ethiopia, Iraq, Libya and Somalia, the frequency band 2 160-2 170 kHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile (R), services on a primary basis. The mean power of stations in these services shall not exceed 50 W.    (WRC-19)

**5.108** The carrier frequency 2 182 kHz is an international distress and calling frequency for radiotelephony. The conditions for the use of the band 2 173.5-2 190.5 kHz are prescribed in Articles **31** and **52**.     (WRC-07)

**5.109** The frequencies 2 187.5 kHz, 4 207.5 kHz, 6 312 kHz, 8 414.5 kHz, 12 577 kHz and 16 804.5 kHz are international distress frequencies for digital selective calling. The conditions for the use of these frequencies are prescribed in Article **31**.

**5.110** The frequencies 2 174.5 kHz, 4 177.5 kHz, 6 268 kHz, 8 376.5 kHz, 12 520 kHz and 16 695 kHz are international distress frequencies for narrow-band direct-printing telegraphy. The conditions for the use of these frequencies are prescribed in Article **31**.

**5.111** The carrier frequencies 2 182 kHz, 3 023 kHz, 5 680 kHz, 8 364 kHz and the frequencies 121.5 MHz, 156.525 MHz, 156.8 MHz and 243 MHz may also be used, in accordance with the procedures in force for terrestrial radiocommunication services, for search and rescue operations concerning manned space vehicles. The conditions for the use of the frequencies are prescribed in Article **31**.

The same applies to the frequencies 10 003 kHz, 14 993 kHz and 19 993 kHz, but in each of these cases emissions must be confined in a band of  3 kHz about the frequency.     (WRC-07)

**5.112** *Alternative allocation:*  in Sri Lanka, the frequency band 2 194-2 300 kHz is allocated to the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile, services on a primary basis.    (WRC-19)

**5.113** For the conditions for the use of the bands 2 300-2 495 kHz (2 498 kHz in Region 1), 3 200-3 400 kHz, 4 750-4 995 kHz and 5 005-5 060 kHz by the broadcasting service, see Nos. **5.16** to **5.20**, **5.21** and **23.3** to **23.10**.

**5.114** *Alternative allocation*:  in Iraq, the frequency band 2 502-2 625 kHz is allocated to the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile, services on a primary basis.    (WRC-19)

**5.115** The carrier (reference) frequencies 3 023 kHz and 5 680 kHz may also be used, in accordance with Article **31**, by stations of the maritime mobile service engaged in coordinated search and rescue operations.  (WRC-07)

**5.116** Administrations are urged to authorize the use of the band 3 155-3 195 kHz to provide a common worldwide channel for low power wireless hearing aids. Additional channels for these devices may be assigned by administrations in the bands between 3 155 kHz and 3 400 kHz to suit local needs.

It should be noted that frequencies in the range 3 000 kHz to 4 000 kHz are suitable for hearing aid devices which are designed to operate over short distances within the induction field.

**5.117** *Alternative allocation*:  in Côte d'Ivoire, Egypt, Liberia, Sri Lanka and Togo, the frequency band 3 155-3 200 kHz is allocated to the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile, services on a primary basis.    (WRC-19)

**5.118** *Additional allocation:*in the United States, Mexico and Peru, the frequency band 3 230-3 400 kHz is also allocated to the radiolocation service on a secondary basis.     (WRC-19)

**5.123** *Additional allocation:* in Botswana, Eswatini, Lesotho, Malawi, Mozambique, Namibia, South Africa, Zambia and Zimbabwe, the frequency band 3 900-3 950 kHz is also allocated to the broadcasting service on a primary basis, subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21.** (WRC 19)

**5.127** The use of the band 4 000-4 063 kHz by the maritime mobile service is limited to ship stations using radiotelephony (see No. **52.220** and Appendix **17**)**.**

**5.128** Frequencies in the frequency bands 4 063-4 123 kHz and 4 130-4 438 kHz may be used exceptionally by stations in the fixed service, communicating only within the boundary of the country in which they are located, with a mean power not exceeding 50 W, on condition that harmful interference is not caused to the maritime mobile service. In addition, in Afghanistan, Argentina, Armenia, Belarus, Botswana, Burkina Faso, the Central African Rep., China, the Russian Federation, Georgia, India, Kazakhstan, Mali, Niger, Pakistan, Kyrgyzstan, Tajikistan, Chad, Turkmenistan and Ukraine, in the frequency bands 4 063-4 123 kHz, 4 130-4 133 kHz and 4 408-4 438 kHz, stations in the fixed service, with a mean power not exceeding 1 kW, can be operated on condition that they are situated at least 600 km from the coast and that harmful interference is not caused to the maritime mobile service.    (WRC-19)

**5.130** The conditions for the use of the carrier frequencies 4 125 kHz and 6 215 kHz are prescribed in Articles **31** and **52**.     (WRC-07)

**5.131** The frequency 4 209.5 kHz is used exclusively for the transmission by coast stations of meteorological and navigational warnings and urgent information to ships by means of narrow-band direct-printing techniques. (WRC-97)

**5.132** The frequencies 4 210 kHz, 6 314 kHz, 8 416.5 kHz, 12 579 kHz, 16 806.5 kHz, 19 680.5 kHz, 22 376 kHz and 26 100.5 kHz are the international frequencies for the transmission of maritime safety information (MSI) (see Appendix **17**).

**5. 132A** Stations in the radiolocation service shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from, stations operating in the fixed or mobile services. Applications of the radiolocation service are limited to oceanographic radars operating in accordance with Resolution **612** **(**WRC-12).

**5. 132B** *Alternative allocation:*in Armenia, Belarus, Moldova and Kyrgyzstan, the frequency band 4 438-4 488 kHz is allocated to the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile (R), services on a primary basis.     (WRC-19)

**5.133** *Different category of service:*in Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, the Russian Federation, Georgia, Kazakhstan, Latvia, Lithuania, Niger,Uzbekistan, Kyrgyzstan, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan and Ukraine, the allocation of the band 5 130-5 250 kHz to the mobile, except aeronautical mobile, service is on a primary basis (see No. **5.33**). (WRC-12 )

**5. 133A** *Alternative allocation:*  in Armenia, Belarus, Moldova and Kyrgyzstan, the frequency bands 5 250-5 275 kHz and 26 200-26 350 kHz are allocated to the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile, services on a primary basis.     (WRC-19)

**5.134** The use of the frequency bands 5 900-5 950 kHz, 7 300-7 350 kHz, 9 400-9 500 kHz, 11 600-11 650 kHz, 12 050-12 100 kHz, 13 570-13 600 kHz, 13 800-13 870 kHz, 15 600-15 800 kHz, 17 480-17 550 kHz and 18 900-19 020 kHz by the broadcasting service is subject to the application of the procedure of Article **12**. Administrations are encouraged to use these frequency bands to facilitate the introduction of digitally modulated emissions in accordance with the provisions of Resolution **517 (Rev.WRC-19)**.     (WRC-19)

**5.136** *Additional allocation:*  frequencies in the band 5 900-5 950 kHz may be used by stations in the following services, communicating only within the boundary of the country in which they are located: fixed service (in all three Regions), land mobile service (in Region 1), mobile except aeronautical mobile (R) service (in Regions  2 and 3), on condition that harmful interference is not caused to the broadcasting service. When using frequencies for these services, administrations are urged to use the minimum power required and to take account of the seasonal use of frequencies by the broadcasting service published in accordance with the Radio Regulations. (WRC-07)

**5.137** On condition that harmful interference is not caused to the maritime mobile service, the bands 6 200-6 213.5 kHz and 6 220.5-6 525 kHz may be used exceptionally by stations in the fixed service, communicating only within the boundary of the country in which they are located, with a mean power not exceeding 50 W. At the time of notification of these frequencies, the attention of the Bureau will be drawn to the above conditions.

**5.138** The following bands:

6 765-6 795 kHz (centre frequency 6 780 kHz),

433.05-434.79 MHz (centre frequency 433.92 MHz) in Region 1 except in the countries mentioned in No. **5.280**,

61-61.5 GHz (centre frequency 61.25 GHz),

122-123 GHz (centre frequency 122.5 GHz), and

244-246 GHz (centre frequency 245 GHz)

are designated for industrial, scientific and medical (ISM) applications. The use of these frequency bands for ISM applications shall be subject to special authorization by the administration concerned, in agreement with other administrations whose radiocommunication services might be affected. In applying this provision, administrations shall have due regard to the latest relevant ITU-R Recommendations.

**5.140** *Additional allocation:* in Angola, Iraq, Somalia and Togo, the frequency band 7 000-7 050 kHz is also allocated to the fixed service on a primary basis. (WRC-15)

**5.141** *Alternative allocation:*in Egypt, Eritrea, Ethiopia, Guinea, Libya, Madagascar and Niger, the band 7 000-7 050 kHz is allocated to the fixed service on a primary basis.     (WRC-12)

**5.141A** *Additional allocation:* in Uzbekistan and Kyrgyzstan, the bands 7 000-7 100 kHz and 7 100-7 200 kHz are also allocated to the fixed and land mobile services on a secondary basis.     (WRC-03)

**5.141B** *Additional allocation:*  in Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Australia, Bahrain, Botswana, Brunei Darussalam, China, Comoros, Korea (Rep. of), Diego Garcia, Djibouti, Egypt, United Arab Emirates, Eritrea, Guinea, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Japan, Jordan, Kuwait, Libya, Mali, Morocco, Mauritania, Niger, New Zealand, Oman, Papua New Guinea, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, the Dem. People’s Rep. of Korea, Singapore, Sudan, South Sudan, Tunisia, Viet Nam and Yemen, the frequency band 7 100-7 200 kHz is also allocated to the fixed and the mobile, except aeronautical mobile (R), services on a primary basis. (WRC 19)

**5.143** *Additional allocation:*frequencies in the band 7 300-7 350 kHz may be used by stations in the fixed service and in the land mobile service, communicating only within the boundary of the country in which they are located, on condition that harmful interference is not caused to the broadcasting service. When using frequencies for these services, administrations are urged to use the minimum power required and to take account of the seasonal use of frequencies by the broadcasting service published in accordance with the Radio Regulations.     (WRC-07)

**5.143B** In Region 1, the band 7 350-7 450 kHz is allocated, until 29 March 2009, to the fixed service on a primary basis and to the land mobile service on a secondary basis. After 29 March 2009, on condition that harmful interference is not caused to the broadcasting service, frequencies in the band 7 350-7 450 kHz may be used by stations in the fixed and land mobile services communicating only within the boundary of the country in which they are located, each station using a total radiated power that shall not exceed 24 dBW.     (WRC-03)

**5.143C** *Additional allocation*:  after 29 March 2009 in Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Comoros, Djibouti, Egypt, United Arab Emirates, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Libya, Jordan, Kuwait, Morocco, Mauritania, Oman, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, Sudan, South Sudan,Tunisia and Yemen, the bands 7 350-7 400 kHz and 7 400-7 450 kHz are also allocated to the fixed service on a primary basis.     (WRC-12)

**5.144** In Region 3, the stations of those services to which the band 7 995-8 005 kHz is allocated may transmit standard frequency and time signals.

**5.145** The conditions for the use of the carrier frequencies 8 291 kHz, 12 290 kHz and 16 420 kHz are prescribed in Articles**31** and **52**.    (WRC-07)

**5.145A** Stations in the radiolocation service shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from, stations operating in the fixed service. Applications of the radiolocation service are limited to oceanographic radars operating in accordance with Resolution **612** (WRC-12).

**5.145B** *Alternative allocation:*in Armenia, Belarus, Moldova and Kyrgyzstan, the frequency bands 9 305-9 355 kHz and 16 100-16 200 kHz are allocated to the fixed service on a primary basis.     (WRC-19)

**5.146** *Additional allocation:*frequencies in the bands 9 400-9 500 kHz, 11 600-11 650 kHz, 12 050-12 100 kHz, 15 600-15 800 kHz, 17 480-17 550 kHz and 18 900-19 020 kHz may be used by stations in the fixed service, communicating only within the boundary of the country in which they are located, on condition that harmful interference is not caused to the broadcasting service. When using frequencies in the fixed service, administrations are urged to use the minimum power required and to take account of the seasonal use of frequencies by the broadcasting service published in accordance with the Radio Regulations.   (WRC-07)

**5.147** On condition that harmful interference is not caused to the broadcasting service, frequencies in the bands 9 775-9 900 kHz, 11 650-11 700 kHz and 11 975-12 050 kHz may be used by stations in the fixed service communicating only within the boundary of the country in which they are located, each station using a total radiated power not exceeding 24 dBW.

**5.149** In making assignments to stations of other services to which the bands:

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 13 360-13 410 kHz,  25 550-25 670 kHz,  37.5-38.25 MHz,  73-74.6 MHz in Regions 1 and 3,  150.05-153 MHz in Region 1,  322-328.6 MHz,  406.1-410 MHz,  608-614 MHz in Regions 1 and 3,  1 330-1 400 MHz,  1 610.6-1 613.8 MHz,  1 660-1 670 MHz,  1 718.8-1 722.2 MHz,  2 655-2 690 MHz,  3 260-3 267 MHz,  3 332-3 339 MHz,  3 345.8-3 352.5 MHz,  4 825-4 835 MHz, | 4 950-4 990 MHz,  4 990-5 000 MHz,  6 650-6 675.2 MHz,  10.6-10.68 GHz,  14.47-14.5 GHz,  22.01-22.21 GHz,  22.21-22.5 GHz,  22.81-22.86 GHz,  23.07-23.12 GHz,  31.2-31.3 GHz,  31.5-31.8 GHz in Regions 1 and 3,  36.43-36.5 GHz,  42.5-43.5 GHz,  48.94-49.04 GHz,  76-86 GHz,  92-94 GHz,  94.1-100 GHz, | 102-109.5 GHz,  111.8-114.25 GHz,  128.33-128.59 GHz,  129.23-129.49 GHz,  130-134 GHz,  136-148.5 GHz,  151.5-158.5 GHz,  168.59-168.93 GHz,  171.11-171.45 GHz,  172.31-172.65 GHz,  173.52-173.85 GHz,  195.75-196.15 GHz,  209-226 GHz,  241-250 GHz,  252-275 GHz |

are allocated, administrations are urged to take all practicable steps to protect the radio astronomy service from harmful interference. Emissions from spaceborne or airborne stations can be particularly serious sources of interference to the radio astronomy service (see Nos. **4.5** and **4.6** and Article **29**).     (WRC-07)

**5.149A** *Alternative allocation:*  in Armenia, Belarus, Moldova and Kyrgyzstan, the frequency band 13 450-13 550 kHz is allocated to the fixed service on a primary basis and to the mobile, except aeronautical mobile (R), service on a secondary basis.     (WRC-19)

**5.150** The following bands:

13 553-13 567 kHz (centre frequency 13 560 kHz),

26 957-27 283 kHz (centre frequency 27 120 kHz),

40.66-40.70 MHz (centre frequency 40.68 MHz),

902-928 MHz in Region 2 (centre frequency 915 MHz),

2 400-2 500 MHz (centre frequency 2 450 MHz),

5 725-5 875 MHz (centre frequency 5 800 MHz), and

24-24.25 GHz (centre frequency 24.125 GHz)

are also designated for industrial, scientific and medical (ISM) applications. Radiocommunication services operating within these bands must accept harmful interference which may be caused by these applications. ISM equipment operating in these bands is subject to the provisions of No. **15.13**.

**5.151** *Additional allocation:*frequencies in the bands 13 570-13 600 kHz and 13 800-13 870 kHz may be used by stations in the fixed service and in the mobile except aeronautical mobile (R) service, communicating only within the boundary of the country in which they are located, on the condition that harmful interference is not caused to the broadcasting service. When using frequencies in these services, administrations are urged to use the minimum power required and to take account of the seasonal use of frequencies by the broadcasting service published in accordance with the Radio Regulations.     (WRC-07)

**5.152** *Additional allocation:*in Armenia, Azerbaijan, China, Côte d’Ivoire, the Russian Federation, Georgia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Kazakhstan, Uzbekistan, Kyrgyzstan, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan and Ukraine, the band 14 250-14 350 kHz is also allocated to the fixed service on a primary basis. Stations of the fixed service shall not use a radiated power exceeding 24 dBW.     (WRC-03)

**5.153** In Region 3, the stations of those services to which the band 15 995-16 005 kHz is allocated may transmit standard frequency and time signals.

**5.154** *Additional allocation:*in Armenia, Azerbaijan, the Russian Federation, Georgia, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan and Ukraine, the band 18 068-18 168 kHz is also allocated to the fixed service on a primary basis for use within their boundaries, with a peak envelope power not exceeding 1 kW.     (WRC-03)

**5.155** *Additional allocation:*in Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, the Russian Federation, Georgia, Kazakhstan, Moldova, Mongolia, Uzbekistan, Kyrgyzstan, Slovakia, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan and Ukraine, the band 21 850-21 870 kHz is also allocated to the aeronautical mobile (R) service on a primary basis.     (WRC-07)

**5.155A** In Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, the Russian Federation, Georgia, Kazakhstan, Moldova, Mongolia, Uzbekistan, Kyrgyzstan, Slovakia, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan and Ukraine, the use of the band 21 850-21 870 kHz by the fixed service is limited to provision of services related to aircraft flight safety.     (WRC-07)

**5.155B** The band 21 870-21 924 kHz is used by the fixed service for provision of services related to aircraft flight safety.

**5.156** *Additional allocation:*in Nigeria, the band 22 720-23 200 kHz is also allocated to the meteorological aids service (radiosondes) on a primary basis.

**5.156A** The use of the band 23 200-23 350 kHz by the fixed service is limited to provision of services related to aircraft flight safety.

**5.157** The use of the band 23 350-24 000 kHz by the maritime mobile service is limited to inter-ship radiotelegraphy.

**5.158** *Alternative allocation:*  in Armenia, Belarus, Moldova and Kyrgyzstan, the frequency band 24 450-24 600 kHz is allocated to the fixed and land mobile services on a primary basis.     (WRC-19)

**5.159** *Alternative allocation:*  in Armenia, Belarus, Moldova and Kyrgyzstan, the frequency band 39-39.5 MHz is allocated to the fixed and mobile services on a primary basis.     (WRC-19)

**5.160** *Additional allocation:*in Botswana, Burundi, Dem. Rep. of the Congo and Rwanda, the band 41-44 MHz is also allocated to the aeronautical radionavigation service on a primary basis. (WRC-12 )

**5.161** *Additional allocation:*in Iran (Islamic Republic of) and Japan, the band 41-44 MHz is also allocated to the radiolocation service on a secondary basis.

**5.161A** *Additional allocation:*  in Korea (Rep. of), the United States and Mexico, the frequency bands 41.015-41.665 MHz and 43.35-44 MHz are also allocated to the radiolocation service on a primary basis. Stations in the radiolocation service shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from, stations operating in the fixed or mobile services. Applications of the radiolocation service are limited to oceanographic radars operating in accordance with Resolution **612 (Rev.WRC-12)**.    (WRC-19)

**5.161B** *Alternative allocation:*  in Albania, Germany, Armenia, Austria, Belarus, Belgium, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Cyprus, Vatican, Croatia, Denmark, Spain, Estonia, Finland, France, Greece, Hungary, Ireland, Iceland, Italy, Latvia, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, North Macedonia, Malta, Moldova, Monaco, Montenegro, Norway, Uzbekistan, Netherlands, Portugal, Kyrgyzstan, Slovakia, Czech Rep., Romania, United Kingdom, San Marino, Slovenia, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and Ukraine, the frequency band 42-42.5 MHz is allocated to the fixed and mobile services on a primary basis.      (WRC-19)

**5.162A** *Additional allocation:* in Germany, Austria, Belgium, Bosnia and Herzegovina, China, Vatican, Denmark, Spain, Estonia, the Russian Federation, Finland, France, Ireland, Iceland, Italy, Latvia, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, North Macedonia, Monaco, Montenegro, Norway, the Netherlands, Poland, Portugal, the Czech Rep., the United Kingdom, Serbia, Slovenia, Sweden and Switzerland the frequency band 46-68 MHz is also allocated to the radiolocation service on a secondary basis. This use is limited to the operation of wind profiler radars in accordance with Resolution **217 (WRC-97)**.    (WRC-19)

**5.163** *Additional allocation:*in Armenia, Belarus, the Russian Federation, Georgia, Kazakhstan, Latvia, Moldova, Uzbekistan, Kyrgyzstan, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan and Ukraine, the frequency bands 47-48.5 MHz and 56.5-58 MHz are also allocated to the fixed and land mobile services on a secondary basis.    (WRC-19)

**5.164** *Additional allocation:*  in Albania, Algeria, Germany, Austria, Belgium, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Botswana, Bulgaria, Côte d'Ivoire, Croatia, Denmark, Spain, Estonia, Eswatini, Finland, France, Gabon, Greece, Hungary, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Jordan, Lebanon, Libya, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Madagascar, Mali, Malta, Morocco, Mauritania, Monaco, Montenegro, Nigeria, Norway, the Netherlands, Poland, Syrian Arab Republic, Slovakia, Czech Rep., Romania, the United Kingdom, Serbia, Slovenia, Sweden, Switzerland, Chad, Togo, Tunisia and Turkey, the frequency band 47-68 MHz, in South Africa the frequency band 47-50 MHz, and in Latvia the frequency bands 48.5-56.5 MHz and 58-68 MHz, are also allocated to the land mobile service on a primary basis. However, stations of the land mobile service in the countries mentioned in connection with each frequency band referred to in this footnote shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from, existing or planned broadcasting stations of countries other than those mentioned in connection with the frequency band.     (WRC-19)

**5.165** *Additional allocation:*in Angola, Cameroon, Congo (Rep. of the), Egypt, Madagascar, Mozambique, Niger, Somalia, Sudan, South Sudan, Tanzania and Chad, the frequency band 47-68 MHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile, services on a primary basis.    (WRC-19)

**5.166A** *Different category of service:*in Austria, Cyprus, the Vatican, Croatia, Denmark, Spain, Finland, Hungary, Latvia, the Netherlands, the Czech Republic, the United Kingdom, Slovakia and Slovenia, the frequency band 50.0-50.5 MHz is allocated to the amateur service on a primary basis. Stations in the amateur service in these countries shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from, stations of the broadcasting, fixed and mobile services operating in accordance with the Radio Regulations in the frequency band 50.0-50.5 MHz in the countries not listed in this provision. For a station of these services, the protection criteria in No. **5.169B** shall also apply. In Region 1, with the exception of those countries listed in No**. 5.169,** wind profiler radars operating in the radiolocation service under No. **5.162A** are authorized to operate on the basis of equality with stations in the amateur service in the frequency band 50.0-50.5 MHz.     (WRC-19)

**5.166B** In Region 1, stations in the amateur service operating on a secondary basis shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from, stations of the broadcasting service. The field strength generated by an amateur station in Region 1 in the frequency band 50-52 MHz shall not exceed a calculated value of +6 dB(μV/m) at a height of 10 m above ground for more than 10% of time along the border of a country with operational analogue broadcasting stations in Region 1 and of neighbouring countries with broadcasting stations in Region 3 listed in Nos. **5.167** and**5.168**.     (WRC-19)

**5.166C** In Region 1, stations in the amateur service in the frequency band 50-52 MHz, with the exception of those countries listed in No. **5.169**, shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from, wind profiler radars operating in the radiolocation service under No. **5.162A.**     (WRC-19)

**5.166D** *Different category of service:*in Lebanon, the frequency band 50-52 MHz is allocated to the amateur service on a primary basis. Stations in the amateur service in Lebanon shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from, stations of the broadcasting, fixed and mobile services operating in accordance with the Radio Regulations in the frequency band 50-52 MHz in the countries not listed in this provision.     (WRC-19)

**5.166E** In the Russian Federation, only the frequency band 50.080-50.280 MHz is allocated to the amateur service on a secondary basis. The protection criteria for the other services in the countries not listed in this provision are specified in Nos. **5.166B** and **5.169B.**    (WRC-19)

**5.169** *Alternative allocation:*in Botswana, Eswatini, Lesotho, Malawi, Namibia, Rwanda, South Africa, Zambia and Zimbabwe, the frequency band 50-54 MHz is allocated to the amateur service on a primary basis. In Senegal, the frequency band 50-51 MHz is allocated to the amateur service on a primary basis.    (WRC-19)

**5.169A***Alternative allocation:*in the following countries in Region 1: Angola, Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Burkina Faso, Burundi, the United Arab Emirates, Gambia, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Mauritius, Mozambique, Oman, Uganda, Qatar, South Sudan and Tanzania, the frequency band 50-54 MHz is allocated to the amateur service on a primary basis. In Guinea-Bissau, the frequency band 50.0-50.5 MHz is allocated to the amateur service on a primary basis. In Djibouti, the frequency band 50-52 MHz is allocated to the amateur service on a primary basis. With the exception of those countries listed in No. **5.169,** stations in the amateur service operating in Region 1 under this footnote, in all or part of the frequency band 50-54 MHz, shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from, stations of other services operating in accordance with the Radio Regulations in Algeria, Egypt, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Israel, Libya, Palestine[[2]](#footnote-2)\*, the Syrian Arab Republic, the Dem. People’s Republic of Korea, Sudan and Tunisia. The field strength generated by an amateur station in the frequency band 50-54 MHz shall not exceed a value of +6 dB(μV/m) at a height of 10 m above ground for more than 10% of time along the borders of listed countries requiring protection.     (WRC-19)

**5.169B**Except countries listed under No. **5.169**, stations in the amateur service used in Region 1, in all or part of the 50-54 MHz frequency band, shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from, stations of other services used in accordance with the Radio Regulations in Algeria, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Egypt, Russian Federation, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Libya, Uzbekistan, Palestine\*, the Syrian Arab Republic, Sudan, Tunisia and Ukraine. The field strength generated by an amateur station in the frequency band 50-54 MHz shall not exceed a value of +6 dB(μV/m) at a height of 10 m above ground for more than 10% of time along the borders of the countries listed in this provision.     (WRC-19)

**5.171** *Additional allocation:*in Botswana, Eswatini, Lesotho, Malawi, Mali, Namibia, Dem. Rep. of the Congo, Rwanda, South Africa, Zambia and Zimbabwe, the frequency band 54-68 MHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile, services on a primary basis.    (WRC-19)

**5.175** *Alternative allocation:*in Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, the Russian Federation, Georgia, Kazakhstan, Moldova, Uzbekistan, Kyrgyzstan, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan and Ukraine, the bands 68-73 MHz and 76-87.5 MHz are allocated to the broadcasting service on a primary basis. In Latvia and Lithuania, the bands 68-73 MHz and 76-87.5 MHz are allocated to the broadcasting and mobile, except aeronautical mobile, services on a primary basis. The services to which these bands are allocated in other countries and the broadcasting service in the countries listed above are subject to agreements with the neighbouring countries concerned.     (WRC-07)

**5.177** *Additional allocation:*in Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, the Russian Federation, Georgia, Kazakhstan, Uzbekistan, Kyrgyzstan, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan and Ukraine, the band 73-74 MHz is also allocated to the broadcasting service on a primary basis, subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21**.      (WRC-07)

**5.179** *Additional allocation:*in Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, China, the Russian Federation, Georgia, Kazakhstan, Lithuania, Mongolia, Kyrgyzstan, Slovakia, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan and Ukraine, the bands 74.6-74.8 MHz and 75.2-75.4 MHz are also allocated to the aeronautical radionavigation service, on a primary basis, for ground-based transmitters only.     (WRC-07)

**5.180** The frequency 75 MHz is assigned to marker beacons. Administrations shall refrain from assigning frequencies close to the limits of the guardband to stations of other services which, because of their power or geographical position, might cause harmful interference or otherwise place a constraint on marker beacons.

Every effort should be made to improve further the characteristics of airborne receivers and to limit the power of transmitting stations close to the limits 74.8 MHz and 75.2 MHz.

**5.181** *Additional allocation:*in Egypt, Israel and the Syrian Arab Republic, the band 74.8-75.2 MHz is also allocated to the mobile service on a secondary basis, subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21**. In order to ensure that harmful interference is not caused to stations of the aeronautical radionavigation service, stations of the mobile service shall not be introduced in the band until it is no longer required for the aeronautical radionavigation service by any administration which may be identified in the application of the procedure invoked under No. **9.21**. (WRC-03)

**5.187** *Alternative allocation:*in Albania, the band 81-87.5 MHz is allocated to the broadcasting service on a primary basis and used in accordance with the decisions contained in the Final Acts of the Special Regional Conference (Geneva, 1960).

**5.190** *Additional allocation:*in Monaco, the band 87.5-88 MHz is also allocated to the land mobile service on a primary basis, subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21**.     (WRC-97)

**5.192** *Additional allocation:*in China and Korea (Rep. of), the band 100-108 MHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile services on a primary basis.     (WRC-97)

**5.194** *Additional allocation:*in Kyrgyzstan, Somalia and Turkmenistan, the frequency band 104-108 MHz is also allocated to the mobile, except aeronautical mobile (R), service on a secondary basis.     (WRC-19)

**5.197** *Additional allocation:*in the Syrian Arab Republic, the band 108-111.975 MHz is also allocated to the mobile service on a secondary basis, subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21**. In order to ensure that harmful interference is not caused to stations of the aeronautical radionavigation service, stations of the mobile service shall not be introduced in the band until it is no longer required for the aeronautical radionavigation service by any administration which may be identified in the application of the procedures invoked under No. **9.21**.     (WRC-12 )

**5.197A** *Additional allocation:*  the band 108-117.975 MHz is also allocated on a primary basis to the aeronautical mobile (R) service, limited to systems operating in accordance with recognized international aeronautical standards. Such use shall be in accordance with Resolution **413 (Rev.WRC-07)**. The use of the band 108-112 MHz by the aeronautical mobile (R) service shall be limited to systems composed of ground-based transmitters and associated receivers that provide navigational information in support of air navigation functions in accordance with recognized international aeronautical standards.     (WRC-07)

**5.200** In the band 117.975-137 MHz, the frequency 121.5 MHz is the aeronautical emergency frequency and, where required, the frequency 123.1 MHz is the aeronautical frequency auxiliary to 121.5 MHz. Mobile stations of the maritime mobile service may communicate on these frequencies under the conditions laid down in Article **31** for distress and safety purposes with stations of the aeronautical mobile service.     (WRC-07)

**5.201** *Additional allocation:*in Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Bulgaria, Estonia, the Russian Federation, Georgia, Hungary, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq (Republic of), Japan, Kazakhstan, Mali, Mongolia, Mozambique, Uzbekistan, Papua New Guinea, Poland, Kyrgyzstan, Romania, Senegal, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan and Ukraine, the frequency band 132-136 MHz is also allocated to the aeronautical mobile (OR) service on a primary basis. In assigning frequencies to stations of the aeronautical mobile (OR) service, the administration shall take account of the frequencies assigned to stations in the aeronautical mobile (R) service.     (WRC-19)

**5.202** *Additional allocation:* in Saudi Arabia, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Bahrain, Belarus, Bulgaria, the United Arab Emirates, the Russian Federation, Georgia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Jordan, Mali, Oman, Uzbekistan, Poland, the Syrian Arab Republic, Kyrgyzstan, Romania, Senegal, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan and Ukraine, the frequency band 136-137 MHz is also allocated to the aeronautical mobile (OR) service on a primary basis. In assigning frequencies to stations of the aeronautical mobile (OR) service, the administration shall take account of the frequencies assigned to stations in the aeronautical mobile (R) service.     (WRC-19)

**5.203C** The use of the space operation service (space-to-Earth) with non-geostationary satellite short-duration mission systems in the frequency band 137-138 MHz is subject to Resolution **660 (WRC-19)**.Resolution **32 (WRC-19)** applies. These systems shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from, the existing services to which the frequency band is allocated on a primary basis.     (WRC-19)

**5.204** *Different category of service:*in Afghanistan, Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Brunei Darussalam, China, Cuba, the United Arab Emirates, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Kuwait, Montenegro, Oman, Pakistan, the Philippines, Qatar, Singapore, Thailand and Yemen, the frequency band 137-138 MHz is allocated to the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile (R), services on a primary basis (see No. **5.33**).     (WRC-19)

**5.205** *Different category of service:*in Israel and Jordan, the allocation of the band 137-138 MHz to the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile, services is on a primary basis (see No. **5.33**).

**5.206** *Different category of service:*in Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Bulgaria, Egypt, the Russian Federation, Finland, France, Georgia, Greece, Kazakhstan, Lebanon, Moldova, Mongolia, Uzbekistan, Poland, Kyrgyzstan, the Syrian Arab Republic, Slovakia, the Czech Rep., Romania, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan and Ukraine, the  allocation of the band 137-138 MHz to the aeronautical mobile (OR) service is on a primary basis (see No. **5.33**).     (WRC-2000)

**5.207** *Additional allocation:*in Australia, the band 137-144 MHz is also allocated to the broadcasting service on a primary basis until that service can be accommodated within regional broadcasting allocations.

**5.208** The use of the band 137-138 MHz by the mobile-satellite service is subject to coordination under No. **9.11A**.     (WRC-97)

**5.208A** In making assignments to space stations in the mobile-satellite service in the frequency bands 137-138 MHz, 387-390 MHz and 400.15-401 MHz and in the maritime mobile-satellite service (space-to-Earth) in the frequency bands 157.1875-157.3375 MHz and 161.7875-161.9375 MHz, administrations shall take all practicable steps to protect the radio astronomy service in the frequency bands 150.05-153 MHz, 322-328.6 MHz, 406.1-410 MHz and 608-614 MHz from harmful interference from unwanted emissions as shown in the most recent version of Recommendation ITU**-**R RA.769.     (WRC-19)

**5.208B**[[3]](#footnote-3)\* In the frequency bands:

137-138 MHz,  
 157.1875-157.3375 MHz,  
 161.7875-161.9375 MHz,  
 387-390 MHz,  
 400.15-401 MHz,  
 1 452-1 492 MHz,  
 1 525-1 610 MHz,  
 1 613.8-1 626.5 MHz,  
 2 655-2 690 MHz,  
 21.4-22 GHz,

Resolution **739** **(Rev.WRC-19)** applies.     (WRC-19)

**5.209** The use of the bands 137-138 MHz, 148-150.05 MHz, 399.9-400.05 MHz, 400.15-401 MHz, 454-456 MHz and 459-460 MHz by the mobile-satellite service is limited to non-geostationary-satellite systems. (WRC-97)

**5.209A** The use of the frequency band 137.175-137.825 MHz by non-geostationary-satellite systems in the space operation service identified as short-duration mission in accordance with Appendix **4** is not subject to No. **9.11A.**     (WRC-19)

**5.210** *Additional allocation:*in Italy, the Czech Rep. and the United Kingdom, the bands 138-143.6 MHz and 143.65-144 MHz are also allocated to the space research service (space-to-Earth) on a secondary basis.  (WRC-07)

**5.211** *Additional allocation:* in Germany, Saudi Arabia, Austria, Bahrain, Belgium, Denmark, the United Arab Emirates, Spain, Finland, Greece, Guinea, Ireland, Israel, Kenya, Kuwait, Lebanon, Liechtenstein, Luxembourg, North Macedonia, Mali, Malta, Montenegro, Norway, the Netherlands, Qatar, Slovakia, the United Kingdom, Serbia, Slovenia, Somalia, Sweden, Switzerland, Tanzania, Tunisia and Turkey, the frequency band 138-144 MHz is also allocated to the maritime mobile and land mobile services on a primary basis.    (WRC-19)

**5.212** *Alternative allocation:*in Angola, Botswana, Cameroon, the Central African Rep., Congo (Rep. of the), Eswatini, Gabon, Gambia, Ghana, Guinea, Iraq, Jordan, Lesotho, Liberia, Libya, Malawi, Mozambique, Namibia, Niger, Oman, Uganda, Syrian Arab Republic, the Dem. Rep. of the Congo, Rwanda, Sierra Leone, South Africa, Chad, Togo, Zambia and Zimbabwe, the frequency band 138-144 MHz is allocated to the fixed and mobile services on a primary basis.    (WRC-19)

**5.214** *Additional allocation:* in Eritrea, Ethiopia, Kenya, North Macedonia, Montenegro, Serbia, Somalia, Sudan, South Sudan and Tanzania, the frequency band 138-144 MHz is also allocated to the fixed service on a primary basis.    (WRC-19)

**5.216** *Additional allocation:*in China, the band 144-146 MHz is also allocated to the aeronautical mobile (OR) service on a secondary basis.

**5.218** *Additional allocation:*the band 148-149.9 MHz is also allocated to the space operation service (Earth-to-space) on a primary basis, subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21**. The bandwidth of any individual transmission shall not exceed ±25 kHz.

**5.218A** The frequency band 148-149.9 MHz in the space operation service (Earth-to-space) may be used by non-geostationary-satellite systems with short-duration missions. Non-geostationary-satellite systems in the space operation service used for a short-duration mission in accordance with Resolution **32** (WRC-19) of the Radio Regulations are not subject to agreement under No. **9.21**. At the stage of coordination, the provisions of Nos. **9.17** and **9.18** also apply. In the frequency band 148-149.9 MHz, non-geostationary-satellite systems with short-duration missions shall not cause unacceptable interference to, or claim protection from, existing primary services within this frequency band, or impose additional constraints on the space operation and mobile-satellite services. In addition, earth stations in non-geostationary-satellite systems in the space operation service with short-duration missions in the frequency band 148-149.9 MHz shall ensure that the power flux-density does not exceed −149 dB(W/( m2 ⋅  4 kHz)) for more than 1% of time at the border of the territory of the following countries: Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, China, Korea (Rep. of), Cuba, Russian Federation, India, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Japan, Kazakhstan, Malaysia, Uzbekistan, Kyrgyzstan, Thailand and Viet Nam. In case this power flux-density limit is exceeded, agreement under No. **9.21** is required to be obtained from countries mentioned in this footnote. (WRC-19)

**5.219** The use of the frequency band 148-149.9 MHz by the mobile-satellite service is subject to coordination under No. **9.11A.** The mobile-satellite service shall not constrain the development and use of the fixed, mobile and space operation services in the frequency band 148-149.9 MHz. The use of the frequency band 148-149.9 MHz by non-geostationary-satellite systems in the space operation service identified as short-duration mission is not subject to No. **9.11A.** (WRC 19)

**5.220** The use of the frequency bands 149.9-150.05 MHz and 399.9-400.05 MHz by the mobile-satellite service is subject to coordination under No. **9.11A**. (WRC-15)

**5.221** Stations of the mobile-satellite service in the frequency band 148-149.9 MHz shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from, stations of the fixed or mobile services operating in accordance with the Table of Frequency Allocations in the following countries: Albania, Algeria, Germany, Saudi Arabia, Australia, Austria, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belarus, Belgium, Benin, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Botswana, Brunei Darussalam, Bulgaria, Cameroon, China, Cyprus, Congo (Rep. of the), Korea (Rep. of), Côte d'Ivoire, Croatia, Cuba, Denmark, Djibouti, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Eritrea, Spain, Estonia, Eswatini, Ethiopia, the Russian Federation, Finland, France, Gabon, Georgia, Ghana, Greece, Guinea, Guinea Bissau, Hungary, India, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Ireland, Iceland, Israel, Italy, Jamaica, Japan, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lesotho, Latvia, Lebanon, Libya, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, North Macedonia, Malaysia, Mali, Malta, Mauritania, Moldova, Mongolia, Montenegro, Mozambique, Namibia, Norway, New Zealand, Oman, Uganda, Uzbekistan, Pakistan, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, the Netherlands, the Philippines, Poland, Portugal, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, Kyrgyzstan, Dem. People’s Rep. of Korea, Slovakia, Romania, the United Kingdom, Senegal, Serbia, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Slovenia, Sudan, Sri Lanka, South Africa, Sweden, Switzerland, Tanzania, Chad, Togo, Tonga, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Turkey, Ukraine, Viet Nam, Yemen, Zambia and Zimbabwe.     (WRC-19)

**5.225A** *Additional allocation:* in Algeria, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, China, the Russian Federation, France, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Kazakhstan, Uzbekistan, Kyrgyzstan, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan, Ukraine and Viet Nam, the frequency band 154-156 MHz is also allocated to the radiolocation service on a primary basis. The usage of the frequency band 154-156 MHz by the radiolocation service shall be limited to space-object detection systems operating from terrestrial locations. The operation of stations in the radiolocation service in the frequency band 154-156 MHz shall be subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21**. For the identification of potentially affected administrations in Region 1, the instantaneous field-strength value of 12 dB(V/m) for 10% of the time produced at 10 m above ground level in the 25 kHz reference frequency band at the border of the territory of any other administration shall be used. For the identification of potentially affected administrations in Region 3, the interference-to-noise ratio (*I*/*N*) value of 6 dB (*N* = 161 dBW/4 kHz), or 10 dB for applications with greater protection requirements, such as public protection and disaster relief (PPDR (*N* = 161 dBW/4 kHz)), for 1% of the time produced at 60 m above ground level at the border of the territory of any other administration shall be used. In the frequency bands 156.7625-156.8375 MHz, 156.5125-156.5375 MHz, 161.9625-161.9875 MHz, 162.0125-162.0375 MHz, out-of-band e.i.r.p. of space surveillance radars shall not exceed 16 dBW. Frequency assignments to the radiolocation service under this allocation in Ukraine shall not be used without the agreement of Moldova. (WRC-12)

**5.226** The frequency 156.525 MHz is the international distress, safety and calling frequency for the maritime mobile VHF radiotelephone service using digital selective calling (DSC). The conditions for the use of this frequency and the band 156.4875-156.5625 MHz are contained in Articles **31** and **52**, and in Appendix **18**.

The frequency 156.8 MHz is the international distress, safety and calling frequency for the maritime mobile VHF radiotelephone service. The conditions for the use of this frequency and the band 156.7625-156.8375 MHz are contained in Article **31** and Appendix**18.**

In the bands 156-156.4875 MHz, 156.5625-156.7625 MHz, 156.8375-157.45 MHz, 160.6-160.975 MHz and 161.475-162.05 MHz, each administration shall give priority to the maritime mobile service on only such frequencies as are assigned to stations of the maritime mobile service by the administration (see Articles **31** and **52**, and Appendix **18**).

Any use of frequencies in these bands by stations of other services to which they are allocated should be avoided in areas where such use might cause harmful interference to the maritime mobile VHF radiocommunication service.

However, the frequencies 156.8 MHz and 156.525 MHz and the frequency bands in which priority is given to the maritime mobile service may be used for radiocommunications on inland waterways subject to agreement between interested and affected administrations and taking into account current frequency usage and existing agreements.     (WRC-07)

**5.227 Additional allocation: the bands 156.4875-156.5125 MHz and 156.5375-156.5625 MHz are also allocated to the fixed and land mobile services on a primary basis. The use of these bands by the fixed and land mobile services shall not cause harmful interference to nor claim protection from the maritime mobile VHF radiocommunication service. (WRC-07)**

**5.227A** SUP (WRC-12)

**5.228** The use of the frequency bands 156.7625-156.7875 MHz and 156.8125-156.8375 MHz by the mobilesatellite service (Earth-to-space) is limited to the reception of automatic identification system (AIS) emissions of long range AIS broadcast messages (Message 27, see the most recent version of Recommendation ITU-R M.1371). With the exception of AIS emissions, emissions in these frequency bands by systems operating in the maritime mobile service for communications shall not exceed 1W. (WRC-12)

**5.228A** The frequency bands 161.9625-161.9875 MHz and 162.0125-162.0375 MHz may be used by aircraft stations for the purpose of search and rescue operations and other safety-related communications. (WRC-12)

**5.228AA** The use of the frequency bands 161.9375-161.9625 MHz and 161.9875-162.0125 MHz by the maritime mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) service is limited to the systems which operate in accordance with Appendix **18**. (WRC-15)

**5.228AB** The use of the frequency bands 157.1875-157.3375 MHz and 161.7875-161.9375 MHz by the maritime mobile-satellite service (Earth-to-space) is limited to non-geostationary-satellite systems operating in accordance with Appendix **18**.     (WRC-19)

**5.228AC** The use of the frequency bands 157.1875-157.3375 MHz and 161.7875-161.9375 MHz by the maritime mobile-satellite service (space-to-Earth) is limited to non-geostationary-satellite systems operating in accordance with Appendix **18**. Such use is subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21** with respect to the terrestrial services in Azerbaijan, Belarus, China, Korea (Rep. of), Cuba, the Russian Federation, the Syrian Arab Republic, the Dem. People’s Rep. of Korea, South Africa and Viet Nam. (WRC 19)

**5.228B** The use of the frequency bands 161.9625-161.9875 MHz and 162.0125-162.0375 MHz by the fixed and land mobile services shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from, the maritime mobile service. (WRC-12)

**5.229** *Alternative allocation:*in Morocco, the band 162-174 MHz is allocated to the broadcasting service on a primary basis. The use of this band shall be subject to agreement with administrations having services, operating or planned, in accordance with the Table which are likely to be affected. Stations in existence on 1 January 1981, with their technical characteristics as of that date, are not affected by such agreement.

**5.235** *Additional allocation:*in Germany, Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Spain, Finland, France, Israel, Italy, Liechtenstein, Malta, Monaco, Norway, the Netherlands, the United Kingdom, Sweden and Switzerland, the band 174-223 MHz is also allocated to the land mobile service on a primary basis. However, the stations of the land mobile service shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from, broadcasting stations, existing or planned, in countries other than those listed in this footnote.

**5.237** *Additional allocation:*in Congo (Rep. of the), Egypt, Eritrea, Ethiopia, Gambia, Guinea, the Libya, Mali, Sierra Leone, Somalia and Chad, the band 174-223 MHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile services on a secondary basis.     (WRC-12)

**5.243** *Additional allocation:*in Somalia, the band 216-225 MHz is also allocated to the aeronautical radionavigation service on a primary basis, subject to not causing harmful interference to existing or planned broadcasting services in other countries.

**5.246** *Alternative allocation:*in Spain, France, Israel and Monaco, the band 223-230 MHz is allocated to the broadcasting and land mobile services on a primary basis (see No. **5.33**) on the basis that, in the preparation of frequency plans, the broadcasting service shall have prior choice of frequencies; and allocated to the fixed and mobile, except land mobile, services on a secondary basis. However, the stations of the land mobile service shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from, existing or planned broadcasting stations in Morocco and Algeria.

**5.247** *Additional allocation:*in Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, the United Arab Emirates, Jordan, Oman, Qatar and Syrian Arab Republic, the band 223-235 MHz is also allocated to the aeronautical radionavigation service on a primary basis.

**5.251** *Additional allocation:*in Nigeria, the band 230-235 MHz is also allocated to the aeronautical radionavigation service on a primary basis, subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21.**

**5.252** *Alternative allocation:*in Botswana, Eswatini, Lesotho, Malawi, Mozambique, Namibia, South Africa, Zambia and Zimbabwe, the frequency bands 230-238 MHz and 246-254 MHz are allocated to the broadcasting service on a primary basis, subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21.**      (WRC-19)

**5.254** The bands 235-322 MHz and 335.4-399.9 MHz may be used by the mobile-satellite service, subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21**, on condition that stations in this service do not cause harmful interference to those of other services operating or planned to be operated in accordance with the Table of Frequency Allocations except for the additional allocation made in footnote No. **5.256A**.     (WRC-03)

**5.255** The bands 312-315 MHz (Earth-to-space) and 387-390 MHz (space-to-Earth) in the mobile-satellite service may also be used by non-geostationary-satellite systems. Such use is subject to coordination under No. **9.11A**.

**5.256** The frequency 243 MHz is the frequency in this band for use by survival craft stations and equipment used for survival purposes.    (WRC-07)

**5.256A** *Additional allocation:* in China, the Russian Federation and Kazakhstan, the frequency band 258-261 MHz is also allocated to the space research service (Earth-to-space) and space operation service (Earth-to-space) on a primary basis. Stations in the space research service (Earth-to-space) and space operation service (Earth-to-space) shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from, or constrain the use and development of, the mobile service systems and mobile-satellite service systems operating in the frequency band. Stations in space research service (Earth-to-space) and space operation service (Earth-to-space) shall not constrain the future development of fixed service systems of other countries. (WRC-15)

**5.257** The band 267-272 MHz may be used by administrations for space telemetry in their countries on a primary basis, subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21**.

**5.258** The use of the band 328.6-335.4 MHz by the aeronautical radionavigation service is limited to Instrument Landing Systems (glide path).

**5.259** *Additional allocation:*in Egypt, and the Syrian Arab Republic, the band 328.6-335.4 MHz is also allocated to the mobile service on a secondary basis, subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21**. In order to ensure that harmful interference is not caused to stations of the aeronautical radionavigation service, stations of the mobile service shall not be introduced in the band until it is no longer required for the aeronautical radionavigation service by any administration which may be identified in the application of the procedure invoked under No. **9.21**.     (WRC-12)

**5.260A** In the frequency band 399.9-400.05 MHz, the maximum e.i.r.p. of any emission of earth stations in the mobile-satellite service shall not exceed 5 dBW in any 4 kHz band and the maximum e.i.r.p. of each earth station in the mobile-satellite service shall not exceed 5 dBW in the whole 399.9-400.05 MHz frequency band. Until 22 November 2022, this limit shall not apply to satellite systems for which complete notification information has been received by the Radiocommunication Bureau by 22 November 2019 and that have been brought into use by that date. After 22 November 2022, these limits shall apply to all systems within the mobile-satellite service operating in this frequency band.

In the frequency band 399.99-400.02 MHz, the e.i.r.p. limits as specified above shall apply after 22 November 2022 to all systems within the mobile-satellite service. Administrations are requested that their mobile-satellite service satellite links in the 399.99-400.02 MHz frequency band comply with the e.i.r.p. limits as specified above, after 22 November 2019. (WRC 19)

**5.260B** In the frequency band 400.02-400.05 MHz, the provisions of No. **5.260A** are not applicable for telecommand uplinks within the mobile-satellite service.     (WRC-19)

**5.261** Emissions shall be confined in a band of ± 25 kHz about the standard frequency 400.1 MHz.

**5.262** *Additional allocation:*in Saudi Arabia, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Bahrain, Belarus, Botswana, Colombia, Cuba, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Ecuador, the Russian Federation, Georgia, Hungary, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Israel, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kuwait, Liberia, Malaysia, Moldova, Uzbekistan, Pakistan, the Philippines, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, Kyrgyzstan, Romania, Singapore, Somalia, Tajikistan, Chad, Turkmenistan and Ukraine, the band 400.05-401 MHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile services on a primary basis.     (WRC-12 )

**5.263** The band 400.15-401 MHz is also allocated to the space research service in the space-to-space direction for communications with manned space vehicles. In this application, the space research service will not be regarded as a safety service.

**5.264A** In the frequency band 401-403 MHz, the maximum e.i.r.p. of any emission of each earth station in the meteorological-satellite service and the Earth exploration-satellite service shall not exceed 22 dBW in any 4 kHz band for geostationary-satellite systems and non-geostationary-satellite systems with an orbit of apogee equal or greater than 35 786 km.

The maximum e.i.r.p. of any emission of each earth station in the meteorological-satellite service and the Earth exploration-satellite service shall not exceed 7 dBW in any 4 kHz band for non-geostationary-satellite systems with an orbit of apogee lower than 35 786 km.

The maximum e.i.r.p. of each earth station in the meteorological-satellite service and the Earth exploration-satellite service shall not exceed 22 dBW for geostationary-satellite systems and non-geostationary-satellite systems with an orbit of apogee equal or greater than 35 786 km in the whole 401-403 MHz frequency band. The maximum e.i.r.p. of each earth station in the meteorological-satellite service and the Earth exploration-satellite service shall not exceed 7 dBW for non-geostationary-satellite systems with an orbit of apogee lower than 35 786 km in the whole 401-403 MHz frequency band.

Until 22 November 2029, these limits shall not apply to satellite systems for which complete notification information has been received by the Radiocommunication Bureau by 22 November 2019 and that have been brought into use by that date. After 22 November 2029, these limits shall apply to all systems within the meteorological-satellite service and the Earth exploration-satellite service operating in this frequency band. (WRC 19)

**5.264B** Non-geostationary-satellite systems in the meteorological-satellite service and the Earth exploration-satellite service for which complete notification information has been received by the Radiocommunication Bureau before 28 April 2007 are exempt from provisions of No. **5.264A** and may continue to operate in the frequency band 401.898-402.522 MHz on a primary basis without exceeding a maximum e.i.r.p. level of 12 dBW.     (WRC-19)

**5.264** The use of the band 400.15-401 MHz by the mobile-satellite service is subject to coordination under No. **9.11A**. The power flux-density limit indicated in Annex 1 of Appendix 5 shall apply until such time as a competent world radiocommunication conference revises it.

**5.265** In the frequency band 403-410 MHz, Resolution **205 (Rev.WRC-19)** applies.     (WRC-19)

**5.266** The use of the band 406-406.1 MHz by the mobile-satellite service is limited to low power satellite emergency position-indicating radiobeacons (see also Article **31**).     (WRC-07)

**5.267** Any emission capable of causing harmful interference to the authorized uses of the band 406-406.1 MHz is prohibited.

**5.268** Use of the frequency band 410-420 MHz by the space research service is limited to space-to-space communication links with an orbiting, manned space vehicle. The power flux-density at the surface of the Earth produced by emissions from transmitting stations of the space research service (space-to-space) in the frequency band 410-420 MHz shall not exceed –153 dB(W/m2) for 0o ≤  ≤ 5o, -153+ 0.077 (d – 5) dB(W/m2) for 5o ≤  ≤ 70o and –148 dB(W/m2) for 70o ≤  ≤ 90o, where  is the angle of arrival of the radio-frequency wave and the reference bandwidth is 4 kHz. In this frequency band, stations of the space research service (space-to-space) shall not claim protection from, nor constrain the use and development of, stations of the fixed and mobile services. No. **4.10** does not apply. (WRC-15)

**5.269** *Different category of service:*in Australia, the United States, India, Japan and the United Kingdom, the allocation of the bands 420-430 MHz and 440-450 MHz to the radiolocation service is on a primary basis (see No. **5.33**).

**5.270** *Additional allocation:*in Australia, the United States, Jamaica and the Philippines, the bands 420-430 MHz and 440-450 MHz are also allocated to the amateur service on a secondary basis.

**5.271 *Additional allocation:* in Belarus, China, India, Kyrgyzstan and Turkmenistan, the band 420-460 MHz isalso allocated to the aeronautical radionavigation service (radio altimeters) on a secondary basis. (WRC-07)**

**5.274** *Alternative allocation:*in Denmark, Norway, Sweden, and Chad the bands 430-432 MHz and 438-440 MHz are allocated to the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile, services on a primary basis. (WRC12)

**5.275** *Additional allocation:* in Croatia, Estonia, Finland, Libya, North Macedonia, Montenegro and Serbia, the frequency bands 430-432 MHz and 438-440 MHz are also allocated to the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile, services on a primary basis. (WRC-19)

**5.276** *Additional allocation:* in Afghanistan, Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Brunei Darussalam, Burkina Faso, Djibouti, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Ecuador, Eritrea, Ethiopia, Greece, Guinea, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Israel, Italy, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Libya, Malaysia, Niger, Nigeria, Oman, Pakistan, the Philippines, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, the Dem. People’s Rep. of Korea, Singapore, Somalia, Sudan, Switzerland, Thailand, Togo, Turkey and Yemen, the frequency band 430-440 MHz is also allocated to the fixed service on a primary basis and the frequency bands 430-435 MHz and 438-440 MHz are also allocated, except in Ecuador, to the mobile, except aeronautical mobile, service on a primary basis. (WRC-15)

**5.277** *Additional allocation:*  in Angola, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Cameroon, Congo (Rep. of the), Djibouti, the Russian Federation, Georgia, Hungary, Israel, Kazakhstan, Mali, Uzbekistan, Poland, the Dem. Rep. of the Congo, Kyrgyzstan, Slovakia, Romania, Rwanda, Tajikistan, Chad, Turkmenistan and Ukraine, the frequency band 430-440 MHz is also allocated to the fixed service on a primary basis. (WRC 19)

**5.279A** The use of the frequency band 432-438 MHz by sensors in the Earth exploration-satellite service (active) shall be in accordance with Recommendation ITU-R RS.1260-2. Additionally, the Earth exploration-satellite service (active) in the frequency band 432-438 MHz shall not cause harmful interference to the aeronautical radionavigation service in China. The provisions of this footnote in no way diminish the obligation of the Earth exploration-satellite service (active) to operate as a secondary service in accordance with Nos. **5.29** and **5.30**.     (WRC-19)

**5.280** In Germany, Austria, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Croatia, Liechtenstein, North Macedonia, Montenegro, Portugal, Serbia, Slovenia and Switzerland, the frequency band 433.05-434.79 MHz (centre frequency 433.92 MHz) is designated for industrial, scientific and medical (ISM) applications. Radiocommunication services of these countries operating within this frequency band must accept harmful interference which may be caused by these applications. ISM equipment operating in this frequency band is subject to the provisions of No. **15.13**.     (WRC-19)

**5.281** *Additional allocation:*in the French overseas departments and communities in Region 2 and India, the band 433.75-434.25 MHz is also allocated to the space operation service (Earth-to-space) on a primary basis. In France and in Brazil, the band is allocated to the same service on a secondary basis.

**5.282** In the bands 435-438 MHz, 1 260-1 270 MHz, 2 400-2 450 MHz, 3 400-3 410 MHz (in Regions 2 and 3 only) and 5 650-5 670 MHz, the amateur-satellite service may operate subject to not causing harmful interference to other services operating in accordance with the Table (see No. **5.43**). Administrations authorizing such use shall ensure that any harmful interference caused by emissions from a station in the amateur-satellite service is immediately eliminated in accordance with the provisions of No. **25.11**. The use of the bands 1 260-1 270 MHz and 5 650-5 670 MHz by the amateur-satellite service is limited to the Earth-to-space direction.

**5.283** *Additional allocation:*in Austria, the band 438-440 MHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile, services on a primary basis.

**5.284** *Additional allocation:*in Canada, the band 440-450 MHz is also allocated to the amateur service on a secondary basis.

**5.285** *Different category of service:*in Canada, the allocation of the band 440-450 MHz to the radiolocation service is on a primary basis (see No. **5.33**).

**5.286** The band 449.75-450.25 MHz may be used for the space operation service (Earth-to-space) and the space research service (Earth-to-space), subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21**.

**5.286A** The use of the bands 454-456 MHz and 459-460 MHz by the mobile-satellite service is subject to coordination under No. **9.11A**.     (WRC-97)

**5.286AA** The frequency band 450-470 MHz is identified for use by administrations wishing to implement International Mobile Telecommunications (IMT) - see Resolution **224 (Rev.WRC-19)**. This identification does not preclude the use of this frequency band by any application of the services to which it is allocated and does not establish priority in the Radio Regulations.     (WRC-19)

**5.286B** The use of the band 454-455 MHz in the countries listed in No. **5.286D**, 455-456 MHz and 459-460 MHz in Region 2, and 454-456 MHz and 459-460 MHz in the countries listed in No. **5.286E**, by stations in the mobile-satellite service, shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from, stations of the fixed or mobile services operating in accordance with the Table of Frequency Allocations.     (WRC-97)

**5.286C** The use of the band 454-455 MHz in the countries listed in No. **5.286D**, 455-456 MHz and 459-460 MHz in Region 2, and 454-456 MHz and 459-460 MHz in the countries listed in No. **5.286E**, by stations in the mobile-satellite service, shall not constrain the development and use of the fixed and mobile services operating in accordance with the Table of Frequency Allocations.     (WRC-97)

**5.286E** *Additional allocation:*in Cape Verde, Nepal and Nigeria, the bands 454-456 MHz and 459-460 MHz are also allocated to the mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) service on a primary basis.     (WRC-07)

**5.287** Use of the frequency bands 457.5125-457.5875 MHz and 467.5125-467.5875 MHz by the maritime mobile service is limited to on-board communication stations. The characteristics of the equipment and the channelling arrangement shall be in accordance with Recommendation ITU R M.1174 4. The use of these frequency bands in territorial waters is subject to the national regulations of the administration concerned. (WRC 19)

**5.288** In the territorial waters of the United States and the Philippines, the preferred frequencies for use by on-board communication stations shall be 457.525 MHz, 457.550 MHz, 457.575 MHz and 457.600 MHz paired, respectively, with 467.750 MHz, 467.775 MHz, 467.800 MHz and 467.825 MHz. The characteristics of the equipment used shall conform to those specified in Recommendation ITU-R M.1174-4.     (WRC-19)

**5.289** Earth exploration-satellite service applications, other than the meteorological-satellite service, may also be used in the bands 460-470 MHz and 1 690-1 710 MHz for space-to-Earth transmissions subject to not causing harmful interference to stations operating in accordance with the Table.

**5.290** *Different category of service:*in Afghanistan, Azerbaijan, Belarus, China, the Russian Federation, Japan, Kyrgyzstan, , Tajikistan and, Turkmenistan the allocation of the band 460-470 MHz to the meteorological-satellite service (space-to-Earth) is on a primary basis (see No.**5.33**), subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21**.     (WRC-12)

**5.291A** *Additional allocation:* in Germany, Austria, Denmark, Estonia, Liechtenstein, the Czech Rep., Serbia and Switzerland, the frequency band 470-494 MHz is also allocated to the radiolocation service on a secondary basis. This use is limited to the operation of wind profiler radars in accordance with Resolution **217 (WRC-97)**. (WRC-15)

**5.294** *Additional allocation:* in Saudi Arabia, Cameroon, Côte d'Ivoire, Egypt, Ethiopia, Israel, Libya, the Syrian Arab Republic, Chad and Yemen, the frequency band 470-582 MHz is also allocated to the fixed service on a secondary basis. (WRC-15)

**5.296** *Additional allocation:* in Albania, Germany, Angola, Saudi Arabia, Austria, Bahrain, Belgium, Benin, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Botswana, Bulgaria, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cameroon, Vatican, Congo (Rep. of the), Côte d'Ivoire, Croatia, Denmark, Djibouti, Egypt, United Arab Emirates, Spain, Estonia, Eswatini, Finland, France, Gabon, Georgia, Ghana, Hungary, Iraq, Ireland, Iceland, Israel, Italy, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lesotho, Latvia, Lebanon, Libya, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, North Macedonia, Malawi, Mali, Malta, Morocco, Mauritius, Mauritania, Moldova, Monaco, Mozambique, Namibia, Niger, Nigeria, Norway, Oman, Uganda, the Netherlands, Poland, Portugal, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, Slovakia, the Czech Republic, Romania, the United Kingdom, Rwanda, San Marino, Serbia, Sudan, South Africa, Sweden, Switzerland, Tanzania, Chad, Togo, Tunisia, Turkey, Ukraine, Zambia and Zimbabwe, the frequency band 470-694 MHz is also allocated on a secondary basis to the land mobile service, intended for applications ancillary to broadcasting and programme**-**making. Stations of the land mobile service in the countries listed in this footnote shall not cause harmful interference to existing or planned stations operating in accordance with the Table in countries other than those listed in this footnote.    (WRC-19)

**5.300** *Additional allocation:* in Saudi Arabia, Cameroon, Egypt, United Arab Emirates, Israel, Jordan, Libya, Oman, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic and Sudan, the frequency band 582-790 MHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile, services on a secondary basis. (WRC-15)

**5.304** *Additional allocation:*in the African Broadcasting Area (see Nos. **5.10** to **5.13**), the band 606-614 MHz is also allocated to the radio astronomy service on a primary basis.

**5.306** *Additional allocation:*in Region 1, except in the African Broadcasting Area (see Nos. **5.10** to **5.13**), and in Region 3, the band 608-614 MHz is also allocated to the radio astronomy service on a secondary basis.

**5.312** *Additional allocation*:  in Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, the Russian Federation, Georgia, Kazakhstan, Uzbekistan, Kyrgyzstan, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan and Ukraine, the frequency band 645-862 MHz, and in Bulgaria the frequency bands 646-686 MHz, 726-753 MHz, 778-811 MHz and 822-852 MHz, are also allocated to the aeronautical radionavigation service on a primary basis.     (WRC-19)

**5.312A** In Region 1, the use of the frequency band 694-790 MHz by the mobile, except aeronautical mobile, service is subject to the provisions of Resolution **760 (Rev.WRC-19)**. See also Resolution **224 (Rev.WRC-19)**.     (WRC-19)

**5.313A** The frequency band, or portions of the frequency band 698-790 MHz, in Australia, Bangladesh, Brunei Darussalam, Cambodia, China, Korea (Rep. of), Fiji, India, Indonesia, Japan, Kiribati, Lao P.D.R., Malaysia, Myanmar (Union of), New Zealand, Pakistan, Papua New Guinea, the Philippines, the Dem. People’s Rep. of Korea, Solomon Islands, Samoa, Singapore, Thailand, Tonga, Tuvalu, Vanuatu and Viet Nam, are identified for use by these administrations wishing to implement International Mobile Telecommunications (IMT). This identification does not preclude the use of these frequency bands by any application of the services to which they are allocated and does not establish priority in the Radio Regulations. (WRC 19)

**5.316B** In Region 1, the allocation to the mobile, except aeronautical mobile, service in the frequency band 790-862 MHz is subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21** with respect to the aeronautical radionavigation service in countries mentioned in No. **5.312**. For countries party to the GE06 Agreement, the use of stations of the mobile service is also subject to the successful application of the procedures of that Agreement. Resolutions **224 (Rev.WRC-19)** and **749 (Rev.WRC-19)** shall apply, as appropriate.    (WRC-19)

**5.317A** The parts of the frequency band 698-960 MHz in Region 2 and the frequency bands 694-790 MHz in Region 1 and 790-960 MHz in Regions 1 and 3 which are allocated to the mobile service on a primary basis are identified for use by administrations wishing to implement International Mobile Telecommunications (IMT) – see Resolutions **224 (Rev.WRC 19),** **760 (Rev.WRC 19)** and **749 (Rev.WRC 19)**, where applicable. This identification does not preclude the use of these frequency bands by any application of the services to which they are allocated and does not establish priority in the Radio Regulations. (WRC-19)

**5.319** *Additional allocation*:  in Belarus, the Russian Federation and Ukraine, the bands 806-840 MHz (Earth-to-space) and 856-890 MHz (space-to-Earth) are also allocated to the mobile-satellite, except aeronautical mobile-satellite (R), service. The use of these bands by this service shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from, services in other countries operating in accordance with the Table of Frequency Allocations and is subject to special agreements between the administrations concerned.

**5.322** In Region 1, in the band 862-960 MHz, stations of the broadcasting service shall be operated only in the African Broadcasting Area (see Nos. **5.10** to **5.13**) excluding Algeria, Burundi, Egypt, Spain, Lesotho, Libya, Morocco, Malawi, Namibia, Nigeria, South Africa, Tanzania, Zimbabwe and Zambia, subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21**.     (WRC-12 )

**5.323** *Additional allocation:*  in Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, the Russian Federation, Kazakhstan, Uzbekistan, Kyrgyzstan, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan and Ukraine, the frequency band 862-960 MHz, in Bulgaria the frequency bands 862-880 MHz and 915-925 MHz, and in Romania the frequency bands 862-880 MHz and 915-925 MHz, are also allocated to the aeronautical radionavigation service on a primary basis. Such use is subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21** with administrations concerned and limited to ground-based radiobeacons in operation on 27 October 1997 until the end of their lifetime.    (WRC-19)

**5.327A** The use of the frequency band 960-1 164 MHz by the aeronautical mobile (R) service is limited to systems that operate in accordance with recognized international aeronautical standards. Such use shall be in accordance with Resolution **417 (Rev.WRC-15)**. (WRC-15)

**5.328** The use of the band 960-1 215 MHz by the aeronautical radionavigation service is reserved on a worldwide basis for the operation and development of airborne electronic aids to air navigation and any directly associated ground-based facilities.     (WRC-2000)

**5.328A** Stations in the radionavigation-satellite service in the band 1 164-1 215 MHz shall operate in accordance with the provisions of Resolution **609 (Rev.WRC-07)** and shall not claim protection from stations in the aeronautical radionavigation service in the band 960-1 215 MHz. No. **5.43A** does not apply. The provisions of No. **21.18** shall apply.     (WRC-07)

**5.328AA** The frequency band 1 087.7-1 092.3 MHz is also allocated to the aeronautical mobile-satellite (R) service (Earth-to-space) on a primary basis, limited to the space station reception of Automatic Dependent Surveillance-Broadcast (ADS-B) emissions from aircraft transmitters that operate in accordance with recognized international aeronautical standards. Stations operating in the aeronautical mobile-satellite (R) service shall not claim protection from stations operating in the aeronautical radionavigation service. Resolution **425** **(Rev.WRC-19)** shall apply.     (WRC-19)

**5.328B** The use of the bands 1 164-1 300 MHz, 1 559-1 610 MHz and 5 010-5 030 MHz by systems and networks in the radionavigation-satellite service for which complete coordination or notification information, as appropriate, is received by the Radiocommunication Bureau after 1 January 2005 is subject to the application of the provisions of Nos. **9.12**, **9.12A** and **9.13**. Resolution **610** **(WRC-03)** shall also apply; however, in the case of radionavigation-satellite service (space-to-space) networks and systems, Resolution **610 (WRC-03)** shall only apply to transmitting space stations. In accordance with No. **5.329A**, for systems and networks in the radionavigation-satellite service (space-to-space) in the bands 1 215-1 300 MHz and 1 559-1 610 MHz, the provisions of Nos. **9.7**, **9.12**, **9.12A** and **9.13** shall only apply with respect to other systems and networks in the radionavigation-satellite service (space-to-space).     (WRC-07)

**5.329** Use of the radionavigation-satellite service in the frequency band 1 215-1 300 MHz shall be subject to the condition that no harmful interference is caused to, and no protection is claimed from, the radionavigation service authorized under No. **5.331**. Furthermore, the use of the radionavigation-satellite service in the frequency band 1 215-1 300 MHz shall be subject to the condition that no harmful interference is caused to the radiolocation service. No. **5.43** shall not apply in respect of the radiolocation service. Resolution **608 (Rev.WRC-19)** shall apply.     (WRC-19)

**5.329A** Use of systems in the radionavigation-satellite service (space-to-space) operating in the bands 1 215-1 300 MHz and 1 559-1 610 MHz is not intended to provide safety service applications, and shall not impose any additional constraints on radionavigation-satellite service (space-to-Earth) systems or on other services operating in accordance with the Table of Frequency Allocations.     (WRC-07)

**5.330** *Additional allocation:*in Angola, Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Cameroon, China, Djibouti,Egypt,the United Arab Emirates, Eritrea, Ethiopia, Guyana, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Israel, Japan, Jordan, Kuwait, , Nepal, Oman ,Pakistan, the Philippines, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, Somalia, Sudan, South Sudan ,Chad, Togo and Yemen, the band 1 215-1 300 MHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile services on a primary basis.     (WRC-12 )

**5.331** *Additional allocation:* in Algeria, Germany, Saudi Arabia, Australia, Austria, Bahrain, Belarus, Belgium, Benin, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Brazil, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cameroon, China, Korea (Rep. of), Croatia, Denmark, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Estonia, the Russian Federation, Finland, France, Ghana, Greece, Guinea, Equatorial Guinea, Hungary, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Ireland, Israel, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lesotho, Latvia, Lebanon, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, North Macedonia, Madagascar, Mali, Mauritania, Montenegro, Nigeria, Norway, Oman, Pakistan, the Kingdom of the Netherlands, Poland, Portugal, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, Dem. People’s Rep. of Korea, Slovakia, the United Kingdom, Serbia, Slovenia, Somalia, Sudan, South Sudan, Sri Lanka, South Africa, Sweden, Switzerland, Thailand, Togo, Turkey, Venezuela and Viet Nam, the frequency band 1 215-1 300 MHz is also allocated to the radionavigation service on a primary basis. In Canada and the United States, the frequency band 1 240-1 300 MHz is also allocated to the radionavigation service, and use of the radionavigation service shall be limited to the aeronautical radionavigation service.    (WRC-19)

**5.332** In the band 1215**-**1260 MHz, active spaceborne sensors in the Earth exploration-satellite and space research services shall not cause harmful interference to, claim protection from, or otherwise impose constraints on operation or development of the radiolocation service, the radionavigation-satellite service and other services allocated on a primary basis.     (WRC-2000)

**5.335** In Canada and the United States in the band 1 240-1 300 MHz, active spaceborne sensors in the earth exploration-satellite and space research services shall not cause interference to, claim protection from, or otherwise impose constraints on operation or development of the aeronautical radionavigation service.     (WRC-97)

**5.335A** In the band 1 260-1 300 MHz, active spaceborne sensors in the Earth exploration-satellite and space research services shall not cause harmful interference to, claim protection from, or otherwise impose constraints on operation or development of the radiolocation service and other services allocated by footnotes on a primary basis. (WRC-2000)

**5.337** The use of the bands 1 300-1 350 MHz, 2 700-2 900 MHz and 9 000-9 200 MHz by the aeronautical radionavigation service is restricted to ground-based radars and to associated airborne transponders which transmit only on frequencies in these bands and only when actuated by radars operating in the same band.

**5.337A** The use of the band 1 300-1 350 MHz by earth stations in the radionavigation-satellite service and by stations in the radiolocation service shall not cause harmful interference to, nor constrain the operation and development of, the aeronautical-radionavigation service.     (WRC-2000)

**5.338** In Kyrgyzstan, Slovakia, . and Turkmenistan, existing installations of the radionavigation service may continue to operate in the band 1 350-1 400 MHz.     (WRC-12 )

**5.338A** In the frequency bands 1 350-1 400 MHz, 1 427-1 452 MHz, 22.55-23.55 GHz, 24.25-27.5 GHz, 30-31.3 GHz, 49.7-50.2 GHz, 50.4-50.9 GHz, 51.4-52.4 GHz, 52.4-52.6 GHz, 81-86 GHz and 92-94 GHz, Resolution **750** **(Rev.WRC-19)** applies.     (WRC-19)

**5.339** The bands 1 370-1 400 MHz, 2 640-2 655 MHz, 4 950-4 990 MHz and 15.20-15.35 GHz are also allocated to the space research (passive) and Earth exploration-satellite (passive) services on a secondary basis.

**5.339A** SUP (WRC-07)

**5.340** All emissions are prohibited in the following bands:

1 400-1 427 MHz,

2 690-2 700 MHz, except those provided for by No. **5.422**,

10.68-10.7 GHz, except those provided for by No. **5.483**,

15.35-15.4 GHz, except those provided for by No. **5.511**,

23.6-24 GHz,

31.3-31.5 GHz,

31.5-31.8 GHz, in Region 2,

48.94-49.04 GHz, from airborne stations

50.2-50.4 GHz[[4]](#footnote-4)2,

52.6-54.25 GHz,

86-92 GHz,

100-102 GHz,

109.5-111.8 GHz,

114.25-116 GHz,

148.5-151.5 GHz,

164-167 GHz,

182-185 GHz,

190-191.8 GHz,

200-209 GHz,

226-231.5 GHz,

250-252 GHz.     (WRC-03)

**5.341** In the bands 1 400-1 727 MHz, 101-120 GHz and 197-220 GHz, passive research is being conducted by some countries in a programme for the search for intentional emissions of extraterrestrial origin.

**5.341A** In Region 1, the frequency bands 1 427-1 452 MHz and 1 492-1 518 MHz are identified for use by administrations wishing to implement International Mobile Telecommunications (IMT) in accordance with Resolution **223 (Rev.WRC-15)**. This identification does not preclude the use of these frequency bands by any other application of the services to which it is allocated and does not establish priority in the Radio Regulations. The use of IMT stations is subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21** with respect to the aeronautical mobile service used for aeronautical telemetry in accordance with No. **5.342**. (WRC-15)

**5.342** *Additional allocation:* in Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, the Russian Federation, Uzbekistan, Kyrgyzstan and Ukraine, the frequency band 1 429-1 535 MHz is also allocated to the aeronautical mobile service on a primary basis, exclusively for the purposes of aeronautical telemetry within the national territory. As of 1 April 2007, the use of the frequency band 1 452-1 492 MHz is subject to agreement between the administrations concerned. (WRC-15)

**5.345** Use of the frequency band 1 452-1 492 MHz by the broadcasting-satellite service, and by the broadcasting service, is limited to digital audio broadcasting and is subject to the provisions of Resolution **528 (Rev.WRC 19).** (WRC 19)

**5.346** In Algeria, Angola, Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Benin, Botswana, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cameroon, Central African Republic, Congo (Rep. of the), Côte d'Ivoire, Djibouti, Egypt, United Arab Emirates, Eswatini, Gabon, Gambia, Ghana, Guinea, Iraq, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lesotho, Lebanon, Liberia, Madagascar, Malawi, Mali, Morocco, Mauritius, Mauritania, Mozambique, Namibia, Niger, Nigeria, Oman, Uganda, Palestine[[5]](#footnote-5)\*\*, Qatar, Dem. Rep. of the Congo, Rwanda, Senegal, Seychelles, Sudan, South Sudan, South Africa, Tanzania, Chad, Togo, Tunisia, Zambia, and Zimbabwe, the frequency band 1 452-1 492 MHz is identified for use by administrations listed above wishing to implement International Mobile Telecommunications (IMT) in accordance with Resolution **223** **(Rev.WRC-19)**. This identification does not preclude the use of this frequency band by any other application of the services to which it is allocated and does not establish priority in the Radio Regulations. The use of this frequency band for the implementation of IMT is subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21** with respect to the aeronautical mobile service used for aeronautical telemetry in accordance with No. **5.342**. See also Resolution **761 (Rev.WRC-19)**.     (WRC-19)

**5.348** The use of the band 1 518-1 525 MHz by the mobile-satellite service is subject to coordination under No. **9.11A**. In the band 1 518-1 525 MHz stations in the mobile-satellite service shall not claim protection from the stations in the fixed service. No. **5.43A** does not apply.     (WRC-03)

**5.348A** In the band 1 518-1 525 MHz, the coordination threshold in terms of the power flux-density levels at the surface of the Earth in application of No. **9.11A** for space stations in the mobile-satellite (space-to-Earth) service, with respect to the land mobile service use for specialized mobile radios or used in conjunction with public switched telecommunication networks (PSTN) operating within the territory of Japan, shall be –150 dB(W/m2) in any 4 kHz band for all angles of arrival, instead of those given in Table 5-2of Appendix 5. In the band 1 518-1 525 MHz stations in the mobile-satellite service shall not claim protection from stations in the mobile service in the territory of Japan. No. **5.43A** does not apply.     (WRC-03)

**5.348B** In the band 1 518-1 525 MHz, stations in the mobile-satellite service shall not claim protection from aeronautical mobile telemetry stations in the mobile service in the territory of the United States (see Nos. **5.343** and **5.344**)and in the countries listed in No. **5.342**. No. **5.43A** does not apply.     (WRC-03)

**5.349** *Different category of service:*in Saudi Arabia, Azerbaijan, Bahrain, Cameroon, Egypt, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Israel, Kazakhstan, Kuwait, Lebanon, North Macedonia, Morocco, Qatar, Syrian Arab Republic, Kyrgyzstan, Turkmenistan and Yemen, the allocation of the frequency band 1 525-1 530 MHz to the mobile, except aeronautical mobile, service is on a primary basis (see No. **5.33**).     (WRC-19)

**5.350** *Additional allocation:*in Kyrgyzstan and Turkmenistan, the frequency band 1 525-1 530 MHz is also allocated to the aeronautical mobile service on a primary basis.     (WRC-19)

**5.351** The bands 1 525-1 544 MHz, 1 545-1 559 MHz, 1 626.5-1 645.5 MHz and 1 646.5-1 660.5 MHz shall not be used for feeder links of any service. In exceptional circumstances, however, an earth station at a specified fixed point in any of the mobile-satellite services may be authorized by an administration to communicate via space stations using these bands.

**5.351A** For the use of the bands 1 518-1 544 MHz, 1 545-1 559 MHz, 1 610-1 645.5 MHz, 1 646.5-1 660.5 MHz, 1 668-1 675 MHz, 1 980-2 010 MHz, 2 170-2 200 MHz, 2 483.5-2 520 MHz and 2 670-2 690 MHz by the mobile-satellite service, see Resolutions **212 (Rev.WRC-07)** and **225 (Rev.WRC-07)**.     (WRC-07)

**5.352A** In the frequency band 1 525-1 530 MHz, stations in the mobile-satellite service, except stations in the maritime mobile-satellite service, shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from, stations of the fixed service in Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Egypt, Guinea, India, Israel, Italy, Jordan, Kuwait, Mali, Morocco, Mauritania, Nigeria, Oman, Pakistan, the Philippines, Qatar, Syrian Arab Republic, Viet Nam and Yemen notified prior to 1 April 1998. (WRC 19)

**5.353A** In applying the procedures of Section II of Article **9** to the mobile-satellite service in the bands 1 530-1 544 MHz and 1 626.5-1 645.5 MHz, priority shall be given to accommodating the spectrum requirements for distress, urgency and safety communications of the Global Maritime Distress and Safety System (GMDSS). Maritime mobile-satellite distress, urgency and safety communications shall have priority access and immediate availability over all other mobile satellite communications operating within a network. Mobile-satellite systems shall not cause unacceptable interference to, or claim protection from, distress, urgency and safety communications of the GMDSS. Account shall be taken of the priority of safety-related communications in the other mobile-satellite services. (The provisions of Resolution 222 **(WRC-2000)[[6]](#footnote-6)\*** shall apply.)     (WRC-2000)

**5.354** The use of the bands 1 525-1 559 MHz and 1 626.5-1 660.5 MHz by the mobile-satellite services is subject to coordination under No. **9.11A**.

**5.355** *Additional allocation:*in Bahrain, Bangladesh, Congo (Rep. of the), Djibouti, Egypt, Eritrea, Iraq, Israel, Kuwait, , Qatar, Syrian Arab Republic, Somalia, Sudan, South Sudan, Chad, Togo and Yemen, the bands 1 540-1 559 MHz, 1 610-1 645.5 MHz and 1 646.5-1 660 MHz are also allocated to the fixed service on a secondary basis. (WRC-12 )

**5.356** The use of the band 1 544-1 545 MHz by the mobile-satellite service (space-to-Earth) is limited to distress and safety communications (see Article **31**).

**5.357** Transmissions in the band 1 545-1 555 MHz from terrestrial aeronautical stations directly to aircraft stations, or between aircraft stations, in the aeronautical mobile (R) service are also authorized when such transmissions are used to extend or supplement the satellite-to-aircraft links.

**5.357A** In applying the procedures of Section II of Article **9** to the mobile-satellite service in the bands 1 545-1 555 MHz and 1 646.5-1 656.5 MHz, priority shall be given to accommodating the spectrum requirements of the aeronautical mobile-satellite (R) service providing transmission of messages with priority 1 to 6 in Article **44**. Aeronautical mobile-satellite (R) service communications with priority 1 to 6 in Article **44** shall have priority access and immediate availability, by pre-emption if necessary, over all other mobile-satellite communications operating within a network. Mobile-satellite systems shall not cause unacceptable interference to, or claim protection from, aeronautical mobile-satellite (R) service communications with priority 1 to 6 in Article **44**.Account shall be taken of  the priority of safety-related communications in the other mobile-satellite services. (The provisions of Resolution 222 **(WRC-12 )**\*shall apply.)     (WRC-12 )

**5.359** *Additional allocation:* in Germany, Saudi Arabia, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Cameroon, the Russian Federation, Georgia, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kuwait, Lithuania, Mauritania, Uganda, Uzbekistan, Pakistan, Poland, the Syrian Arab Republic, Kyrgyzstan, the Dem. People’s Rep. of Korea, Romania, Tajikistan, Tunisia, Turkmenistan and Ukraine, the frequency bands 1 550-1 559 MHz, 1 610-1 645.5 MHz and 1 646.5-1 660 MHz are also allocated to the fixed service on a primary basis. Administrations are urged to make all practicable efforts to avoid the implementation of new fixed-service stations in these frequency bands.     (WRC-19)

**5.362A** In the United States, in the bands 1 555-1 559 MHz and 1 656.5-1 660.5 MHz, the aeronautical mobile-satellite (R) service shall have priority access and immediate availability, by pre-emption if necessary, over all other mobile-satellite communications operating within a network. Mobile-satellite systems shall not cause unacceptable interference to, or claim protection from, aeronautical mobile-satellite (R) service communications with priority 1 to 6 in Article **44**. Account shall be taken of the priority of safety-related communications in the other mobile-satellite services.     (WRC-97)

**5.364** The use of the band 1 610-1 626.5 MHz by the mobile-satellite service (Earth-to-space) and by the radiodetermination-satellite service (Earth-to-space) is subject to coordination under No. **9.11A**. A mobile earth station operating in either of the services in this band shall not produce a peak e.i.r.p. density in excess of -15 dB(W/4 kHz) in the part of the band used by systems operating in accordance with the provisions of No. **5.366** (to which No. **4.10** applies), unless otherwise agreed by the affected administrations. In the part of the band where such systems are not operating, the mean e.i.r.p. density of a mobile earth station shall not exceed –3 dB(W/4 kHz). Stations of the mobile-satellite service shall not claim protection from stations in the aeronautical radionavigation service, stations operating in accordance with the provisions of No. **5.366** and stations in the fixed service operating in accordance with the provisions of No. **5.359**. Administrations responsible for the coordination of mobile-satellite networks shall make all practicable efforts to ensure protection of stations operating in accordance with the provisions of No. **5.366**.

**5.365** The use of the band 1 613.8-1 626.5 MHz by the mobile-satellite service (space-to-Earth) is subject to coordination under No. **9.11A**.

**5.366** The band 1 610-1 626.5 MHz is reserved on a worldwide basis for the use and development of airborne electronic aids to air navigation and any directly associated ground-based or satellite-borne facilities. Such satellite use is subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21**.

**5.367** *Additional allocation*:  The frequency bands 1 610-1 626.5 MHz is also allocated to the aeronautical mobile-satellite (R) service on a primary basis, subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21**.

**5.368** The provisions of No.**4.10** do not apply with respect to the radiodetermination-satellite and mobile-satellite services in the frequency band 1 610-1 626.5 MHz. However, No.**4.10** applies in the frequency band 1 610-1 626.5 MHz with respect to the aeronautical radionavigation-satellite service when operating in accordance with No. **5.366**, the aeronautical mobile satellite (R) service when operating in accordance with No. **5.367**, and in the frequency band 1 621.35-1 626.5 MHz with respect to the maritime mobile-satellite service when used for GMDSS.     (WRC-19)

**5.369** *Different category of service:*in Angola, Australia, China, Eritrea, Ethiopia, India, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Israel, Lebanon, Liberia, Madagascar, Mali, Pakistan, Papua New Guinea, Syrian Arab Republic, the Dem. Rep. of the Congo, Sudan, South Sudan ,Togo and Zambia, the allocation of the band 1 610-1 626.5 MHz to the radiodetermination-satellite service (Earth-to-space) is on a primary basis (see No. **5.33**), subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21** from countries not listed in this provision. (WRC-12)

**5.371** *Additional allocation:*in Region 1, the bands 1 610-1 626.5 MHz (Earth-to-space) (space-to-Earth) is also allocated to the radiodetermination-satellite service on a secondary basis, subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21**. (WRC 12)

**5.372** Harmful interference shall not be caused to stations of the radio astronomy service using the frequency band 1 610.6-1 613.8 MHz by stations of the radiodetermination-satellite and mobile-satellite services (No. 29.13 applies). The equivalent power flux-density (epfd) produced in the frequency band 1 610.6-1 613.8 MHz by all space stations of a non-geostationary-satellite system in the mobile-satellite service (space-to-Earth) operating in frequency band 1 613.8-1 626.5 MHz shall be in compliance with the protection criteria provided in Recommendations ITU-R RA.769-2 and ITU-R RA.1513-2, using the methodology given in Recommendation ITU-R M.1583-1, and the radio astronomy antenna pattern described in Recommendation ITU-R RA.1631-0.     (WRC-19)

**5.373** Maritime mobile earth stations receiving in the frequency band 1 621.35-1 626.5 MHz shall not impose additional constraints on earth stations operating in the maritime mobile-satellite service or maritime earth stations of the radiodetermination-satellite service operating in accordance with the Radio Regulations in the frequency band 1 610-1 621.35 MHz or on earth stations operating in the maritime mobile-satellite service operating in accordance with the Radio Regulations in the frequency band 1 626.5-1 660.5 MHz, unless otherwise agreed between the notifying administrations.     (WRC-19)

**5.373A** Maritime mobile earth stations receiving in the frequency band 1 621.35-1 626.5 MHz shall not impose constraints on the assignments of earth stations of the mobile-satellite service (Earth-to-space) and the radiodetermination-satellite service (Earth-to-space) in the frequency band 1 621.35-1 626.5 MHz in networks for which complete coordination information has been received by the Radiocommunication Bureau before 28 October 2019. (WRC 19

**5.374** Mobile earth stations in the mobile-satellite service operating in the bands 1 631.5-1 634.5 MHz and 1 656.5-1 660 MHz shall not cause harmful interference to stations in the fixed service operating in the countries listed in No. **5.359**.     (WRC-97)

**5.375** The use of the band 1 645.5-1 646.5 MHz by the mobile-satellite service (Earth-to-space) and for inter-satellite links is limited to distress and safety communications (see Article **31**).

**5.376** Transmissions in the band 1 646.5-1 656.5 MHz from aircraft stations in the aeronautical mobile (R) service directly to terrestrial aeronautical stations, or between aircraft stations, are also authorized when such transmissions are used to extend or supplement the aircraft-to-satellite links.

**5.376A** Mobile earth stations operating in the band 1 660-1 660.5 MHz shall not cause harmful interference to stations in the radio astronomy service.     (WRC-97)

**5.379** *Additional allocation:*in Bangladesh, India, Indonesia, Nigeria and Pakistan, the band 1 660.5-1 668.4 MHz is also allocated to the meteorological aids service on a secondary basis.

**5.379A** Administrations are urged to give all practicable protection in the band 1 660.5-1 668.4 MHz for future research in radio astronomy, particularly by eliminating air-to-ground transmissions in the meteorological aids service in the band 1 664.4-1 668.4 MHz as soon as practicable.

**5.379B** The use of the band 1 668-1 675 MHz by the mobile-satellite service is subject to coordination under No. **9.11A**. In the band 1 668-1 668.4 MHz, Resolution **904 (WRC-07)** shall apply.     (WRC-07)

**5.379C** In order to protect the radio astronomy service in the band 1 668-1 670 MHz, the aggregate power flux-density values produced by mobile earth stations in a network of the mobile-satellite service operating in this band shall not exceed –181 dB(W/m2) in 10 MHz and −194 dB(W/m2) in any 20 kHz at any radio astronomy station recorded in the Master International Frequency Register, for more than 2% of integration periods of 2 000 s. (WRC-03)

**5.379D** For sharing of the band 1 668.4-1 675 MHz between the mobile-satellite service and the fixed and mobile services, Resolution **744 (Rev.WRC-07)** shall apply.     (WRC-07)

**5.379E** In the band 1 668.4-1 675 MHz, stations in the mobile-satellite service shall not cause harmful interference to stations in the meteorological aids service in China, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Japan and Uzbekistan. In the band 1 668.4-1 675 MHz, administrations are urged not to implement new systems in the meteorological aids service and are encouraged to migrate existing meteorological aids service operations to other bands as soon as practicable.     (WRC-03)

**5.380A** In the band 1 670-1 675 MHz, stations in the mobile-satellite service shall not cause harmful interference to, nor constrain the development of, existing earth stations in the meteorological-satellite service notified before 1 January 2004. Any new assignment to these earth stations in this band shall also be protected from harmful interference from stations in the mobile-satellite service.     (WRC-07)

**5.382** *Different category of service:*in Saudi Arabia, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Bahrain, Belarus, Congo (Rep. of the), Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Eritrea, Ethiopia, the Russian Federation, Guinea, Iraq, Israel, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kuwait, Lebanon, North Macedonia, Mauritania, Moldova, Mongolia, Oman, Uzbekistan, Poland, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, Kyrgyzstan, Somalia, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan, Ukraine and Yemen, the allocation of the frequency band 1 690-1 700 MHz to the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile, services is on a primary basis (see No. **5.33**), and in the Dem. People’s Rep. of Korea, the allocation of the frequency band 1 690-1 700 MHz to the fixed service is on a primary basis (see No. **5.33**) and to the mobile, except aeronautical mobile, service on a secondary basis.     (WRC-19)

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**5.384A** The frequency bands 1 710-1 885 MHz, 2 300-2 400 MHz and 2 500-2 690 MHz, or portions thereof, are identified for use by administrations wishing to implement International Mobile Telecommunications (IMT) in accordance with Resolution **223 (Rev.WRC-15)**. This identification does not preclude the use of these by any application of the services to which they are allocated and does not establish priority in the Radio Regulations. (WRC-15)

**5.385** *Additional allocation:*the band 1 718.8-1 722.2 MHz is also allocated to the radio astronomy service on a secondary basis for spectral line observations.     (WRC-2000)

**5.386** *Additional allocation:* the frequency band 1 750-1 850 MHz is also allocated to the space operation (Earth-to- space) and space research (Earth-to-space) services in Region 2 (except in Mexico), in Australia, Guam, India, Indonesia and Japan on a primary basis, subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21**, having particular regard to troposcatter systems. (WRC-15)

**5.387** *Additional allocation:*in Belarus, Georgia, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Romania, Tajikistan and Turkmenistan, the band 1 770-1 790 MHz is also allocated to the meteorological-satellite service on a primary basis, subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21**.     (WRC-12 )

**5.388** The frequency bands 1 885-2 025 MHz and 2 110-2 200 MHz are intended for use, on a worldwide basis, by administrations wishing to implement International Mobile Telecommunications (IMT). Such use does not preclude the use of these frequency bands by other services to which they are allocated. The frequency bands should be made available for IMT in accordance with Resolution **212 (Rev.WRC-15)** (see also Resolution **223 (Rev.WRC-15)**). (WRC-15)

**5.388A** In Regions 1 and 3, the bands 1 885-1 980 MHz, 2 010-2 025 MHz and 2 110-2 170 MHz and, in Region 2, the bands 1 885-1 980 MHz and 2 110-2 160 MHz may be used by high altitude platform stations as base stations to provide International Mobile Telecommunications-2000 (IMT-2000), in accordance with Resolution **221 (Rev.WRC-03)\*.** Their use by IMT-2000 applications using high altitude platform stations as base stations does not preclude the use of these bands by any station in the services to which they are allocated and does not establish priority in the Radio Regulations.     (WRC-03)

**5.388B** In Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Benin, Burkina Faso, Cameroon, Comoros, Côte d’Ivoire, China, Cuba, Djibouti, Egypt, United Arab Emirates, Eritrea, Ethiopia, Gabon, Ghana, India, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Israel, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lebanon, Libya, Mali, Morocco, Mauritania, Nigeria, Oman, Uganda, Pakistan, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, Senegal, Singapore, Sudan, South Sudan, Tanzania, Chad, Togo, Tunisia, Yemen, Zambia and Zimbabwe, for the purpose of protecting fixed and mobile services, including IMT mobile stations, in their territories from co-channel interference, a high altitude platform station (HAPS) operating as an IMT base station in neighbouring countries, in the frequency bands referred to in No. **5.388A**, shall not exceed a co-channel power flux-density of −127 dB(W/(m2 · MHz)) at the Earth’s surface outside a country’s borders unless explicit agreement of the affected administration is provided at the time of the notification of HAPS.    (WRC-19)

**5.389A** The use of the bands 1 980-2 010 MHz and 2 170-2 200 MHz by the mobile-satellite service is subject to coordination under No. **9.11A** and to the provisions of Resolution **716 (Rev.WRC-2000)**.     (WRC-07)

**5.389B** The use of the frequency band 1 980-1 990 MHz by the mobile-satellite service shall not cause harmful interference to or constrain the development of the fixed and mobile services in Argentina, Brazil, Canada, Chile, Ecuador, the United States, Honduras, Jamaica, Mexico, Paraguay, Peru, Suriname, Trinidad and Tobago, Uruguay and Venezuela. (WRC-19)

**5.389E** The use of the bands 2 010-2 025 MHz and 2 160-2 170 MHz by the mobile-satellite service in Region 2 shall not cause harmful interference to or constrain the development of the fixed and mobile services in Regions 1 and 3.

**5.389F** In Algeria, Cape Verde, Egypt, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Mali, Syrian Arab Republic and Tunisia, the use of the frequency bands 1 980-2 010 MHz and 2 170-2 200 MHz by the mobile-satellite service shall neither cause harmful interference to the fixed and mobile services, nor hamper the development of those services prior to 1 January 2005, nor shall the former service request protection from the latter services.     (WRC-19)

**5.391** In making assignments to the mobile service in the frequency bands 2 025-2 110 MHz and 2 200-2 290 MHz, administrations shall not introduce high-density mobile systems, as described in Recommendation ITU-R SA.1154-0, and shall take that Recommendation into account for the introduction of any other type of mobile system. (WRC-15)

**5.392** Administrations are urged to take all practicable measures to ensure that space-to-space transmissions between two or more non-geostationary satellites, in the space research, space operations and Earth exploration-satellite services in the bands 2 025-2 110 MHz and 2 200-2 290 MHz, shall not impose any constraints on Earth-to-space, space-to-Earth and other space-to-space transmissions of those services and in those bands between geostationary and non-geostationary satellites.

**5.395** In France and Turkey, the use of the band 2 310-2 360 MHz by the aeronautical mobile service for telemetry has priority over other uses by the mobile service.      (WRC-03)

**5.398** In respect of the radiodetermination-satellite service in the band 2 483.5-2 500 MHz, the provisions of No. **4.10** do not apply

**5.398A** *Different category of service:* In Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, the Russian Federation, Kazakhstan, Uzbekistan, Kyrgyzstan, Tajikistan and Ukraine, the band 2 483.5-2 500 MHz is allocated on a primary basis to the radiolocation service. The radiolocation stations in these countries shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from, stations of the fixed, mobile and mobile-satellite services operating in accordance with the Radio Regulations in the frequency band 2 483.5-2 500 MHz. (WRC-12

**5.399** Except for cases referred to in No. **5.401**, stations of the radiodetermination-satellite service operating in the frequency band 2 483.5-2 500 MHz for which notification information is received by the Bureau after 17 February 2012, and the service area of which includes Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, the Russian Federation, Kazakhstan, Uzbekistan, Kyrgyzstan, Tajikistan and Ukraine, shall not cause harmful interference to, and shall not claim protection from stations of the radiolocation service operating in these countries in accordance with No. **5.398A**.    (WRC-12)

**5.401** In Angola, Australia, Bangladesh, China, Eritrea, Eswatini, Ethiopia, India, Lebanon, Liberia, Libya, Madagascar, Mali, Pakistan, Papua New Guinea, Syrian Arab Republic, Dem. Rep. of the Congo, Sudan, Togo and Zambia, the frequency band 2 483.5-2 500 MHz was already allocated on a primary basis to the radiodetermination-satellite service before WRC-12, subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21** from countries not listed in this provision. Systems in the radiodetermination-satellite service for which complete coordination information has been received by the Radiocommunication Bureau before 18 February 2012 will retain their regulatory status, as of the date of receipt of the coordination request information.     (WRC-19)

**5.402** The use of the band 2 483.5-2 500 MHz by the mobile-satellite and the radiodetermination-satellite services is subject to the coordination under No. **9.11A**. Administrations are urged to take all practicable steps to prevent harmful interference to the radio astronomy service from emissions in the 2 483.5-2 500 MHz band, especially those caused by second-harmonic radiation that would fall into the 4 990-5 000 MHz band allocated to the radio astronomy service worldwide.

**5.410** The band 2 500-2 690 MHz may be used for tropospheric scatter systems in Region 1, subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21**. No. **9.21** does not apply to tropospheric scatter links situated entirely outside Region 1. Administrations shall make all practicable efforts to avoid developing new tropospheric scatter systems in this band. When planning new tropospheric scatter radio-relay links in this band, all possible measures shall be taken to avoid directing the antennas of these links towards the geostationary-satellite orbit.     (WRC-12 )

**5.412** *Alternative allocation:*in , Kyrgyzstan and Turkmenistan, the band 2 500-2 690 MHz is allocated to the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile, services on a primary basis.     (WRC-12

**5.413** In the design of systems in the broadcasting-satellite service in the bands between 2 500 MHz and 2 690 MHz, administrations are urged to take all necessary steps to protect the radio astronomy service in the band 2 690-2 700 MHz.

**5.416** The use of the band 2 520-2 670 MHz by the broadcasting-satellite service is limited to national and regional systems for community reception, subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21**. The provisions of No. **9.19** shall be applied by administrations in this band in their bilateral and multilateral negotiations.     (WRC-07)

**5.418B** Use of the band 2 630-2 655 MHz by non-geostationary-satellite systems in the broadcasting-satellite service (sound), pursuant to No. **5.418**, for which complete Appendix **4** coordination information, or notification information, has been received after 2 June 2000, is subject to the application of the provisions of No. **9.12**. (WRC-03)

**5.418C** Use of the band 2 630-2 655 MHz by geostationary-satellite networks for which complete Appendix **4** coordination information, or notification information, has been received after 2 June 2000 is subject to the application of the provisions of No. **9.13** with respect to non-geostationary-satellite systems in the broadcasting-satellite service (sound), pursuant to No. **5.418** and No. **22.2** does not apply.     (WRC-03)

**5.422** *Additional allocation:*in Saudi Arabia, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Bahrain, Belarus, Brunei Darussalam, Congo (Rep. of the), Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, Djibouti, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Eritrea, Ethiopia, Gabon, Georgia, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Israel, Jordan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Mauritania, , Mongolia, Montenegro, Nigeria, Oman, Pakistan, the Philippines, Qatar, Syrian Arab Republic, Kyrgyzstan, the Dem. Rep. of the Congo, Romania, Somalia, Tajikistan, Tunisia, Turkmenistan, Ukraine and Yemen, the band 2 690-2 700 MHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile, services on a primary basis. Such use is limited to equipment in operation by 1 January 1985.     (WRC-12 )

**5.423** In the band 2 700-2 900 MHz, ground-based radars used for meteorological purposes are authorized to operate on a basis of equality with stations of the aeronautical radionavigation service.

**5.424** *Additional allocation:*in Canada, the band 2 850-2 900 MHz is also allocated to the maritime radionavigation service, on a primary basis, for use by shore-based radars.

**5.424A** In the band 2 900-3 100 MHz, stations in the radiolocation service shall not cause harmful interference to, nor claim protection from, radar systems in the radionavigation service.     (WRC-03)

**5.425** In the band 2 900-3 100 MHz, the use of the shipborne interrogator-transponder (SIT) system shall be confined to the sub-band 2 930 -2 950 MHz.

**5.426** The use of the band 2 900-3 100 MHz by the aeronautical radionavigation service is limited to ground-based radars.

**5.427** In the bands 2 900-3 100 MHz and 9 300-9 500 MHz, the response from radar transponders shall not be capable of being confused with the response from radar beacons (racons) and shall not cause interference to ship or aeronautical radars in the radionavigation service, having regard, however, to No. **4.9**.

**5.428** *Additional allocation:*in Kyrgyzstan and Turkmenistan, the frequency band 3 100-3 300 MHz is also allocated to the radionavigation service on a primary basis.     (WRC-19)

**5.429** *Additional allocation:*in Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Benin, Brunei Darussalam, Cambodia, Cameroon, China, Congo (Rep. of the), Korea (Rep. of), Côte d'Ivoire, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Japan, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lebanon, Libya, Malaysia, New Zealand, Oman, Uganda, Pakistan, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, the Dem. Rep. of the Congo, the Dem. People’s Rep. of Korea, Sudan and Yemen, the frequency band 3 300-3 400 MHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile services on a primary basis. New Zealand and the countries bordering the Mediterranean shall not claim protection for their fixed and mobile services from the radiolocation service.     (WRC-19)

**5.429A** *Additional allocation*:  in Angola, Benin, Botswana, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Djibouti, Eswatini, Ghana, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Lesotho, Liberia, Malawi, Mauritania, Mozambique, Namibia, Niger, Nigeria, Rwanda, Sudan, South Sudan, South Africa, Tanzania, Chad, Togo, Zambia and Zimbabwe, the frequency band 3 300-3 400 MHz is allocated to the mobile, except aeronautical mobile, service on a primary basis. Stations in the mobile service operating in the frequency band 3 300-3 400 MHz shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from, stations operating in the radiolocation service.     (WRC-19)

**5.429B** In the following countries of Region 1 south of 30° parallel north: Angola, Benin, Botswana, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cameroon, Congo (Rep. of the), Côte d’Ivoire, Egypt, Eswatini, Ghana, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Kenya, Lesotho, Liberia, Malawi, Mauritania, Mozambique, Namibia, Niger, Nigeria, Uganda, the Dem. Rep. of the Congo, Rwanda, Sudan, South Sudan, South Africa, Tanzania, Chad, Togo, Zambia and Zimbabwe, the frequency band 3 300-3 400 MHz is identified for the implementation of International Mobile Telecommunications (IMT). The use of this frequency band shall be in accordance with Resolution **223 (Rev.WRC-19)**. The use of the frequency band 3 300-3 400 MHz by IMT stations in the mobile service shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from, systems in the radiolocation service, and administrations wishing to implement IMT shall obtain the agreement of neighbouring countries to protect operations within the radiolocation service. This identification does not preclude the use of this frequency band by any application of the services to which it is allocated and does not establish priority in the Radio Regulations.     (WRC-19)

**5.430** *Additional allocation:*in Kyrgyzstan and Turkmenistan, the frequency band 3 300-3 400 MHz is also allocated to the radionavigation service on a primary basis.     (WRC-19)

**5.430A** The allocation of the frequency band 3 400-3 600 MHz to the mobile, except aeronautical mobile, service is subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21**. This frequency band is identified for International Mobile Telecommunications (IMT). This identification does not preclude the use of this frequency band by any application of the services to which it is allocated and does not establish priority in the Radio Regulations. The provisions of Nos. **9.17** and **9.18** shall also apply in the coordination phase. Before an administration brings into use a (base or mobile) station of the mobile service in this frequency band, it shall ensure that the power flux-density (pfd) produced at 3 m above ground does not exceed -154.5 dB(W/(m2 · 4 kHz)) for more than 20% of time at the border of the territory of any other administration. This limit may be exceeded on the territory of any country whose administration has so agreed. In order to ensure that the pfd limit at the border of the territory of any other administration is met, the calculations and verification shall be made, taking into account all relevant information, with the mutual agreement of both administrations (the administration responsible for the terrestrial station and the administration responsible for the earth station) and with the assistance of the Bureau if so requested. In case of disagreement, calculation and verification of the pfd shall be made by the Bureau, taking into account the information referred to above. Stations of the mobile service in the frequency band 3 400-3 600 MHz shall not claim more protection from space stations than that provided in Table **21-4** of the Radio Regulations (Edition of 2004). (WRC-15)

**5.431** *Additional allocation:*in Germany, the frequency band 3 400-3 475 MHz is also allocated to the amateur service on a secondary basis.     (WRC-19)

**5.436** Use of the frequency band 4 200-4 400 MHz by stations in the aeronautical mobile (R) service is reserved exclusively for wireless avionics intra-communication systems that operate in accordance with recognized international aeronautical standards. Such use shall be in accordance with Resolution **424 (WRC-15)**. (WRC-15)

**5.437** Passive sensing in the Earth exploration-satellite and space research services may be authorized in the frequency band 4 200-4 400 MHz on a secondary basis. (WRC-15)

**5.438** Use of the frequency band 4 200-4 400 MHz by the aeronautical radionavigation service is reserved exclusively for radio altimeters installed on board aircraft and for the associated transponders on the ground. (WRC-15)

**5.439** *Additional allocation:*in Iran (Islamic Republic of), the band 4 200-4 400 MHz is also allocated to the fixed service on a secondary basis.     (WRC-12)

**5.440** The standard frequency and time signal-satellite service may be authorized to use the frequency 4 202 MHz for space-to-Earth transmissions and the frequency 6 427 MHz for Earth-to-space transmissions. Such transmissions shall be confined within the limits of ± 2 MHz of these frequencies, subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21**.

**5.440A** In Region 2 (except Brazil, Cuba, French overseas departments and communities, Guatemala, Paraguay, Uruguay and Venezuela), and in Australia, the band 4 400-4 940 MHz may be used for aeronautical mobile telemetry for flight testing by aircraft stations (see No. **1.83**). Such use shall be in accordance with Resolution **416 (WRC-07)** and shall not cause harmful interference to, nor claim protection from, the fixed-satellite and fixed services. Any such use does not preclude the use of these bands by other mobile service applications or by other services to which these bands are allocated on a co-primary basis and does not establish priority in the Radio Regulations.    (WRC-07)

**5.441** The use of the bands 4 500-4 800 MHz (space-to-Earth), 6 725-7 025 MHz (Earth-to-space) by the  fixed-satellite service shall be in accordance with the provisions of Appendix **30B**. The use of the bands 10.7-10.95  GHz (space-to-Earth), 11.2-11.45 GHz (space-to-Earth) and 12.75-13.25 GHz (Earth-to-space) by geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service shall be in accordance with the provisions of Appendix **30B**. The use of the bands 10.7-10.95 GHz (space-to-Earth), 11.2-11.45 GHz (space-to-Earth) and 12.75-13.25 GHz (Earth-to-space) by a non-geostationary-satellite system in the fixed-satellite service is subject to application of the provisions of No. **9.12** for coordination with other non-geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service. Non-geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service shall not claim protection from geostationary-satellite networks in the fixed-satellite service operating in accordance with the Radio Regulations, irrespective of the dates of receipt by the Bureau of the complete coordination or notification information, as appropriate, for the non-geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service and of the complete coordination or notification information, as appropriate, for the geostationary-satellite networks, and No. **5.43A** does not apply. Non-geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service in the above bands shall be operated in such a way that any unacceptable interference that may occur during their operation shall be rapidly eliminated. (WRC-2000)

**5.441A** In Brazil, Paraguay and Uruguay, the frequency band 4 800-4 900 MHz, or portions thereof, is identified for the implementation of International Mobile Telecommunications (IMT). This identification does not preclude the use of this frequency band by any application of the services to which it is allocated and does not establish priority in the Radio Regulations. The use of this frequency band for the implementation of IMT is subject to agreement obtained with neighbouring countries, and IMT stations shall not claim protection from stations of other applications of the mobile service. Such use shall be in accordance with Resolution **223 (Rev.WRC-19)**.     (WRC-19)

**5.441B** In Angola, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Benin, Botswana, Brazil, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cambodia, Cameroon, China, Côte d’Ivoire, Djibouti, Eswatini, Russian Federation, Gambia, Guinea, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Kazakhstan, Kenya, Lao P.D.R., Lesotho, Liberia, Malawi, Mauritius, Mongolia, Mozambique, Nigeria, Uganda, Uzbekistan, the Dem. Rep. of the Congo, Kyrgyzstan, the Dem. People's Rep. of Korea, Sudan, South Africa, Tanzania, Togo, Viet Nam, Zambia and Zimbabwe, the frequency band 4 800-4 990 MHz, or portions thereof, is identified for use by administrations wishing to implement International Mobile Telecommunications (IMT). This identification does not preclude the use of this frequency band by any application of the services to which it is allocated and does not establish priority in the Radio Regulations. The use of IMT stations is subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21** with concerned administrations, and IMT stations shall not claim protection from stations of other applications of the mobile service. In addition, before an administration brings into use an IMT station in the mobile service, it shall ensure that the power flux-density (pfd) produced by this station does not exceed −155 dB(W/(m2 · 1 MHz)) produced up to 19 km above sea level at 20 km from the coast, defined as the low-water mark, as officially recognized by the coastal State. This pfd criterion is subject to review at WRC-23. Resolution **223 (Rev.WRC-19)** applies. This identification shall be effective after WRC-19.     (WRC-19)

**5.442** In the frequency bands 4 825-4 835 MHz and 4 950-4 990 MHz, the allocation to the mobile service is restricted to the mobile, except aeronautical mobile, service. In Region 2 (except Brazil, Cuba, Guatemala, Mexico, Paraguay, Uruguay and Venezuela), and in Australia, the frequency band 4 825-4 835 MHz is also allocated to the aeronautical mobile service, limited to aeronautical mobile telemetry for flight testing by aircraft stations. Such use shall be in accordance with Resolution **416 (WRC-07)** and shall not cause harmful interference to the fixed service. (WRC-15)

**5.443** *Different category of service:*in Argentina, Australia and Canada, the allocation of the bands 4 825-4 835 MHz and 4 950-4 990 MHz to the radio astronomy service is on a primary basis (see No. **5.33**).

**5.443AA** In the frequency bands 5 000-5 030 MHz and 5 091-5 150 MHz, the aeronautical mobile-satellite (R) service is subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21**. The use of these bands by the aeronautical mobile-satellite (R) service is limited to internationally standardized aeronautical systems. (WRC-12)

**5.443B** In order not to cause harmful interference to the microwave landing system operating above 5 030 MHz, the aggregate power flux-density produced at the Earth’s surface in the frequency band 5 030-5 150 MHz by all the space stations within any radionavigation-satellite service system (space-to-Earth) operating in the frequency band 5 010-5 030 MHz shall not exceed -124.5 dB(W/m2) in a 150 kHz band. In order not to cause harmful interference to the radio astronomy service in the frequency band 4 990-5 000 MHz, radionavigation-satellite service systems operating in the frequency band 5 010-5 030 MHz shall comply with the limits in the frequency band 4 990-5 000 MHz defined in Resolution **741 (Rev.WRC-15)**. (WRC-15)

**5.443C** The use of the frequency band 5 030-5 091 MHz by the aeronautical mobile (R) service is limited to internationally standardized aeronautical systems. Unwanted emissions from the aeronautical mobile (R) service in the frequency band 5 030-5 091 MHz shall be limited to protect RNSS system downlinks in the adjacent 5 010-5 030 MHz band. Until such time that an appropriate value is established in a relevant ITU-R Recommendation, the e.i.r.p. density limit of −75 dBW/MHz in the frequency band 5 010-5 030 MHz for any AM(R)S station unwanted emission should be used. (WRC-12)

**5.443D** In the frequency band 5 030-5 091 MHz, the aeronautical mobile-satellite (R) service is subject to coordination under No. **9.11A**. The use of this frequency band by the aeronautical mobile-satellite (R) service is limited to internationally standardized aeronautical systems. (WRC-12)

**5.444** The frequency band 5 030-5 150 MHz is to be used for the operation of the international standard system (microwave landing system) for precision approach and landing. In the frequency band 5 030-5 091 MHz, the requirements of this system shall have priority over other uses of this frequency band. For the use of the frequency band 5 091-5 150 MHz, No. **5.444A** and Resolution **114 (Rev.WRC-15)** apply. (WRC-15)

**5.444A** The use of the allocation to the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space) in the frequency band 5 091-5 150 MHz is limited to feeder links of non-geostationary satellite systems in the mobile-satellite service and is subject to coordination under No. **9.11A**. The use of the frequency band 5 091-5 150 MHz by feeder links of non-geostationary satellite systems in the mobile-satellite service shall be subject to application of Resolution **114** **(Rev.WRC-15)**. Moreover, to ensure that the aeronautical radionavigation service is protected from harmful interference, coordination is required for feeder-link earth stations of the non-geostationary satellite systems in the mobile-satellite service which are separated by less than 450 km from the territory of an administration operating ground stations in the aeronautical radionavigation service. (WRC-15)

**5.444B** The use of the frequency band 5 091-5 150 MHz by the aeronautical mobile service islimited to:

– systems operating in the aeronautical mobile (R) service and in accordance with international aeronautical standards, limited to surface applications at airports. Such use shall be in accordance with Resolution **748 (Rev.WRC-19)**;

– aeronautical telemetry transmissions from aircraft stations (see No. **1.83**) in accordance with Resolution **418 (Rev.WRC-19)**.     (WRC-19)

**5.446** *Additional allocation:* in the countries listed in No. **5.369**, the frequency band 5 150-5 216 MHz is also allocated to the radiodetermination-satellite service (space-to-Earth) on a primary basis, subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21**. In Region 2 (except in Mexico), the frequency band is also allocated to the radiodetermination-satellite service (space-to-Earth) on a primary basis. In Regions 1 and 3, except those countries listed in No. **5.369** and Bangladesh, the frequency band is also allocated to the radiodetermination-satellite service (space-to-Earth) on a secondary basis. The use by the radiodetermination-satellite service is limited to feeder links in conjunction with the radiodetermination satellite service operating in the frequency bands 1 610-1 626.5 MHz and/or 2 483.5-2 500 MHz. The total power fluxdensity at the Earth’s surface shall in no case exceed -159 dB(W/m2) in any 4 kHz band for all angles of arrival. (WRC-15)

**5.446A** The use of the frequency bands 5 150-5 350 MHz and 5 470-5 725 MHz by the stations in the mobile, except aeronautical mobile, service shall be in accordance with Resolution **229** **(Rev.WRC-19)**.    (WRC-19)

**5.446B** In the band 5 150-5 250 MHz, stations in the mobile service shall not claim protection from earth stations in the fixed-satellite service. No. **5.43A** does not apply to the mobile service with respect to fixed-satellite service earth stations.     (WRC-03)

**5.446C** *Additional allocation:* in Region 1 (except in Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Egypt, United Arab Emirates, Iraq, Jordan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Morocco, Oman, Qatar, Syrian Arab Republic, Sudan, South Sudan and Tunisia), the frequency band 5 150-5 250 MHz is also allocated to the aeronautical mobile service on a primary basis, limited to aeronautical telemetry transmissions from aircraft stations (see No. **1.83**), in accordance with Resolution **418** **(Rev.WRC-19)**. These stations shall not claim protection from other stations operating in accordance with Article **5**. No. **5.43A** does not apply.    (WRC-19)

**5.446D** *Additional allocation:*  in Brazil, the band 5 150-5 250 MHz is also allocated to the aeronautical mobile service on a primary basis, limited to aeronautical telemetry transmissions from aircraft stations (see No. **1.83**), in accordance with Resolution **418 (Rev.WRC-19**).     (WRC-19)

**5.447** *Additional allocation:* in Côte d'Ivoire, Egypt, Lebanon, the Syrian Arab Republic and Tunisia, the frequency band 5 150-5 250 MHz is also allocated to the mobile service, on a primary basis, subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21**.In this case, the provisions of Resolution **229** **(Rev.WRC-19)** do not apply.    (WRC-19)

**5.447A** The allocation to the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space) is limited to feeder links of non-geostationary-satellite systems in the mobile-satellite service and is subject to coordination under No. **9.11A**.

**5.447B** *Additional allocation*:  the band 5 150-5 216 MHz is also allocated to the fixed-satellite service (space-to-Earth) on a primary basis. This allocation is limited to feeder links of non-geostationary-satellite systems in the mobile-satellite service and is subject to provisions of No. **9.11A**. The power flux-density at the Earth’s surface produced by space stations of the fixed-satellite service operating in the space-to-Earth direction in the band 5 150-5 216 MHz shall in no case exceed –164 dB(W/m2) in any 4 kHz band for all angles of arrival.

**5.447C** Administrations responsible for fixed-satellite service networks in the band 5 150-5 250 MHz operated under Nos. **5.447A** and **5.447B** shall coordinate on an equal basis in accordance with No. **9.11A** with administrations responsible for non-geostationary-satellite networks operated under No. **5.446** and brought into use prior to 17 November 1995. Satellite networks operated under No. **5.446** brought into use after 17 November 1995 shall not claim protection from, and shall not cause harmful interference to, stations of the fixed-satellite service operated under Nos. **5.447A** and **5.447B**.

**5.447D** The allocation of the band 5 250-5 255 MHz to the space research service on a primary basis is limited to active spaceborne sensors. Other uses of the band by the space research service are on a secondary basis.  (WRC-97)

**5.447E** *Additional allocation:* The frequency band 5 250-5 350 MHz is also allocated to the fixed service on a primary basis in the following countries in Region 3: Australia, Korea (Rep. of), India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Japan, Malaysia, Papua New Guinea, the Philippines, Dem. People’s Rep. of Korea, Sri Lanka, Thailand and Viet Nam. The use of this frequency band by the fixed service is intended for the implementation of fixed wireless access systems and shall comply with Recommendation ITU-R F.1613-0. In addition, the fixed service shall not claim protection from the radiodetermination, Earth exploration-satellite (active) and space research (active) services, but the provisions of No. **5.43A** do not apply to the fixed service with respect to the Earth exploration-satellite (active) and space research (active) services. After implementation of fixed wireless access systems in the fixed service with protection for the existing radiodetermination systems, no more stringent constraints should be imposed on the fixed wireless access systems by future radiodetermination implementations. (WRC-15)

**5.447F** In the frequency band 5 250-5 350 MHz, stations in the mobile service shall not claim protection from the radiolocation service, the Earth exploration-satellite service (active) and the space research service (active). The radiolocation service, the Earth exploration-satellite service (active) and the space research service (active) shall not impose more stringent conditions upon the mobile service than those stipulated in Resolution **229** **(Rev.WRC-19)**.     (WRC-19)

**5.448** *Additional allocation:* in Kyrgyzstan, Romania and Turkmenistan, the frequency band 5 250-5 350 MHz is also allocated to the radionavigation service on a primary basis. (WRC 19)

**5.448A** The Earth exploration-satellite (active) and space research (active) services in the frequency band 5 250-5 350 MHz shall not claim protection from the radiolocation service. No. **5.43A** does not apply.    (WRC-03)

**5.448B** The Earth exploration-satellite service (active) operating in the band 5 350-5 570 MHz and space research service (active) operating in the band 5 460-5 570 MHz shall not cause harmful interference to the aeronautical radionavigation service in the band 5 350-5 460 MHz, the radionavigation service in the band 5 460-5 470 MHz and the maritime radionavigation service in the band 5 470-5 570 MHz.     (WRC-03)

**5.448C** The space research service (active) operating in the band 5 350-5 460 MHz shall not cause harmful interference to nor claim protection from other services to which this band is allocated.    (WRC-03)

**5.448D** In the frequency band 5 350-5 470 MHz, stations in the radiolocation service shall not cause harmful interference to, nor claim protection from, radar systems in the aeronautical radionavigation service operating in accordance with No. **5.449**.     (WRC-03)

**5.449** The use of the band 5 350-5 470 MHz by the aeronautical radionavigation service is limited to airborne radars and associated airborne beacons.

**5.450** *Additional allocation:*in Austria, Azerbaijan, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Kyrgyzstan, Romania, Turkmenistan and Ukraine, the band 5 470-5 650 MHz is also allocated to the aeronautical radionavigation service on a primary basis.     (WRC-12)

**5.450A** In the frequency band 5 470-5 725 MHz, stations in the mobile service shall not claim protection from radiodetermination services.The radiodetermination services shall not impose more stringent conditions upon the mobile service than those stipulated in Resolution **229 (Rev.WRC-19)**.      (WRC-19)

**5.450B** In the frequency band 5 470-5 650 MHz, stations in the radiolocation service, except ground-based radars used for meteorological purposes in the band 5 600-5 650 MHz, shall not cause harmful interference to, nor claim protection from, radar systems in the maritime radionavigation service.     (WRC-03)

**5.451** *Additional allocation:*in the United Kingdom, the band 5 470-5 850 MHz is also allocated to the land mobile service on a secondary basis. The power limits specified in Nos. **21.2**, **21.3**, **21.4** and **21.5** shall apply in the band 5 725-5 850 MHz.

**5.452** Between 5 600 MHz and 5 650 MHz, ground-based radars used for meteorological purposes are authorized to operate on a basis of equality with stations of the maritime radionavigation service.

**5.453** *Additional allocation:* in Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Brunei Darussalam, Cameroon, China, Congo (Rep. of the), Korea (Rep. of), Côte d’Ivoire, Djibouti, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Eswatini, Gabon, Guinea, Equatorial Guinea, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Japan, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lebanon, Libya, Madagascar, Malaysia, Niger, Nigeria, Oman, Uganda, Pakistan, the Philippines, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, the Dem. People’s Rep. of Korea, Singapore, Sri Lanka, Tanzania, Chad, Thailand, Togo, Viet Nam and Yemen, the frequency band 5 650-5 850 MHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile services on a primary basis. In this case, the provisions of Resolution **229 (Rev.WRC-19)** do not apply. In addition, in Afghanistan, Angola, Benin, Bhutan, Botswana, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Dem. Rep. of the Congo, Fiji, Ghana, Kiribati, Lesotho, Malawi, Maldives, Mauritius, Micronesia, Mongolia, Mozambique, Myanmar, Namibia, Nauru, New Zealand, Papua New Guinea, Rwanda, Solomon Islands, South Sudan, South Africa, Tonga, Vanuatu, Zambia and Zimbabwe, the frequency band 5 725-5 850 MHz is allocated to the fixed service on a primary basis, and stations operating in the fixed service shall not cause harmful interference to and shall not claim protection from other primary services in the frequency band. (WRC 19)

**5.454** *Different category of service:*in Azerbaijan, the Russian Federation, Georgia, , Kyrgyzstan, Tajikistan and Turkmenistan, the allocation of the band 5 670-5 725 MHz to the space research service is on a primary basis (see No. **5.33**).     (WRC-12)

**5.455** *Additional allocation:*in Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Cuba, the Russian Federation, Georgia, Hungary, Kazakhstan, Moldova, Uzbekistan, Kyrgyzstan, Romania, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan and Ukraine, the frequency band 5 670-5 850 MHz is also allocated to the fixed service on a primary basis.     (WRC-19)

**5.457** In Australia, Burkina Faso, Cote d'Ivoire, Mali and Nigeria, the allocation to the fixed service in the bands 6 440-6 520 MHz (HAPS-to-ground direction) and 6 560-6 640 MHz (ground-to- HAPS direction) may also be used by gateway links for high-altitude platform stations (HAPS) within the territory of these countries. Such use is limited to operation in HAPS gateway links and shall not cause harmful interference to, and shall not claim protection from, existing services, and shall be in compliance with Resolution **150 (WRC-12)**. Existing services shall not be constrained in future development by HAPS gateway links. The use of HAPS gateway links in these bands requires explicit agreement with other administrations whose territories are located within 1 000 kilometres from the border of an administration intending to use the HAPS gateway links. (WRC-12)

**5.457A** In the frequency bands 5 925-6 425 MHz and 14-14.5 GHz, earth stations located on board vessels may communicate with space stations of the fixed-satellite service. Such use shall be in accordance with Resolution **902** **(WRC-03)**. In the frequency band 5 925-6 425 MHz, earth stations located on board vessels and communicating with space stations of the fixed-satellite service may employ transmit antennas with minimum diameter of 1.2 m and operate without prior agreement of any administration if located at least 330 km away from the low-water mark as officially recognized by the coastal State. All other provisions of Resolution **902 (WRC-03)** shall apply. (WRC-15)

**5.457B** In the frequency bands 5 925-6 425 MHz and 14-14.5 GHz, earth stations located on board vessels may operate with the characteristics and under the conditions contained in Resolution **902 (WRC-03)** in Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Comoros, Djibouti, Egypt, United Arab Emirates, Jordan, Kuwait, Libya, Morocco, Mauritania, Oman, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, Sudan, Tunisia and Yemen, in the maritime mobile-satellite service on a secondary basis. Such use shall be in accordance with Resolution **902 (WRC-03)**. (WRC-15)

**5.457C** In Region 2 (except Brazil, Cuba, French overseas departments and communities, Guatemala, Mexico, Paraguay, Uruguay and Venezuela), the frequency band 5 925-6 700 MHz may be used for aeronautical mobile telemetry for flight testing by aircraft stations (see No. **1.83**). Such use shall be in accordance with Resolution **416 (WRC-07)** and shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from, the fixed-satellite and fixed services. Any such use does not preclude the use of this frequency band by other mobile service applications or by other services to which this frequency band is allocated on a co-primary basis and does not establish priority in the Radio Regulations. (WRC-15)

**5.458** In the band 6 425-7 075 MHz, passive microwave sensor measurements are carried out over the oceans. In the band 7 075-7 250 MHz, passive microwave sensor measurements are carried out. Administrations should bear in mind the needs of the Earth exploration-satellite (passive) and space research (passive) services in their future planning of the bands 6 425-7 025 MHz and 7 075-7 250 MHz.

**5.458A** In making assignments in the band 6 700-7 075 MHz to space stations of the fixed-satellite service, administrations are urged to take all practicable steps to protect spectral line observations of the radio astronomy service in the band 6 650-6 675.2 MHz from harmful interference from unwanted emissions.

**5.458B** The space-to-Earth allocation to the fixed-satellite service in the band 6 700-7 075 MHz is limited to feeder links for non-geostationary satellite systems of the mobile-satellite service and is subject to coordination under No. **9.11A**. The use of the band 6 700-7 075 MHz (space-to-Earth) by feeder links for non-geostationary satellite systems in the mobile-satellite service is not subject to No. **22.2**.

**5.459** *Additional allocation:* in the Russian Federation, the frequency bands 7 100-7 155 MHz and 7 190-7 235 MHz are also allocated to the space operation service (Earth-to-space) on a primary basis, subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21**. In the frequency band 7 190-7 235 MHz, with respect to the Earth exploration satellite service (Earth-to-space), No. **9.21** does not apply. (WRC-15)

**5.460** No emissions from space research service (Earth-to-space) systems intended for deep space shall be effected in the frequency band 7 190-7 235 MHz. Geostationary satellites in the space research service operating in the frequency band 7 190-7 235 MHz shall not claim protection from existing and future stations of the fixed and mobile services and No. **5.43A** does not apply. (WRC-15)

**5.460A** The use of the frequency band 7 190-7 250 MHz (Earth-to-space) by the Earth exploration-satellite service shall be limited to tracking, telemetry and command for the operation of spacecraft. Space stations operating in the Earth exploration-satellite service (Earth-to-space) in the frequency band 7 190-7 250 MHz shall not claim protection from existing and future stations in the fixed and mobile services, and No. **5.43A** does not apply. No. **9.17** applies. Additionally, to ensure protection of the existing and future deployment of fixed and mobile services, the location of earth stations supporting spacecraft in the Earth exploration-satellite service in non-geostationary orbits or geostationary orbit shall maintain a separation distance of at least 10 km and 50 km, respectively, from the respective border(s) of neighbouring countries, unless a shorter distance is otherwise agreed between the corresponding administrations. (WRC-15)

**5.460B** Space stations on the geostationary orbit operating in the Earth exploration-satellite service (Earth-to-space) in the frequency band 7 190-7 235 MHz shall not claim protection from existing and future stations of the space research service, and No. **5.43A** does not apply. (WRC-15)

**5.461** *Additional allocation:*the bands 7 250-7 375 MHz (space-to-Earth) and 7 900-8 025 MHz (Earth-to-space) are also allocated to the mobile-satellite service on a primary basis, subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21**.

**5.461A** The use of the band 7 450-7 550 MHz by the meteorological-satellite service (space-to-Earth) is limited to geostationary-satellite systems. Non-geostationary meteorological-satellite systems in this band notified before 30 November 1997 may continue to operate on a primary basis until the end of their lifetime.  (WRC-97)

**5.461AA** The use of the frequency band 7 375-7 750 MHz by the maritime mobile-satellite service is limited to geostationary-satellite networks. (WRC-15)

**5.461AB** In the frequency band 7 375-7 750 MHz, earth stations in the maritime mobile-satellite service shall not claim protection from, nor constrain the use and development of, stations in the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile, services. No. **5.43A** does not apply. (WRC-15)

**5.461B** The use of the band 7 750-7 900 MHz by the meteorological-satellite service (space-to-Earth) is limited to non-geostationary satellite systems.     (WRC-12 )

**5.462A** In Regions 1 and 3 (except for Japan), in the band 8 025-8 400 MHz, the Earth exploration-satellite service using geostationary satellites shall not produce a power flux-density in excess of the following provisional values for angles of arrival (), without the consent of the affected administration:

−135 dB(W/m2) in a 4 kHz band for  0o ≤      5º  
 –135 + 0.5 ( – 5) dB(W/m2) in a 4 kHz band for  5º ≤   25º  
 –125 dB(W/m2) in a 1 MHz band for  25º ≤  ≤ 90º  (WRC-12 )

**5.463** Aircraft stations are not permitted to transmit in the band 8 025-8 400 MHz.     (WRC-97)

**5.465** In the space research service, the use of the band 8 400-8 450 MHz is limited to deep space.

**5.466** *Different category of service:*in Singapore and Sri Lanka, the allocation of the band 8 400-8 500 MHz to the space research service is on a secondary basis (see No. **5.32**).     (WRC-12 )

**5.468** *Additional allocation:*in Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Brunei Darussalam, Burundi, Cameroon, China, Congo (Rep. of the), Djibouti, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Eswatini, Gabon, Guyana, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Jamaica, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lebanon, Libya, Malaysia, Mali, Morocco, Mauritania, Nepal, Nigeria, Oman, Uganda, Pakistan, Qatar, Syrian Arab Republic, the Dem. People’s Rep. of Korea, Senegal, Singapore, Somalia, Sudan, Chad, Togo, Tunisia and Yemen, the frequency band 8 500-8 750 MHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile services on a primary basis.     (WRC-19)

**5.469** *Additional allocation:*in Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, the Russian Federation, Georgia, Hungary, Lithuania, Mongolia, Uzbekistan, Poland, Kyrgyzstan, the Czech Rep., Romania, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan and Ukraine, the band 8 500-8 750 MHz is also allocated to the land mobile and radionavigation services on a primary basis.     (WRC-12)

**5.469A** In the band 8 550-8 650 MHz, stations in the Earth exploration-satellite service (active) and space research service (active) shall not cause harmful interference to, or constrain the use and development of, stations of the radiolocation service.     (WRC-97)

**5.470** The use of the band 8 750-8 850 MHz by the aeronautical radionavigation service is limited to airborne Doppler navigation aids on a centre frequency of 8 800 MHz.

**5.471** *Additional allocation:* in Algeria, Germany, Bahrain, Belgium, China, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, France, Greece, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Libya, the Netherlands, Qatar and Sudan, the frequency bands 8 825-8 850 MHz and 9 000-9 200 MHz are also allocated to the maritime radionavigation service, on a primary basis, for use by shore-based radars only. (WRC-15)

**5.472** In the bands 8 850-9 000 MHz and 9 200-9 225 MHz, the maritime radionavigation service is limited to shore-based radars.

**5.473** *Additional allocation:*in Armenia, Austria, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Cuba, the Russian Federation, Georgia, Hungary, Uzbekistan, Poland, Kyrgyzstan, Romania, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan and Ukraine, the frequency bands 8 850-9 000 MHz and 9 200-9 300 MHz are also allocated to the radionavigation service on a primary basis.     (WRC-19)

**5.473A** In the band 9 000-9 200 MHz, stations operating in the radiolocation service shall not cause harmful interference to, nor claim protection from, systems identified in No. [5.337](about:blank) operating in the aeronautical radionavigation service, or radar systems in the maritime radionavigation service operating in this band on a primary basis in the countries listed in No. [5.471](about:blank). (WRC-07)

**5.474** In the band 9 200-9 500 MHz, search and rescue transponders (SART) may be used, having due regard to the appropriate ITU-R Recommendation (see also Article **31**).

**5.474A** The use of the frequency bands 9 200-9 300 MHz and 9 900-10 400 MHz by the Earth exploration-satellite service (active) is limited to systems requiring necessary bandwidth greater than 600 MHz that cannot be fully accommodated within the frequency band 9 300-9 900 MHz. Such use is subject to agreement to be obtained under No. **9.21** from Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Egypt, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Lebanon and Tunisia. An administration that has not replied under No. **9.52** is considered as not having agreed to the coordination request. In this case, the notifying administration of the satellite system operating in the Earth exploration-satellite service (active) may request the assistance of the Bureau under Sub-Section IID of Article **9**. (WRC-15)

**5.474B** Stations operating in the Earth exploration-satellite (active) service shall comply with Recommendation ITU-R RS.2066-0. (WRC-15)

**5.474C** Stations operating in the Earth exploration-satellite (active) service shall comply with Recommendation ITU-R RS.2065-0. (WRC-15)

**5.474D** Stations in the Earth exploration-satellite service (active) shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from, stations of the maritime radionavigation and radiolocation services in the frequency band 9 200-9 300 MHz, the radionavigation and radiolocation services in the frequency band 9 900-10 000 MHz and the radiolocation service in the frequency band 10.0-10.4 GHz. (WRC-15)

**5.475** The use of the band 9 300-9 500 MHz by the aeronautical radionavigation service is limited to airborne weather radars and ground-based radars. In addition, ground-based radar beacons in the aeronautical radionavigation service are permitted in the band 9 300-9 320 MHz on condition that harmful interference is not caused to the maritime radionavigation service.     (WRC-07)

**5.475A** The use of the band 9 300-9 500 MHz by the Earth exploration-satellite service (active) and the space research service (active) is limited to systems requiring necessary bandwidth greater than 300 MHz that cannot be fully accommodated within the 9 500-9 800 MHz band.     (WRC-07)

**5.475B** In the band 9 300-9 500 MHz, stations operating in the radiolocation service shall not cause harmful interference to, nor claim protection from, radars operating in the radionavigation service in conformity with the Radio Regulations. Ground-based radars used for meteorological purposes have priority over other radiolocation uses.     (WRC-07)

**5.476** SUP (WRC-07)

**5.476A** In the band 9 300-9 800 MHz, stations in the Earth exploration-satellite service (active) and space research service (active) shall not cause harmful interference to, nor claim protection from, stations of the radionavigation and radiolocation services.     (WRC-07)

**5.477** *Different category of service:* in Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Brunei Darussalam, Cameroon, Djibouti, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Eritrea, Ethiopia, Guyana, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Jamaica, Japan, Jordan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Liberia, Malaysia, Nigeria, Oman, Uganda, Pakistan, Qatar, Syrian Arab Republic, the Dem. People’s Rep. of Korea, Singapore, Somalia, Sudan, South Sudan, Trinidad and Tobago, and Yemen, the allocation of the frequency band 9 800-10 000 MHz to the fixed service is on a primary basis (see No. **5.33**). (WRC-15)

**5.478** *Additional allocation:*in Azerbaijan, Kyrgyzstan, Romania, Turkmenistan and Ukraine, the frequency band 9 800-10 000 MHz is also allocated to the radionavigation service on a primary basis.     (WRC-19)

**5.478A** The use of the band 9 800-9 900 MHz by the Earth exploration-satellite service (active) and the space research service (active) is limited to systems requiring necessary bandwidth greater than 500 MHz that cannot be fully accommodated within the 9 300-9 800 MHz band.     (WRC-07)

**5.478B** In the band 9 800-9 900 MHz, stations in the Earth exploration-satellite service (active) and space research service (active) shall not cause harmful interference to, nor claim protection from stations of the fixed service to which this band is allocated on a secondary basis.     (WRC-07)

**5.479** The band 9 975-10 025 MHz is also allocated to the meteorological-satellite service on a secondary basis for use by weather radars.

**5.481** *Additional allocation:* in Algeria, Germany, Angola, Brazil, China, Côte d'Ivoire, Egypt, El Salvador, Ecuador, Spain, Guatemala, Hungary, Japan, Kenya, Morocco, Nigeria, Oman, Uzbekistan, Pakistan, Paraguay, Peru, the Dem. People’s Rep. of Korea, Romania, Tunisia and Uruguay, the frequency band 10.45-10.5 GHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile services on a primary basis. In Costa Rica, the frequency band 10.45-10.5 GHz is also allocated to the fixed service on a primary basis. (WRC 19)

**5.482** In the band 10.6-10.68 GHz, the power delivered to the antenna of stations of the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile, services shall not exceed −3 dBW. This limit may be exceeded, subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21**. However, in Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Belarus, Egypt, United Arab Emirates, Georgia, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Jordan, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Kazakhstan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Morocco, Mauritania, Moldova, Nigeria, Oman, Uzbekistan, Pakistan, Philippines, Qatar, Syrian Arab Republic, Kyrgyzstan, Singapore, Tajikistan, Tunisia, Turkmenistan and Viet Nam, this restriction on the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile, service is not applicable.     (WRC-07)

**5.482A** For sharing of the band 10.6-10.68 GHz between the Earth exploration-satellite (passive) service and the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile, services, Resolution **751 (WRC-07)** applies.     (WRC-07)

**5.483** *Additional allocation:* in Saudi Arabia, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Bahrain, Belarus, China, Colombia, Korea (Rep. of), Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Georgia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Israel, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Mongolia, Qatar, Kyrgyzstan, the Dem. People’s Rep. of Korea, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan and Yemen, the frequency band 10.68-10.7 GHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile, services on a primary basis. Such use is limited to equipment in operation by 1 January 1985.    (WRC-19)

**5.484** In Region 1, the use of the band 10.7-11.7 GHz by the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space) is limited to feeder links for the broadcasting-satellite service.

**5.484A** The use of the bands 10.95-11.2 GHz (space-to-Earth), 11.45-11.7 GHz (space-to-Earth), 11.7-12.2 GHz (space-to-Earth) in Region 2, 12.2-12.75 GHz (space-to-Earth) in Region 3, 12.5-12.75 GHz (space-to-Earth) in Region 1, 13.75-14.5 GHz (Earth-to-space), 17.8-18.6 GHz (space-to-Earth), 19.7-20.2 GHz (space-to-Earth), 27.5-28.6 GHz (Earth-to-space), 29.5-30 GHz (Earth-to-space) by a non-geostationary-satellite system in the fixed-satellite service is subject to application of the provisions of No. **9.12** for coordination with other non-geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service. Non-geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service shall not claim protection from geostationary-satellite networks in the fixed-satellite service operating in accordance with the Radio Regulations, irrespective of the dates of receipt by the Bureau of the complete coordination or notification information, as appropriate, for the non-geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service and of the complete coordination or notification information, as appropriate, for the geostationary-satellite networks, and No. **5.43A** does not apply. Non-geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service in the above bands shall be operated in such a way that any unacceptable interference that may occur during their operation shall be rapidly eliminated.     (WRC-2000)

**5.484B** Resolution **155 (WRC-15)** shall apply. (WRC-15)

**5.487** In the band 11.7-12.5 GHz in Regions 1 and 3, the fixed, fixed-satellite, mobile, except aeronautical mobile, and broadcasting services, in accordance with their respective allocations, shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from, broadcasting-satellite stations operating in accordance with the Regions 1 and 3 Plan in Appendix **30.**     (WRC-03)

**5.487A** *Additional* *allocation:*in Region 1, the band 11.7-12.5 GHz, in Region 2, the band 12.2-12.7 GHz and, in Region 3, the band 11.7-12.2 GHz, are also allocated to the fixed-satellite service (space-to-Earth) on a primary basis, limited to non-geostationary systems and subject to application of the provisions of No. **9.12** for coordination with other non-geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service. Non-geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service shall not claim protection from geostationary-satellite networks in the broadcasting-satellite service operating in accordance with the Radio Regulations, irrespective of the dates of receipt by the Bureau of the complete coordination or notification information, as appropriate, for the non-geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service and of the complete coordination or notification information, as appropriate, for the geostationary-satellite networks, and No. **5.43A** does not apply. Non-geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service in the above bands shall be operated in such a way that any unacceptable interference that may occur during their operation shall be rapidly eliminated.     (WRC-03)

**5.494** *Additional allocation:* in Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Cameroon, the Central African Rep., Congo (Rep. of the), Côte d’Ivoire, Djibouti, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Eritrea, Ethiopia, Gabon, Ghana, Guinea, Iraq, Israel, Jordan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Libya, Madagascar, Mali, Morocco, Mongolia, Nigeria, Oman, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, the Dem. Rep. of the Congo, Somalia, Sudan, South Sudan, Chad, Togo and Yemen, the frequency band 12.5-12.75 GHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile, services on a primary basis. (WRC-15)

**5.495** *Additional allocation:* in Greece, Monaco, Montenegro, Uganda and Tunisia, the frequency band 12.5-12.75 GHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile, services on a secondary basis. (WRC 19)

**5.496** *Additional allocation:*in Austria, Azerbaijan, Kyrgyzstan and Turkmenistan, the band 12.5-12.75 GHz is also allocated to the fixed service and the mobile, except aeronautical mobile, service on a primary basis. However, stations in these services shall not cause harmful interference to fixed-satellite service earth stations of countries in Region 1 other than those listed in this footnote. Coordination of these earth stations is not required with stations of the fixed and mobile services of the countries listed in this footnote. The power flux-density limit at the Earth’s surface given in Table **21-4** of Article **21**, for the fixed-satellite service shall apply on the territory of the countries listed in this footnote.     (WRC-2000)

**5.497** The use of the band 13.25-13.4 GHz by the aeronautical radionavigation service is limited to Doppler navigation aids.

**5.498A** The Earth exploration-satellite (active) and space research (active) services operating in the band 13.25-13.4 GHz shall not cause harmful interference to, or constrain the use and development of, the aeronautical radionavigation service.     (WRC-97)

**5.499** *Additional allocation:*in Bangladesh, and India , the band 13.25-14 GHz is also allocated to the fixed service on a primary basis. In Pakistan, the band 13.25-13.75 GHz is allocated to the fixed service on a primary basis. (WRC 12)

**5.499A** The use of the frequency band 13.4-13.65 GHz by the fixed-satellite service (space-to-Earth) is limited to geostationary-satellite systems and is subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21** with respect to satellite systems operating in the space research service (space-to-space) to relay data from space stations in the geostationary-satellite orbit to associated space stations in non-geostationary satellite orbits for which advance publication information has been received by the Bureau by 27 November 2015. (WRC-15)

**5.499B** Administrations shall not preclude the deployment and operation of transmitting earth stations in the standard frequency and time signal-satellite service (Earth-to-space) allocated on a secondary basis in the frequency band 13.4-13.65 GHz due to the primary allocation to FSS (space-to-Earth). (WRC-15)

**5.499C** The allocation of the frequency band 13.4-13.65 GHz to the space research service on a primary basis is limited to:

– satellite systems operating in the space research service (space-to-space) to relay data from space stations in the geostationary-satellite orbit to associated space stations in non-geostationary satellite orbits for which advance publication information has been received by the Bureau by 27 November 2015,

– active spaceborne sensors,

– satellite systems operating in the space research service (space-to-Earth) to relay data from space stations in the geostationary-satellite orbit to associated earth stations.

Other uses of the frequency band by the space research service are on a secondary basis. (WRC-15)

**5.499D** In the frequency band 13.4-13.65 GHz, satellite systems in the space research service (space-to-Earth) and/or the space research service (space-to-space) shall not cause harmful interference to, nor claim protection from, stations in the fixed, mobile, radiolocation and Earth exploration-satellite (active) services. (WRC-15)

**5.499E** In the frequency band 13.4-13.65 GHz, geostationary-satellite networks in the fixed-satellite service (spaceto- Earth) shall not claim protection from space stations in the Earth exploration-satellite service (active) operating in accordance with these Regulations, and No. **5.43A** does not apply. The provisions of No. **22.2** do not apply to the Earth exploration-satellite service (active) with respect to the fixed-satellite service (space-to-Earth) in this frequency band. (WRC-15)

**5.500** *Additional allocation:* in Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Brunei Darussalam, Cameroon, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Gabon, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Israel, Jordan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Madagascar, Malaysia, Mali, Morocco, Mauritania, Niger, Nigeria, Oman, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, Singapore, Sudan, South Sudan, Chad and Tunisia, the frequency band 13.4-14 GHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile services on a primary basis. In Pakistan, the frequency band 13.4-13.75 GHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile services on a primary basis. (WRC-15)

**5.501** *Additional allocation:*in Azerbaijan, Hungary, Japan, Mongolia, Kyrgyzstan, Romania and Turkmenistan, the band 13.4-14 GHz is also allocated to the radionavigation service on a primary basis.     (WRC-12)

**5.501A** The allocation of the frequency band 13.65-13.75 GHz to the space research service on a primary basis is limited to active spaceborne sensors. Other uses of the frequency band by the space research service are on a secondary basis. (WRC-15)

**5.501B** In the band 13.4-13.75 GHz, the Earth exploration-satellite (active) and space research (active) services shall not cause harmful interference to, or constrain the use and development of, the radiolocation service. (WRC-97)

**5.502** In the band 13.75-14 GHz, an earth station of a geostationary fixed-satellite service network shall have a minimum antenna diameter of 1.2 m and an earth station of a non-geostationary fixed-satellite service system shall have a minimum antenna diameter of 4.5 m. In addition, the e.i.r.p., averaged over one second, radiated by a station in the radiolocation or radionavigation services shall not exceed 59 dBW for elevation angles above 2° and 65 dBW at lower angles. Before an administration brings into use an earth station in a geostationary-satellite network in the fixed-satellite service in this band with an antenna diameter smaller than 4.5 m, it shall ensure that the power flux-density produced by this earth station does not exceed:

– –115 dB(W/(m2 · 10 MHz)) for more than 1% of the time produced at 36 m above sea level at the low water mark, as officially recognized by the coastal State;

– –115 dB(W/(m2 · 10 MHz)) for more than 1% of the time produced 3 m above ground at the border of the territory of an administration deploying or planning to deploy land mobile radars in this band, unless prior agreement has been obtained.

For earth stations within the fixed-satellite service having an antenna diameter greater than or equal to 4.5 m, the e.i.r.p. of any emission should be at least 68 dBW and should not exceed 85 dBW.     (WRC-03)

**5.503** In the band 13.75-14 GHz, geostationary space stations in the space research service for which information for advance publication has been received by the Bureau prior to 31 January 1992 shall operate on an equal basis with stations in the fixed-satellite service; after that date, new geostationary space stations in the space research service will operate on a secondary basis. Until those geostationary space stations in the space research service for which information for advance publication has been received by the Bureau prior to 31 January 1992 cease to operate in this band:

– in the band 13.77-13.78 GHz, the e.i.r.p. density of emissions from any earth station in the fixed-satellite service operating with a space station in geostationary-satellite orbit shall not exceed:

i) 4.7*D* + 28 dB(W/40 kHz), where *D* is the fixed-satellite service earth station antenna diameter (m) for antenna diameters equal to or greater than 1.2 m and less than 4.5 m;

ii) 49.2 + 20 log(*D*/4.5) dB(W/40 kHz), where *D* is the fixed-satellite service earth station antenna diameter (m) for antenna diameters equal to or greater than 4.5 m and less than 31.9 m;

iii) 66.2 dB(W/40 kHz) for any fixed-satellite service earth station for antenna diameters (m) equal to or greater than 31.9 m;

iv) 56.2 dB(W/4 kHz) for narrow-band (less than 40 kHz of necessary bandwidth) fixed-satellite service earth station emissions from any fixed-satellite service earth station having an antenna diameter of 4.5 m or greater;

*–* the e.i.r.p. density of emissions from any earth station in the fixed-satellite service operating with a space station in non-geostationary-satellite orbit shall not exceed 51 dBW in the 6 MHz band from 13.772 to 13.778 GHz.

Automatic power control may be used to increase the e.i.r.p. density in these frequency ranges to compensate for rain attenuation, to the extent that the power flux-density at the fixed-satellite service space station does not exceed the value resulting from use by an earth station of an e.i.r.p. meeting the above limits in clear-sky conditions.     (WRC-03)

**5.504** The use of the band 14-14.3 GHz by the radionavigation service shall be such as to provide sufficient protection to space stations of the fixed-satellite service.

**5.504A** In the band 14-14.5 GHz, aircraft earth stations in the secondary aeronautical mobile-satellite service may also communicate with space stations in the fixed-satellite service. The provisions of Nos. **5.29**, **5.30** and **5.31** apply.     (WRC-03)

**5.504B** Aircraft earth stations operating in the aeronautical mobile-satellite service in the frequency band 14-14.5 GHz shall comply with the provisions of Annex 1, Part C of Recommendation ITU-R M.1643-0, with respect to any radio astronomy station performing observations in the 14.47-14.5 GHz frequency band located on the territory of Spain, France, India, Italy, the United Kingdom and South Africa. (WRC-15)

**5.504C** In the frequency band 14-14.25 GHz, the power flux-density produced on the territory of the countries of Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Botswana, Côte d’Ivoire, Egypt, Guinea, India, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Kuwait, Nigeria, Oman, the Syrian Arab Republic and Tunisia by any aircraft earth station in the aeronautical mobile-satellite service shall not exceed the limits given in Annex 1, Part B of Recommendation ITU-R M.1643-0, unless otherwise specifically agreed by the affected administration(s). The provisions of this footnote in no way derogate the obligations of the aeronautical mobile-satellite service to operate as a secondary service in accordance with No. **5.29**. (WRC-15)

**5.505** *Additional allocation:* in Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Botswana, Brunei Darussalam, Cameroon, China, Congo (Rep. of the), Korea (Rep. of), Djibouti, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Eswatini, Gabon, Guinea, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Israel, Japan, Jordan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Malaysia, Mali, Morocco, Mauritania, Oman, the Philippines, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, the Dem. People’s Rep. of Korea, Singapore, Somalia, Sudan, South Sudan, Chad, Viet Nam and Yemen, the frequency band 14-14.3 GHz is also allocated to the fixed service on a primary basis. (WRC 19)

**5.506** The band 14-14.5 GHz may be used, within the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space), for feeder links for the broadcasting-satellite service, subject to coordination with other networks in the fixed-satellite service. Such use of feeder links is reserved for countries outside Europe.

**5.506A** In the band 14-14.5 GHz, ship earth stations with an e.i.r.p. greater than 21 dBW shall operate under the same conditions as earth stations located on board vessels, as provided in Resolution 902 **(WRC-03)**. This footnote shall not apply to ship earth stations for which the complete Appendix 4 information has been received by the Bureau prior to 5 July 2003.      (WRC-03)

**5.506B** Earth stations located on board vessels communicating with space stations in the fixed-satellite service may operate in the frequency band 14-14.5 GHz without the need for prior agreement from Cyprus and Malta, within the minimum distance given in Resolution **902 (WRC-03)** from these countries. (WRC-15)

**5.508** *Additional allocation:* in Germany, France, Italy, Libya, North Macedonia and the United Kingdom, the frequency band 14.25-14.3 GHz is also allocated to the fixed service on a primary basis. (WRC 19)

**5.508A** In the frequency band 14.25-14.3 GHz, the power flux-density produced on the territory of the countries of Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Botswana, China, Côte d’Ivoire, Egypt, France, Guinea, India, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Italy, Kuwait, Nigeria, Oman, the Syrian Arab Republic, the United Kingdom and Tunisia by any aircraft earth station in the aeronautical mobile-satellite service shall not exceed the limits given in Annex 1, Part B of Recommendation ITU-R M.1643-0, unless otherwise specifically agreed by the affected administration(s). The provisions of this footnote in no way derogate the obligations of the aeronautical mobile-satellite service to operate as a secondary service in accordance with No. **5.29**. (WRC-15)

**5.509A** In the frequency band 14.3-14.5 GHz, the power flux-density produced on the territory of the countries of Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Botswana, Cameroon, China, Côte d’Ivoire, Egypt, France, Gabon, Guinea, India, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Italy, Kuwait, Morocco, Nigeria, Oman, the Syrian Arab Republic, the United Kingdom, Sri Lanka, Tunisia and Viet Nam by any aircraft earth station in the aeronautical mobile-satellite service shall not exceed the limits given in Annex 1, Part B of Recommendation ITU-R M.1643-0, unless otherwise specifically agreed by the affected administration(s). The provisions of this footnote in no way derogate the obligations of the aeronautical mobile-satellite service to operate as a secondary service in accordance with No. **5.29**. (WRC-15)

**5.509B** The use of the frequency bands 14.5-14.75 GHz in countries listed in Resolution **163 (WRC-15)** and 14.5-14.8 GHz in countries listed in Resolution **164 (WRC-15)** by the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space) not for feeder links for the broadcasting-satellite service is limited to geostationary-satellites. (WRC-15)

**5.509C** For the use of the frequency bands 14.5-14.75 GHz in countries listed in Resolution **163 (WRC-15)** and 14.5-14.8 GHz in countries listed in Resolution **164 (WRC-15)** by the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space) not for feeder links for the broadcasting-satellite service, the fixed-satellite service earth stations shall have a minimum antenna diameter of 6 m and a maximum power spectral density of -44.5 dBW/Hz at the input of the antenna. The earth stations shall be notified at known locations on land. (WRC-15)

**5.509D** Before an administration brings into use an earth station in the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space) not for feeder links for the broadcasting-satellite service in the frequency bands 14.5-14.75 GHz (in countries listed in Resolution **163 (WRC-15)**) and 14.5-14.8 GHz (in countries listed in Resolution **164 (WRC-15)**), it shall ensure that the power flux-density produced by this earth station does not exceed -151.5 dB(W/(m2 · 4 kHz)) produced at all altitudes from 0 m to 19 000 m above sea level at 22 km seaward from all coasts, defined as the low-water mark, as officially recognized by each coastal State. (WRC-15)

**5.509E** In the frequency bands 14.50-14.75 GHz in countries listed in Resolution **163 (WRC-15)** and 14.50-14.8 GHz in countries listed in Resolution **164 (WRC-15)**, the location of earth stations in the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space) not for feeder links for the broadcasting-satellite service shall maintain a separation distance of at least 500 km from the border(s) of other countries unless shorter distances are explicitly agreed by those administrations. No. **9.17** does not apply. When applying this provision, administrations should consider the relevant parts of these Regulations and the latest relevant ITU-R Recommendations. (WRC-15)

**5.509F** In the frequency bands 14.50-14.75 GHz in countries listed in Resolution **163 (WRC-15)** and 14.50-14.8 GHz in countries listed in Resolution **164 (WRC-15)**, earth stations in the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space) not for feeder links for the broadcasting-satellite service shall not constrain the future deployment of the fixed and mobile services. (WRC-15)

**5.509G** The frequency band 14.5-14.8 GHz is also allocated to the space research service on a primary basis. However, such use is limited to the satellite systems operating in the space research service (Earth-to-space) to relay data to space stations in the geostationary-satellite orbit from associated earth stations. Stations in the space research service shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from, stations in the fixed and mobile services and in the fixed satellite service limited to feeder links for the broadcasting-satellite service and associated space operations functions using the guardbands under Appendix **30A** and feeder links for the broadcasting-satellite service in Region 2. Other uses of this frequency band by the space research service are on a secondary basis. (WRC-15)

**5.510** Except for use in accordance with Resolution **163 (WRC**-**15)** and Resolution **164 (WRC-15)**, the use of the frequency band 14.5-14.8 GHz by the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space) is limited to feeder links for the broadcasting-satellite service. This use is reserved for countries outside Europe. Uses other than feeder links for the broadcasting-satellite service are not authorized in Regions 1 and 2 in the frequency band 14.75-14.8 GHz. (WRC-15)

**5.511** *Additional allocation:*in Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Cameroon, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Guinea, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Israel, , Kuwait, Lebanon, Pakistan, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic and Somalia, the band 15.35-15.4 GHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile services on a secondary basis.     (WRC-12)

**5.511A** Use of the frequency band 15.43-15.63 GHz by the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space) is limited to feeder links of non-geostationary systems in the mobile-satellite service, subject to coordination under No. **9.11A**. (WRC-15)

**5.511C** Stations operating in the aeronautical radionavigation service shall limit the effective e.i.r.p. in accordance with Recommendation ITU-R S.1340-0. The minimum coordination distance required to protect the aeronautical radionavigation stations (No. **4.10** applies) from harmful interference from feeder-link earth stations and the maximum e.i.r.p. transmitted towards the local horizontal plane by a feeder-link earth station shall be in accordance with Recommendation ITU-R S.1340-0. (WRC-15)

**5.511D** SUP (WRC-12)

**5.511E** In the frequency band 15.4-15.7 GHz, stations operating in the radiolocation service shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from, stations operating in the aeronautical radionavigation service. (WRC-12)

**5.511F** In order to protect the radio astronomy service in the frequency band 15.35-15.4 GHz, radiolocation stations operating in the frequency band 15.4-15.7 GHz shall not exceed the power flux-density level of −156 dB(W/m2) in a 50 MHz bandwidth in the frequency band 15.35-15.4 GHz, at any radio astronomy observatory site for more than 2 per cent of the time. (WRC-12)

**5.512** *Additional allocation:* in Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Austria, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Brunei Darussalam, Cameroon, Congo (Rep. of the), Egypt, El Salvador, the United Arab Emirates, Eritrea, Finland, Guatemala, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lebanon, Libya, Malaysia, Mali, Morocco, Mauritania, Montenegro, Nepal, Nicaragua, Niger, Oman, Pakistan, Qatar, Syrian Arab Republic, the Dem. Rep. of the Congo, Singapore, Somalia, Sudan, South Sudan, Chad, Togo and Yemen, the frequency band 15.7-17.3 GHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile services on a primary basis. (WRC-15)

**5.513** *Additional allocation:*in Israel, the band 15.7-17.3 GHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile services on a primary basis. These services shall not claim protection from or cause harmful interference to services operating in accordance with the Table in countries other than those included in No. **5.512**.

**5.513A** Spaceborne active sensors operating in the band 17.2-17.3 GHz shall not cause harmful interference to, or constrain the development of, the radiolocation and other services allocated on a primary basis.     (WRC-97)

**5.514** *Additional allocation:* in Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Cameroon, El Salvador, the United Arab Emirates, Guatemala, India, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Israel, Italy, Japan, Jordan, Kuwait, Libya, Lithuania, Nepal, Nicaragua, Nigeria, Oman, Uzbekistan, Pakistan, Qatar, Kyrgyzstan, Sudan and South Sudan, the frequency band 17.3-17.7 GHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile services on a secondary basis. The power limits given in Nos. **21.3** and **21.5** shall apply. (WRC-15)

**5.516** The use of the band 17.3-18.1 GHz by geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space) is limited to feeder links for the broadcasting-satellite service. The use of the band 17.3-17.8 GHz in Region 2 by systems in the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space) is limited to geostationary satellites. For the use of the band 17.3-17.8 GHz in Region 2 by feeder links for the broadcasting-satellite service in the band 12.2-12.7 GHz, see Article **11**. The use of the bands 17.3-18.1 GHz (Earth-to-space) in Regions 1 and 3 and 17.8-18.1 GHz (Earth-to-space) in Region 2 by non-geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service is subject to application of the provisions of No. **9.12** for coordination with other non-geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service. Non-geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service shall not claim protection from geostationary-satellite networks in the fixed-satellite service operating in accordance with the Radio Regulations, irrespective of the dates of receipt by the Bureau of the complete coordination or notification information, as appropriate, for the non-geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service and of the complete coordination or notification information, as appropriate, for the geostationary-satellite networks, and No. **5.43A** does not apply. Non-geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service in the above bands shall be operated in such a way that any unacceptable interference that may occur during their operation shall be rapidly eliminated.     (WRC-2000)

**5.516A** In the band 17.3-17.7 GHz, earth stations of the fixed-satellite service (space-to-Earth) in Region 1 shall not claim protection from the broadcasting-satellite service feeder-link earth stations operating under Appendix **30A**, nor put any limitations or restrictions on the locations of the broadcasting-satellite service feeder-link earth stations anywhere within the service area of the feeder link.     (WRC-03)

**5.516B** The following bands are identified for use by high-density applications in the fixed-satellite service:

17.3-17.7 GHz (space-to-Earth) in Region 1,

18.3-19.3 GHz (space-to-Earth) in Region 2,

19.7-20.2 GHz (space-to-Earth) in all Regions,

39.5-40 GHz (space-to-Earth) in Region 1,

40-40.5 GHz (space-to-Earth) in all Regions,

40.5-42 GHz (space-to-Earth) in Region 2,

47.5-47.9 GHz (space-to-Earth) in Region 1,

48.2-48.54 GHz (space-to-Earth) in Region 1,

49.44-50.2 GHz (space-to-Earth) in Region 1,

and

27.5-27.82 GHz (Earth-to-space) in Region 1,

28.35-28.45 GHz (Earth-to-space) in Region 2,

28.45-28.94 GHz (Earth-to-space) in all Regions,

28.94-29.1 GHz (Earth-to-space) in Region 2 and 3,

29.25-29.46 GHz (Earth-to-space) in Region 2,

29.46-30 GHz (Earth-to-space) in all Regions,

48.2-50.2 GHz (Earth-to-space) in Region 2.

This identification does not preclude the use of these frequency bands by other fixed-satellite service applications or by other services to which these frequency bands are allocated on a co-primary basis and does not establish priority in these Radio Regulations among users of the frequency bands. Administrations should take this into account when considering regulatory provisions in relation to these frequency bands. See Resolution **143 (Rev.WRC-19)**.     (WRC-19)

**5.517A** The operation of earth stations in motion communicating with geostationary fixed-satellite service space stations within the frequency bands 17.7-19.7 GHz (space-to-Earth) and 27.5-29.5 GHz (Earth-to-space) shall be subject to the application of Resolution **169 (WRC-19)**.(WRC-19)

**5.519** *Additional allocation:*the bands 18-18.3 GHz in Region 2 and 18.1-18.4 GHz in Regions 1 and 3 are also allocated to the meteorological-satellite service (space-to-Earth) on a primary basis. Their use is limited to geostationary satellites.     (WRC-07)

**5.520** The use of the band 18.1-18.4 GHz by the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space) is limited to feeder links of geostationary-satellite systems in the broadcasting-satellite service.     (WRC-2000)

**5.521** *Alternative allocation:* in the United Arab Emirates and Greece, the frequency band 18.1-18.4 GHz is allocated to the fixed, fixed-satellite (space-to-Earth) and mobile services on a primary basis (see No. **5.33**). The provisions of No. **5.519** also apply. (WRC-15)

**5.522A** The emissions of the fixed service and the fixed-satellite service in the band 18.6-18.8 GHz are limited to the values given inNos. **21.5A** and **21.16.2**, respectively.     (WRC-2000)

**5.522B** The use of the band 18.6-18.8 GHz by the fixed-satellite service is limited to geostationary systems and systems with an orbit of apogee greater than 20 000 km.     (WRC-2000)

**5.522C** In the band 18.6-18.8 GHz, in Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Jordan, Lebanon, Morocco, Oman, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, Tunisia and Yemen, fixed-service systems in operation at the date of entry into force of the Final Acts of WRC-2000 are not subject to the limits of No. **21.5A**.     (WRC-2000)

**5.523A** The use of the bands 18.8-19.3 GHz (space-to-Earth) and 28.6-29.1 GHz (Earth-to-space) by geostationary and non-geostationary fixed-satellite service networks is subject to the application of the provisions of No. **9.11A** and No. **22.2** does not apply. Administrations having geostationary-satellite networks under coordination prior to 18 November 1995 shall cooperate to the maximum extent possible to coordinate pursuant to No. **9.11A** with non-geostationary-satellite networks for which notification information has been received by the Bureau prior to that date, with a view to reaching results acceptable to all the parties concerned. Non-geostationary-satellite networks shall not cause unacceptable interference to geostationary fixed-satellite service networks for which complete Appendix **4** notification information is considered as having been received by the Bureau prior to 18 November 1995.     (WRC-97)

**5.523B** The use of the band 19.3-19.6 GHz (Earth-to-space) by the fixed-satellite service is limited to feeder links for non-geostationary-satellite systems in the mobile-satellite service. Such use is subject to the application of the provisions of No. **9.11A**, and No. **22.2** does not apply.

**5.523C** No. **22.2** shall continue to apply in the bands 19.3-19.6 GHz and 29.1-29.4 GHz, between feeder links of non-geostationary mobile-satellite service networks and those fixed-satellite service networks for which complete Appendix **4** coordination information, or notification information, is considered as having been received by the Bureau prior to 18 November 1995.     (WRC-97)

**5.523D** The use of the band 19.3-19.7 GHz (space-to-Earth) by geostationary fixed-satellite service systems and by feeder links for non-geostationary-satellite systems in the mobile-satellite service is subject to the application of the provisions of No. **9.11A**, but not subject to the provisions of No. **22.2**. The use of this band for other non-geostationary fixed-satellite service systems, or for the cases indicated in Nos. **5.523C** and **5.523E**, is not subject to the provisions of No. **9.11A** and shall continue to be subject to Articles **9** (except No. **9.11A**) and **11** procedures, and to the provisions of No. **22.2**.     (WRC-97)

**5.523E** No. **22.2** shall continue to apply in the bands 19.6-19.7 GHz and 29.4-29.5 GHz, between feeder links of non-geostationary mobile-satellite service networks and those fixed-satellite service networks for which complete Appendix **4** coordination information, or notification information, is considered as having been received by the Bureau by 21 November 1997.     (WRC-97)

**5.524** *Additional allocation:* in Afghanistan, Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Brunei Darussalam, Cameroon, China, Congo (Rep. of the), Costa Rica, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Gabon, Guatemala, Guinea, India, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Israel, Japan, Jordan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Malaysia, Mali, Morocco, Mauritania, Nepal, Nigeria, Oman, Pakistan, the Philippines, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, the Dem. Rep. of the Congo, the Dem. People’s Rep. of Korea, Singapore, Somalia, Sudan, South Sudan, Chad, Togo and Tunisia, the frequency band 19.7-21.2 GHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile services on a primary basis. This additional use shall not impose any limitation on the power flux-density of space stations in the fixed-satellite service in the frequency band 19.7-21.2 GHz and of space stations in the mobile-satellite service in the frequency band 19.7-20.2 GHz where the allocation to the mobile-satellite service is on a primary basis in the latter frequency band. (WRC-15)

**5.525** In order to facilitate interregional coordination between networks in the mobile-satellite and fixed-satellite services, carriers in the mobile-satellite service that are most susceptible to interference shall, to the extent practicable, be located in the higher parts of the bands 19.7-20.2 GHz and 29.5-30 GHz.

**5.526** In the bands 19.7-20.2 GHz and 29.5-30 GHz in Region 2, and in the bands 20.1-20.2 GHz and 29.9-30 GHz in Regions 1 and 3, networks which are both in the fixed-satellite service and in the mobile-satellite service may include links between earth stations at specified or unspecified points or while in motion, through one or more satellites for point-to-point and point-to-multipoint communications.

**5.527** In the bands 19.7-20.2 GHz and 29.5-30 GHz, the provisions of No. **4.10** do not apply with respect to the mobile-satellite service.

**5.527A** The operation of earth stations in motion communicating with the FSS is subject to Resolution **156 (WRC-15)**. (WRC-15)

**5.528** The allocation to the mobile-satellite service is intended for use by networks which use narrow spot-beam antennas and other advanced technology at the space stations. Administrations operating systems in the mobile-satellite service in the band 19.7-20.1 GHz in Region 2 and in the band 20.1-20.2 GHz shall take all practicable steps to ensure the continued availability of these bands for administrations operating fixed and mobile systems in accordance with the provisions of No. **5.524**.

**5.530A** Unless otherwise agreed between the administrations concerned, any station in the fixed or mobile services of an administration shall not produce a power flux-density in excess of -120.4 dB(W/(m2 · MHz)) at 3 m above the ground of any point of the territory of any other administration in Regions 1 and 3 for more than 20% of the time. In conducting the calculations, administrations should use the most recent version of Recommendation ITU-R P.452 (see also the most recent version of Recommendation ITU-R BO.1898). (WRC-15)

**5.530B** In the band 21.4-22 GHz, in order to facilitate the development of the broadcasting satellite service, administrations in Regions 1 and 3 are encouraged not to deploy stations in the mobile service and are encouraged to limit the deployment of stations in the fixed service to point to-point links. (WRC-12)

**5.532** The use of the band 22.21-22.5 GHz by the Earth exploration-satellite (passive) and space research (passive) services shall not impose constraints upon the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile, services.

**5.532A** The location of earth stations in the space research service shall maintain a separation distance of at least 54 km from the respective border(s) of neighbouring countries to protect the existing and future deployment of fixed and mobile services unless a shorter distance is otherwise agreed between the corresponding administrations. Nos. **9.17** and **9.18** do not apply. (WRC 12)

**5.532AB** The frequency band 24.25-27.5 GHz is identified for use by administrations wishing to implement the terrestrial component of International Mobile Telecommunications (IMT). This identification does not preclude the use of this frequency band by any application of the services to which it is allocated and does not establish priority in the Radio Regulations. Resolution **242 (WRC-19)** applies.    (WRC-19)

**5.532B** Use of the band 24.65-25.25 GHz in Region 1 and the band 24.65-24.75 GHz in Region 3 by the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space) is limited to earth stations using a minimum antenna diameter of 4.5 m. (WRC-12)

**5.534A** The allocation to the fixed service in the frequency band 25.25-27.5 GHz is identified in Region 2 for use by high-altitude platform stations (HAPS) in accordance with the provisions of Resolution **166 (WRC 19)**. Such use of the fixed-service allocation by HAPS shall be limited to the ground-to-HAPS direction in the frequency band 25.25-27.0 GHz and to the HAPS-to-ground direction in the frequency band 27.0-27.5 GHz. Furthermore, the use of the frequency band 25.5-27.0 GHz by HAPS shall be limited to gateway links. This identification does not preclude the use of this frequency band by other fixed-service applications or by other services to which this band is allocated on a co-primary basis, and does not establish priority in the Radio Regulations. (WRC 19)

**5.535A** The use of the band 29.1-29.5 GHz (Earth-to-space) by the fixed-satellite service is limited to geostationary-satellite systems and feeder links to non-geostationary-satellite systems in the mobile-satellite service. Such use is subject to the application of the provisions of No. **9.11A**, but not subject to the provisions of No. **22.2**, except as indicated in Nos. **5.523C** and **5.523E** where such use is not subject to the provisions of No. **9.11A** and shall continue to be subject to Articles **9** (except No. **9.11A**) and **11** procedures, and to the provisions of No. **22.2**. (WRC-97)

**5.536** Use of the 25.25-27.5 GHz band by the inter-satellite service is limited to space research and Earth exploration-satellite applications, and also transmissions of data originating from industrial and medical activities in space.

**5.536A** Administrations operating earth stations in the Earth exploration-satellite service or the space research service shall not claim protection from stations in the fixed and mobile services operated by other administrations. In addition, earth stations in the Earth exploration-satellite service or in the space research service should be operated taking into account the most recent version of Recommendation ITU-R SA.1862. Resolution **242 (WRC-19)** applies.     (WRC-19)

**5.536B** In Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Austria, Bahrain, Belgium, Brazil, China, Korea (Rep. of), Denmark, Egypt, United Arab Emirates, Estonia, Finland, Hungary, India, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lebanon, Libya, Lithuania, Moldova, Norway, Oman, Uganda, Pakistan, the Philippines, Poland, Portugal, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, Dem. People’s Rep. of Korea, Slovakia, the Czech Rep., Romania, the United Kingdom, Singapore, Slovenia, Sudan, Sweden, Tanzania, Turkey, Viet Nam and Zimbabwe, earth stations operating in the Earth exploration-satellite service in the frequency band 25.5-27 GHz shall not claim protection from, or constrain the use and deployment of, stations of the fixed and mobile services. **Resolution 242 (WRC 19)** applies. (WRC 19)

**5.536C** In Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Botswana, Brazil, Cameroon, Comoros, Cuba, Djibouti, Egypt, United Arab Emirates, Estonia, Finland, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Israel, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lithuania, Malaysia, Morocco, Nigeria, Oman, Qatar, Syrian Arab Republic, Somalia, Sudan, South Sudan, Tanzania, Tunisia, Uruguay, Zambia and Zimbabwe, earth stations operating in the space research service in the band 25.5-27 GHz shall not claim protection from, or constrain the use and deployment of, stations of the fixed and mobile services.     (WRC-12)

**5.537A** In Bhutan, Cameroon, China, Korea (Rep. of), the Russian Federation, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Japan, Kazakhstan, Malaysia, Maldives, Mongolia, Myanmar, Uzbekistan, Pakistan, the Philippines, Kyrgyzstan, the Dem. People’s Rep. of Korea, Sudan, Sri Lanka, Thailand and Viet Nam, the allocation to the fixed service in the frequency band 27.9-28.2 GHz may also be used by high altitude platform stations (HAPS) within the territory of these countries. Such use of 300 MHz of the fixed-service allocation by HAPS in the above countries is further limited to operation in the HAPS-to-ground direction and shall not cause harmful interference to, nor claim protection from, other types of fixed-service systems or other co-primary services. Furthermore, the development of these other services shall not be constrained by HAPS. See Resolution **145 (Rev.WRC-19)**.    (WRC-19)

**5.538** *Additional allocation:*the bands 27.500-27.501 GHz and 29.999-30.000 GHz are also allocated to the fixed-satellite service (space-to-Earth) on a primary basis for the beacon transmissions intended for up-link power control. Such space-to-Earth transmissions shall not exceed an equivalent isotropically radiated power (e.i.r.p.) of ±10 dBW in the direction of adjacent satellites on the geostationary-satellite orbit.      (WRC-07)

**5.539** The band 27.5-30 GHz may be used by the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space) for the provision of feeder links for the broadcasting-satellite service.

**5.540** *Additional allocation:*the band 27.501-29.999 GHz is also allocated to the fixed-satellite service (space-to-Earth) on a secondary basis for beacon transmissions intended for up-link power control.

**5.541** In the band 28.5-30 GHz, the earth exploration-satellite service is limited to the transfer of data between stations and not to the primary collection of information by means of active or passive sensors.

**5.541A** Feeder links of non-geostationary networks in the mobile-satellite service and geostationary networks in the fixed-satellite service operating in the band 29.1-29.5 GHz (Earth-to-space) shall employ uplink adaptive power control or other methods of fade compensation, such that the earth station transmissions shall be conducted at the power level required to meet the desired link performance while reducing the level of mutual interference between both networks. These methods shall apply to networks for which Appendix **4** coordination information is considered as having been received by the Bureau after 17 May 1996 and until they are changed by a future competent world radiocommunication conference. Administrations submitting Appendix **4** information for coordination before this date are encouraged to utilize these techniques to the extent practicable.     (WRC-2000)

**5.542** *Additional allocation:*in Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Brunei Darussalam, Cameroon, China, Congo (Rep. of the), Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Eritrea, Ethiopia, Guinea, India, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Japan, Jordan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Malaysia, Mali, Morocco, Mauritania, Nepal, Oman, Pakistan, Philippines, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, the Dem. People’s Rep. of Korea, Somalia, Sudan, South Sudan Sri Lanka and Chad, the band 29.5-31 GHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile services on a secondary basis. The power limits specified in Nos. **21.3** and **21.5** shall apply.     (WRC-12 )

**5.543** The band 29.95-30 GHz may be used for space-to-space links in the Earth exploration-satellite service for telemetry, tracking, and control purposes, on a secondary basis.

**5.543B** The allocation to the fixed service in the frequency band 31-31.3 GHz is identified for worldwide use by high-altitude platform stations (HAPS). This identification does not preclude the use of this frequency band by other fixed-service applications or by other services to which this frequency band is allocated on a co-primary basis, and does not establish priority in the Radio Regulations. Such use of the fixed-service allocation by HAPS shall be in accordance with the provisions of Resolution **167 (WRC-19)**.     (WRC-19)

**5.544** In the band 31-31.3 GHz the power flux-density limits specified in Article **21**, Table **21-4** shall apply to the space research service.

**5.545** *Different category of service:*in Armenia, Georgia, Mongolia, Kyrgyzstan, Tajikistan and Turkmenistan, the allocation of the band 31-31.3 GHz to the space research service is on a primary basis (see No. **5.33**).     (WRC-07)

**5.546** *Different category of service:* in Saudi Arabia, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Bahrain, Belarus, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Spain, Estonia, the Russian Federation, Georgia, Hungary, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Israel, Jordan, Lebanon, Moldova, Mongolia, Oman, Uzbekistan, Poland, the Syrian Arab Republic, Kyrgyzstan, Romania, the United Kingdom, South Africa, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan and Turkey, the allocation of the frequency band 31.5-31.8 GHz to the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile, services is on a primary basis (see No. **5.33**).    (WRC-19)

**5.547** The bands 31.8-33.4 GHz, 37-40 GHz, 40.5-43.5 GHz, 51.4-52.6 GHz, 55.78-59 GHz and 64-66 GHz are available for high-density applications in the fixed service (see Resolution **75** **(WRC-2000)**). Administrations should take this into account when considering regulatory provisions in relation to these bands. Because of the potential deployment of high-density applications in the fixed-satellite service in the bands 39.5-40 GHz and 40.5-42 GHz (see No. **5.516B**), administrations should further take into account potential constraints to high-density applications in the fixed service, as appropriate.     (WRC-07)

**5.547A** Administrations should take practical measures to minimize the potential interference between stations in the fixed service and airborne stations in the radionavigation service in the 31.8-33.4 GHz band, taking into account the operational needs of the airborne radar systems.     (WRC-2000)

**5.547B** *Alternative allocation*:  in the United States, the band 31.8-32 GHz is allocated to the radionavigation and space research (deep space) (space-to-Earth) services on a primary basis.     (WRC-97)

**5.547C** *Alternative allocation*:  in the United States, the band 32-32.3 GHz is allocated to the radionavigation and space research (deep space) (space-to-Earth) services on a primary basis.     (WRC-03)

**5.547D** *Alternative allocation*:  in the United States, the band 32.3-33 GHz is allocated to the inter-satellite and radionavigation services on a primary basis.     (WRC-97)

**5.547E** *Alternative allocation*:  in the United States, the band 33-33.4 GHz is allocated to the radionavigation service on a primary basis.     (WRC-97)

**5.548** In designing systems for the inter-satellite service in the band 32.3-33 GHz, for the radionavigation service in the band 32-33 GHz, and for the space research service (deep space) in the band 31.8-32.3 GHz, administrations shall take all necessary measures to prevent harmful interference between these services, bearing in mind the safety aspects of the radionavigation service (see Recommendation **707**).     (WRC-03)

**5.549** *Additional allocation:*in Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Gabon, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Israel, Jordan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Libya, Malaysia, Mali, , Morocco, Mauritania, Nepal, Nigeria, Oman, Pakistan, the Philippines, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, the Dem. Rep. of the Congo, Singapore, Somalia, Sudan, South Sudan Sri Lanka, Togo, Tunisia and Yemen, the band 33.4-36 GHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile services on a primary basis.     (WRC-12 )

**5.549A** In the band 35.5-36.0 GHz, the mean power flux-density at the Earth’s surface, generated by any spaceborne sensor in the Earth exploration-satellite service (active) or space research service (active), for any angle greater than 0.8° from the beam centre shall not exceed −73.3 dB(W/m2) in this band.     (WRC-03)

**5.550** *Different category of service:*in Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, the Russian Federation, Georgia, , Kyrgyzstan, Tajikistan and Turkmenistan, the allocation of the band 34.7-35.2 GHz to the space research service is on a primary basis (see No. **5.33**).     (WRC-12 )

**5.550A** For sharing of the band 36-37 GHz between the Earth exploration-satellite (passive) service and the fixed and mobile services, Resolution **752 (WRC-07)** shall apply.     (WRC-07)

**5.550B** The frequency band 37-43.5 GHz, or portions thereof, is identified for use by administrations wishing to implement the terrestrial component of International Mobile Telecommunications (IMT). This identification does not preclude the use of this frequency band by any application of the services to which it is allocated and does not establish priority in the Radio Regulations. Because of the potential deployment of FSS earth stations within the frequency range 37.5-42.5 GHz and high-density applications in the fixed-satellite service in the frequency bands 39.5-40 GHz in Region 1, 40-40.5 GHz in all Regions and 40.5-42 GHz in Region 2 (see No. **5.516B**), administrations should further take into account potential constraints to IMT in these frequency bands, as appropriate. Resolution **243 (WRC-19)** applies.     (WRC-19)

**5.550C** The use of the frequency bands 37.5-39.5 GHz (space-to-Earth), 39.5-42.5 GHz (space to Earth), 47.2-50.2 GHz (Earth-to-space) and 50.4-51.4 GHz (Earth-to-space) by a non-geostationary satellite system in the fixed-satellite service is subject to the application of the provisions of No. **9.12** for coordination with other non-geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service but not with non-geostationary-satellite systems in other services. Resolution **770 (WRC 19)** shall also apply, and No. **22.2** shall continue to apply. (WRC 19)

**5.550D** The allocation to the fixed service in the frequency band 38-39.5 GHz is identified for worldwide use by administrations wishing to implement high-altitude platform stations (HAPS). In the HAPS-to-ground direction, the HAPS ground station shall not claim protection from stations in the fixed, mobile and fixed-satellite services; and No. **5.43A** does not apply. This identification does not preclude the use of this frequency band by other fixed-service applications or by other services to which this frequency band is allocated on a co-primary basis and does not establish priority in the Radio Regulations. Furthermore, the development of the fixed-satellite, fixed and mobile services shall not be unduly constrained by HAPS. Such use of the fixed-service allocation by HAPS shall be in accordance with the provisions of Resolution **168 (WRC-19)**.     (WRC-19)

**5.550E** The use of the frequency bands 39.5-40 GHz and 40-40.5 GHz by non-geostationary-satellite systems in the mobile-satellite service (space-to-Earth) and by non-geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service (space-to-Earth) is subject to the application of the provisions of No. **9.12** for coordination with other non-geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite and mobile-satellite services but not with non-geostationary-satellite systems in other services. No. **22.2** shall continue to apply for non-geostationary-satellite-systems. (WRC-19)

**5.551F** *Different category of service*:  in Japan, the allocation of the band 41.5-42.5 GHz to the mobile service is on a primary basis (see No. **5.33**).     (WRC-97)

**5.551G** SUP  (WRC-03)

**5.551H** The equivalent power flux-density (epfd) produced in the frequency band 42.5-43.5 GHz by all space stations in any non-geostationary-satellite system in the fixed-satellite service (space-to-Earth), or in the broadcasting-satellite service operating in the frequency band 42-42.5 GHz, shall not exceed the following values at the site of any radio astronomy station for more than 2% of the time:

− 230 dB(W/m2) in 1 GHz and –246 dB(W/m2) in any 500 kHz of the 42.5-43.5 GHz band at the site of any radio astronomy station registered as a single-dish telescope; and

* 209 dB(W/m2) in any 500 kHz of the 42.5-43.5 GHz band at the site of any radio astronomy station registered as a very long baseline interferometry station.

These epfd values shall be evaluated using the methodology given in Recommendation ITU-R S.1586-1 and the reference antenna pattern and the maximum gain of an antenna in the radio astronomy service given in Recommendation ITU-R RA.1631-0 and shall apply over the whole sky and for elevation angles higher than the minimum operating angle θ*min* of the radiotelescope (for which a default value of 5° should be adopted in the absence of notified information).

These values shall apply at any radio astronomy station that either:

– was in operation prior to 5 July 2003 and has been notified to the Bureau before 4 January 2004; or

– was notified before the date of receipt of the complete Appendix **4** information for coordination or notification, as appropriate, for the space station to which the limits apply.

Other radio astronomy stations notified after these dates may seek an agreement with administrations that have authorized the space stations. In Region 2, Resolution **743 (WRC-03)** shall apply. The limits in this footnote may be exceeded at the site of a radio astronomy station of any country whose administration so agreed. (WRC-15)

**5.551I** The power flux-density in the band 42.5-43.5 GHz produced by any geostationary space station in the fixed-satellite service (space-to-Earth), or the broadcasting-satellite service operating in the 42-42.5 GHz band, shall not exceed the following values at the site of any radio astronomy station:

– 137 dB(W/m2) in 1 GHz and –153 dB(W/m2) in any 500 kHz of the 42.5-43.5 GHz band at the site of any radio astronomy station registered as a single-dish telescope; and

* 116 dB(W/m2) in any 500 kHz of the 42.5-43.5 GHz band at the site of any radio astronomy station registered as a very long baseline interferometry station.

These values shall apply at the site of any radio astronomy station that either:

– was in operation prior to 5 July 2003 and has been notified to the Bureau before 4 January 2004; or

– was notified before the date of receipt of the complete Appendix **4** information for coordination or notification, as appropriate, for the space station to which the limits apply.

Other radio astronomy stations notified after these dates may seek an agreement with administrations that have authorized the space stations. In Region 2, Resolution **743** **(WRC-03)** shall apply. The limits in this footnote may be exceeded at the site of a radio astronomy station of any country whose administration so agreed. (WRC-03)

**5.552** The allocation of the spectrum for the fixed-satellite service in the bands 42.5-43.5 GHz and 47.2-50.2 GHz for Earth-to-space transmission is greater than that in the band 37.5-39.5 GHz for space-to-Earth transmission in order to accommodate feeder links to broadcasting satellites. Administrations are urged to take all practicable steps to reserve the band 47.2-49.2 GHz for feeder links for the broadcasting-satellite service operating in the band 40.5-42.5 GHz.

**5.552A** The allocation to the fixed service in the frequency bands 47.2-47.5 GHz and 47.9-48.2 GHz is identified for use by high-altitude platform stations (HAPS). This identification does not preclude the use of this frequency band by any application of the services to which it is allocated on a co-primary basis, and does not establish priority in the Radio Regulations. Such use of the fixed-service allocation in the frequency bands 47.2-47.5 GHz and 47.9-48.2 GHz by HAPS shall be in accordance with the provisions of Resolution **122 (Rev.WRC-19)**.     (WRC-19)

**5.553** In the bands 43.5-47 GHz and 66-71 GHz, stations in the land mobile service may be operated subject to not causing harmful interference to the space radiocommunication services to which these bands are allocated (see No. **5.43**).     (WRC-2000)

**5.553A** In Algeria, Angola, Bahrain, Belarus, Benin, Botswana, Brazil, Burkina Faso, Cabo Verde, Korea (Rep. of), Côte d’Ivoire, Croatia, United Arab Emirates, Estonia, Eswatini, Gabon, Gambia, Ghana, Greece, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Hungary, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Jordan, Kuwait, Lesotho, Latvia, Liberia, Lithuania, Madagascar, Malawi, Mali, Morocco, Mauritius, Mauritania, Mozambique, Namibia, Niger, Nigeria, Oman, Qatar, Senegal, Seychelles, Sierra Leone, Slovenia, Sudan, South Africa, Sweden, Tanzania, Togo, Tunisia, Zambia and Zimbabwe, the frequency band 45.5-47 GHz is identified for use by administrations wishing to implement the terrestrial component of International Mobile Telecommunications (IMT), taking into account No. **5.553**. With respect to the aeronautical mobile service and radionavigation service, the use of this frequency band for the implementation of IMT is subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21** with concerned administrations and shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from these services. This identification does not preclude the use of this frequency band by any application of the services to which it is allocated and does not establish priority in the Radio Regulations. Resolution **244 (WRC-19**) applies.     (WRC-19)

**5.553B** In Region 2 and Algeria, Angola, Saudi Arabia, Australia, Bahrain, Benin, Botswana, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cameroon, Central African Rep., Comoros, Congo (Rep. of the), Korea (Rep. of), Côte d’Ivoire, Djibouti, Egypt, United Arab Emirates, Eswatini, Ethiopia, Gabon, Gambia, Ghana, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Equatorial Guinea, India, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Japan, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lesotho, Liberia, Libya, Lithuania, Madagascar, Malaysia, Malawi, Mali, Morocco, Mauritius, Mauritania, Mozambique, Namibia, Niger, Nigeria, Oman, Uganda, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, the Dem. Rep. of the Congo, Rwanda, Sao Tome and Principe, Senegal, Seychelles, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Slovenia, Somalia, Sudan, South Sudan, South Africa, Sweden, Tanzania, Chad, Togo, Tunisia, Zambia and Zimbabwe, the frequency band 47.2-48.2 GHz is identified for use by administrations wishing to implement International Mobile Telecommunications (IMT). This identification does not preclude the use of this frequency band by any application of the services to which it is allocated, and does not establish any priority in the Radio Regulations. Resolution **243 (WRC 19)** applies. (WRC-19)

**5.554** In the bands 43.5-47 GHz, 66-71 GHz, 95-100 GHz, 123-130 GHz, 191.8-200 GHz and 252-265 GHz, satellite links connecting land stations at specified fixed points are also authorized when used in conjunction with the mobile-satellite service or the radionavigation-satellite service.     (WRC-2000)

**5.554A** The use of the bands 47.5-47.9 GHz, 48.2-48.54 GHz and 49.44-50.2 GHz by the fixed-satellite service (space-to-Earth) is limited to geostationary satellites.     (WRC-03)

**5.555A** SUP  (WRC-03)

**5.555B** The power flux-density in the band 48.94-49.04 GHz produced by any geostationary space station in the fixed-satellite service (space-to-Earth) operating in the bands 48.2-48.54 GHz and 49.44-50.2 GHz shall not exceed –151.8 dB(W/m2) in any 500 kHz band at the site of any radio astronomy station.     (WRC-03)

**5.555C** The use of the frequency band 51.4-52.4 GHz by the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space) is limited to geostationary-satellite networks. The earth stations shall be limited to gateway earth stations with a minimum antenna diameter of 2.4 metres.     (WRC-19)

**5.556** In the bands 51.4-54.25 GHz, 58.2-59 GHz and 64-65 GHz, radio astronomy observations may be carried out under national arrangements.     (WRC-2000)

**5.556A** Use of the bands 54.25**-**56.9 GHz, 57-58.2 GHz and 59-59.3 GHz by the inter-satellite service is limited to satellites in the geostationary-satellite orbit. The single-entry power flux-density at all altitudes from 0 km to 1 000 km above the Earth’s surface produced by a station in the inter-satellite service, for all conditions and for all methods of modulation, shall not exceed –147 dB(W/(m2  100 MHz)) for all angles of arrival.     (WRC-97)

**5.556B** *Additional allocation:*in Japan, the band 54.25-55.78 GHz is also allocated to the mobile service on a primary basis for low-density use.     (WRC-97)

**5.557** *Additional allocation:*in Japan, the band 55.78-58.2 GHz is also allocated to the radiolocation service on a primary basis.     (WRC-97)

**5.557A** In the band 55.78-56.26 GHz, in order to protect stations in the Earth exploration-satellite service (passive), the maximum power density delivered by a transmitter to the antenna of a fixed service station is limited to –26 dB(W/MHz).     (WRC-2000)

**5.558** In the bands 55.78-58.2 GHz, 59-64 GHz, 66-71 GHz, 122.25-123 GHz, 130-134 GHz, 167-174.8 GHz and 191.8-200 GHz, stations in the aeronautical mobile service may be operated subject to not causing harmful interference to the inter-satellite service (see No. **5.43**).     (WRC-2000)

**5.558A** Use of the band 56.9-57 GHz by inter-satellite systems is limited to links between satellites in geostationary-satellite orbit and to transmissions from non-geostationary satellites in high-Earth orbit to those in low-Earth orbit. For links between satellites in the geostationary-satellite orbit, the single entry power flux-density at all altitudes from 0 km to 1 000 km above the Earth’s surface, for all conditions and for all methods of modulation, shall not exceed –147 dB(W/(m2  100 MHz)) for all angles of arrival.     (WRC-97)

**5.559** In the band 59-64 GHz, airborne radars in the radiolocation service may be operated subject to not causing harmful interference to the inter-satellite service (see No. **5.43**).     (WRC-2000)

**5.559AA** The frequency band 66-71 GHz is identified for use by administrations wishing to implement the terrestrial component of International Mobile Telecommunications (IMT). This identification does not preclude the use of this frequency band by any application of the services to which this frequency band is allocated and does not establish priority in the Radio Regulations. Resolution **241 (WRC 19)** applies. (WRC 19)

**5.559B** The use of the frequency band 77.5-78 GHz by the radiolocation service shall be limited to short-range radar for ground-based applications, including automotive radars. The technical characteristics of these radars are provided in the most recent version of Recommendation ITU-R M.2057. The provisions of No. **4.10** do not apply. (WRC-15)

**5.560** In the band 78-79 GHz radars located on space stations may be operated on a primary basis in the Earth exploration-satellite service and in the space research service.

**5.561** In the band 74-76 GHz, stations in the fixed, mobile and broadcasting services shall not cause harmful interference to stations of the fixed-satellite service or stations of the broadcasting-satellite service operating in accordance with the decisions of the appropriate frequency assignment planning conference for the broadcasting-satellite service.     (WRC-2000)

**5.561A** The 81-81.5 GHz band is also allocated to the amateur and amateur-satellite services on a secondary basis.     (WRC-2000)

**5.561B** In Japan,use of the band 84-86 GHz, by the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space) is limited to feeder links in the broadcasting-satellite service using the geostationary-satellite orbit.     (WRC-2000)

**5.562** The use of the band 94-94.1 GHz by the Earth exploration-satellite (active) and space research (active) services is limited to spaceborne cloud radars.     (WRC-97)

**5.562A** In the bands 94-94.1 GHz and 130-134 GHz, transmissions from space stations of the Earth exploration-satellite service (active) that are directed into the main beam of a radio astronomy antenna have the potential to damage some radio astronomy receivers. Space agencies operating the transmitters and the radio astronomy stations concerned should mutually plan their operations so as to avoid such occurrences to the maximum extent possible.     (WRC-2000)

**5.562B** In the frequency bands 105-109.5 GHz, 111.8-114.25 GHz and 217-226 GHz, the use of this allocation is limited to space-based radio astronomy only.     (WRC-19)

**5.562C** Use of the band 116-122.25 GHz by the inter-satellite service is limited to satellites in the geostationary-satellite orbit. The single-entry power flux-density produced by a station in the inter-satellite service, for all conditions and for all methods of modulation, at all altitudes from 0 km to 1 000 km above the Earth’s surface and in the vicinity of all geostationary orbital positions occupied by passive sensors, shall not exceed –148 dB(W/(m2 ˖ MHz)) for all angles of arrival. (WRC-2000)

**5.562D** *Additional allocation*: In Korea (Rep. of), the frequency bands 128-130 GHz, 171-171.6 GHz, 172.2-172.8 GHz and 173.3-174 GHz are also allocated to the radio astronomy service on a primary basis. Radio astronomy stations in Korea (Rep. of) operating in the frequency bands referred to in this footnote shall not claim protection from, or constrain the use and development of, services in other countries operating in accordance with the Radio Regulations. (WRC-15)

**5.562E** The allocation to the Earth exploration-satellite service (active) is limited to the band 133.5-134 GHz. (WRC-2000)

**5.562F** SUP (WRC-19)

**5.562G** SUP (WRC-19)

**5.562H** Use of the bands 174.8-182 GHz and 185-190 GHz by the inter-satellite service is limited to satellites in the geostationary-satellite orbit. The single-entry power flux-density produced by a station in the inter-satellite service, for all conditions and for all methods of modulation, at all altitudes from 0 to 1 000 km above the Earth’s surface and in the vicinity of all geostationary orbital positions occupied by passive sensors, shall not exceed ̶̶ 144 dB(W/(m2 ˖ MHz)) for all angles of arrival. (WRC-2000)

**5.563** SUP (WRC-03)

**5.563A** In the bands 200-209 GHz, 235-238 GHz, 250-252 GHz and 265-275 GHz, ground-based passive atmospheric sensing is carried out to monitor atmospheric constituents. (WRC-2000)

**5.563B** The band 237.9-238 GHz is also allocated to the Earth exploration-satellite service (active) and the space research service (active) for spaceborne cloud radars only. (WRC-2000)

**5.564** SUP (WRC-2000)

**5.564A** For the operation of fixed and land mobile service applications in frequency bands in the range 275-450 GHz:

The frequency bands 275-296 GHz, 306-313 GHz, 318-333 GHz and 356-450 GHz are identified for use by administrations for the implementation of land mobile and fixed service applications, where no specific conditions are necessary to protect Earth exploration-satellite service (passive) applications.

The frequency bands 296-306 GHz, 313-318 GHz and 333-356 GHz may only be used by fixed and land mobile service applications when specific conditions to ensure the protection of Earth exploration-satellite service (passive) applications are determined in accordance with Resolution **731 (Rev.WRC-19)**.

In those portions of the frequency range 275-450 GHz where radio astronomy applications are used, specific conditions (e.g. minimum separation distances and/or avoidance angles) may be necessary to ensure protection of radio astronomy sites from land mobile and/or fixed service applications, on a case-by-case basis in accordance with Resolution **731 (Rev.WRC-19).**

The use of the above-mentioned frequency bands by land mobile and fixed service applications does not preclude use by, and does not establish priority over, any other applications of radio services in the range of 275-450 GHz. (WRC 19)

**5.565** The following frequency bands in the range 275-1 000 GHz are identified for use by administrations for passive service applications:

– radio astronomy service: 275-323 GHz, 327-371 GHz, 388-424 GHz, 426-442 GHz, 453-510 GHz, 623-711 GHz, 795-909 GHz and 926-945 GHz;

– Earth exploration-satellite service (passive) and space research service (passive): 275-286 GHz,

296-306 GHz, 313-356 GHz, 361-365 GHz, 369-392 GHz, 397-399 GHz, 409-411 GHz,

416-434 GHz, 439-467 GHz, 477-502 GHz, 523-527 GHz, 538-581 GHz, 611-630 GHz,

634-654 GHz, 657-692 GHz, 713-718 GHz, 729-733 GHz, 750-754 GHz, 771-776 GHz,

823-846 GHz, 850-854 GHz, 857-862 GHz, 866-882 GHz, 905-928 GHz, 951-956 GHz,

968-973 GHz and 985-990 GHz.

The use of the range 275-1 000 GHz by the passive services does not preclude use of this range by active services. Administrations wishing to make frequencies in the 275-1 000 GHz range available for active service applications are urged to take all practicable steps to protect these passive services from harmful interference until the date when the Table of Frequency Allocations is established in the above-mentioned 275-1 000 GHz frequency range.

All frequencies in the range 1 000-3 000 GHz may be used by both active and passive services. (WRC-12)

## Annex B: RR Footnotes Containing *Explicit* References to East African country names

| **RR**  **footnote** | **B**  **D**  **I** | **C**  **O**  **D** | **K**  **E**  **N** | **R**  **R**  **W** | **S**  **S**  **D** | **T**  **Z**  **A** | **U**  **G**  **A** | **Total** |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 5.54B |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | **0** |
| 5.67B |  |  |  |  | **X** |  |  | **1** |
| 5.68 |  | **X** |  |  |  |  |  | **1** |
| 5.69 |  | **X** |  |  |  |  |  | **1** |
| 5.70 | **X** |  | **X** |  |  | **X** |  | **3** |
| 5.80A |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | **0** |
| 5.80B |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | **0** |
| 5.87 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | **0** |
| 5.93 |  | **X** |  |  |  |  |  | **1** |
| 5.98 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | **0** |
| 5.99 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | **0** |
| 5.107 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | **0** |
| 5.117 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | **0** |
| 5.123 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | **0** |
| 5.128 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | **0** |
| 5.133 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | **0** |
| 5.140 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | **0** |
| 5.141 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | **0** |
| 5.141B |  |  |  |  | **X** |  |  | **1** |
| 5.143C |  |  |  |  | **X** |  |  | **1** |
| 5.152 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | **0** |
| 5.156 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | **0** |
| 5.160 | **X** |  |  | **X** |  |  |  | **2** |
| 5.164 |  | **X** |  |  |  |  |  | **1** |
| 5.165 |  |  |  |  | **X** | **X** |  | **2** |
| 5.169 |  |  |  | **X** |  |  |  | **1** |
| 5.169A | **X** |  | **X** |  | **X** | **X** | **X** | **5** |
| 5.169B |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | **0** |
| 5.171 |  |  |  | **X** |  |  |  | **1** |
| 5.181 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | **0** |
| 5.194 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | **0** |
| 5.201 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | **0** |
| 5.202 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | **0** |
| 5.206 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | **0** |
| 5.211 |  | **X** | **X** |  |  | **X** |  | **3** |
| 5.212 |  |  |  | **X** |  |  | **X** | **2** |
| 5.214 |  | **X** | **X** |  | **X** | **X** |  | **4** |
| 5.221 |  |  | **X** |  |  | **X** | **X** | **3** |
| 5.225A |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | **0** |
| 5.228AC |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | **0** |
| 5.229 |  | **X** |  |  |  |  |  | **1** |
| 5.237 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | **0** |
| 5.243 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | **0** |
| 5.246 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | **0** |
| 5.251 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | **0** |
| 5.252 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | **0** |
| 5.259 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | **0** |
| 5.262 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | **0** |
| 5.274 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | **0** |
| 5.275 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | **0** |
| 5.276 |  | **X** | **X** |  |  |  |  | **2** |
| 5.277 |  |  |  | **X** |  |  |  | **1** |
| 5.286E |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | **0** |
| 5.294 |  | **X** |  |  |  |  |  | **1** |
| 5.296 | **X** |  | **X** | **X** |  | **X** | **X** | **5** |
| 5.300 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | **0** |
| 5.322 | **X** |  |  |  |  | **X** |  | **2** |
| 5.330 |  |  |  |  | **X** |  |  | **1** |
| 5.331 | **X** | **X** | **X** |  | **X** |  |  | **4** |
| 5.346 | **X** |  | **X** | **X** | **X** | **X** | **X** | **6** |
| 5.349 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | **0** |
| 5.352A |  | **X** |  |  |  |  |  | **0** |
| 5.355 |  |  |  |  | **X** |  |  | **1** |
| 5.359 |  |  |  |  |  |  | **X** | **1** |
| 5.369 |  |  |  |  | **X** |  |  | **1** |
| 5.379 |  | **X** |  |  |  |  |  | **1** |
| 5.382 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | **0** |
| ~~5.388~~ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | **~~0~~** |
| 5.388B |  |  | **X** |  | **X** | **X** | **X** | **4** |
| 5.389F |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | **0** |
| 5.401 |  | **X** |  |  |  |  |  | **1** |
| 5.422 |  | **X** |  |  |  |  |  | **1** |
| 5.429 |  |  | **X** |  |  |  | **X** | **2** |
| 5.429A | **X** | **X** |  | **X** | **X** | **X** |  | **5** |
| 5.429B | **X** |  | **X** | **X** | **X** | **X** | **X** | **7** |
| 5.441B | **X** |  | **X** |  |  | **X** | **X** | **4** |
| 5.446C |  |  |  |  | **X** |  |  | **1** |
| 5.447 |  | **X** |  |  |  |  |  | **1** |
| 5.453 | **X** |  | **X** | **X** | **X** | **X** | **X** | **6** |
| 5.457 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | **0** |
| 5.457B |  | **X** |  |  |  |  |  | **1** |
| 5.468 | **X** |  | **X** |  |  |  | **X** | **3** |
| 5.471 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | **0** |
| 5.474A |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | **0** |
| 5.477 |  |  |  |  | **X** |  | **X** | **2** |
| 5.481 |  |  | **X** |  |  |  |  | **1** |
| 5.482 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | **0** |
| 5.483 |  | **X** |  |  |  |  |  | **1** |
| 5.494 |  |  |  |  | **X** |  |  | **1** |
| 5.495 |  |  |  |  |  |  | **X** | **1** |
| 5.500 |  |  |  |  | **X** |  |  | **1** |
| 5.504B |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | **1** |
| 5.504C |  | **X** |  |  |  |  |  | **1** |
| 5.505 |  |  |  |  | **X** |  |  | **1** |
| 5.508 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | **0** |
| 5.508A |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | **0** |
| 5.509A |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | **0** |
| 5.511 |  | **X** |  |  |  |  |  | **1** |
| 5.512 |  |  | **X** |  | **X** |  |  | **2** |
| 5.514 |  |  |  |  | **X** |  |  | **1** |
| 5.522C |  | **X** |  |  |  |  |  | **0** |
| 5.524 |  |  |  |  | **X** |  |  | **1** |
| 5.536B |  |  | **X** |  |  | **X** | **X** | **3** |
| 5.536C |  |  | **X** |  | **X** | **X** |  | **3** |
| 5.537A |  | **X** |  |  |  |  |  | **0** |
| 5.542 |  |  |  |  | **X** |  |  | **1** |
| 5.546 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | **0** |
| 5.549 |  |  |  |  | **X** |  |  | **1** |
| 5.553A |  | **X** |  |  |  | **X** |  | **2** |
| 5.553B | **X** | **x** | **X** | **X** | **X** | **X** | **X** | **6** |
| Total | **13** | **23** | **20** | **11** | **27** | **18** | **16** | **131** |

## Annex C: East African countries and their orbital positions in the satellite planned bands

Satellite orbital slots relevant to African countries pertaining to **Appendix 30** (BSS), **Appendix 30A** (BSS Feeder Links) and **Appendix 30B** (FSS):

**Appendix 30**: Provisions for all services and associated Plans and List for the broadcasting-satellite service in the frequency band 11.7-12.5 GHz (in Region 1)

**Appendix 30A**: Provisions and associated Plans and List for feeder links for the broadcasting satellite service (11.7-12.5 GHz in Region 1) in the frequency bands 14.5-14.8 GHz and 17.3-18.1 GHz in Regions 1

**Appendix 30B**: Provisions and associated Plan for the fixed-satellite service in the frequency bands 4 500-4 800 MHz, 6 725-7 025 MHz, 10.70-10.95 GHz, 11.20-11.45 GHz and 12.75-13.25 GHz

**Table 1:** Orbital position of assignments in the Appendices **30** and **30A** Plans and of allotments in the Appendix **30B** Plan

| **No.** | **ITU Member State Name** | **Adm** | **APP30/30A**  **Orbital slot** | **APP30B**  **Orbital slot** |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1 | Burundi | BDI | 11°E | 3.5°W |
| 2 | Congo (Rep. of the) | COG | 13.2°W | 16.35°W |
| 3 | Kenya | KEN | 0.8°W | 78.2°E |
| 4 | Rwanda | RRW | 11°E | 17.6°E |
| 5 | South Sudan[[7]](#footnote-7) | SSD | - | - |
| 6 | Tanzania | TZA | 11°E | 67.5°E |
| 7 | Uganda | UGA | 17°E | 31.5°E |

**Table 2:** Satellite networks submitted under Resolution **559 (WRC-19)** from EAC Member States

| **No.** | **Adm** | **Sat.name** | **Orb.Pos. [°E]** | **Channels (downlink)**  **(11.7 – 12.5 GHz)** | **Pol.**  **DL** | **Channels (feeder-link)**  **(17.3 – 18.1 GHz)** | **Pol.**  **FL** |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1 | BDI | BDI\_SAT | -26.8 | 21 23 25 27 29 31 33 35 37 39 | CL | 22 24 26 28 30 32 34 36 38 40 | CR |
| 2 | COG | COG\_SAT | -37.3 | 1 3 5 7 9 11 13 15 17 19 | CR | 2 4 6 8 10 12 14 16 18 20 | CL |
| 3 | KEN | KEN\_SAT\_001 | -9.2 | 2 4 6 8 10 12 14 16 18 20 | CL | 21 23 25 27 29 31 33 35 37 39 | CL |
| 4 | RRW | BSS-RRW | -9.2 | 1 3 5 7 9 11 13 15 17 19 | CR | 22 24 26 28 30 32 34 36 38 40 | CR |
| 5 | SDN | SUDANBSS | -16 | 1 3 5 7 9 11 13 15 17 19 | CR | 2 4 6 8 10 12 14 16 18 20 | CL |
| 6 | SSD | SSUD\_SAT | -23.9 | 1 3 5 7 9 11 13 15 17 19 | CL | 2 4 6 8 10 12 14 16 18 20 | CR |
| 7 | TZA | TANSAT1 | -16 | 1 3 5 7 9 11 13 15 17 19 | CL | 22 24 26 28 30 32 34 36 38 40 | CR |
| 29 | UGA | UGASAT | -26.6 | 1 3 5 7 9 11 13 15 17 19 | CR | 1 3 5 7 9 11 13 15 17 19 | CL |

**Table 3:** Satellite networks submitted under Article 4 of Appendices **30** and **30A**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Adm** | **Ntc.ID** | **Sat.name** | **Orb.Pos. [°E]** | **E/R** | **Freq.min.**  **[MHz]** | **Freq.max. [MHz]** | **Status** |
| ALG | 113552013 | ALGBSAT-24.8W | -24.8 | E | 12142 | 12498 | Part B |
| ALG | 113554013 | ALGBSAT-24.8W | -24.8 | R | 17742 | 18098 | Part B |
| EGY | 114552009 | EGYNILE1-BSS | -7 | E | 11710.98 | 12492 | Part A |
| EGY | 114554009 | EGYNILE1-BSS | -7 | R | 14508.8 | 18092 | Part A |
| EGY | 114552010 | EGYNILE2-BSS | -19 | E | 11710.98 | 12492 | Part A |
| EGY | 114554010 | EGYNILE2-BSS | -19 | R | 14508.8 | 18092 | Part A |
| EGY | 114552011 | EGYNILE3-BSS | 15 | E | 11710.98 | 12492 | Part A |
| EGY | 114554011 | EGYNILE3-BSS | 15 | R | 14508.8 | 18092 | Part A |
| EGY | 99552001 | NILESAT-102 | -7 | E | 11845.24 | 12319.38 | Part B |
| EGY | 99554001 | NILESAT-102 | -7 | R | 17445.24 | 17919.38 | Part B |
| EGY | 105552004 | NILESAT-103 | -7 | E | 11710.98 | 12492 | Part B |
| EGY | 105554004 | NILESAT-103 | -7 | R | 17310.98 | 18072.82 | Part B |
| EGY | 100551013 | NILESAT-1S | -7 | E | 11730.16 | 12089.22 | Part B |
| EGY | 100551613 | NILESAT-1S | -7 | R | 17330.16 | 17689.22 | Part B |
| EGY | 119552002 | NILESAT-BSS-Z | -7 | E | 11710.98 | 12472.82 | Part A |
| EGY | 119554002 | NILESAT-BSS-Z | -7 | R | 14508.8 | 18072.82 | Part A |
| ETH | 116552010 | ETHIOSAT-1 | 58.3 | E | 11710.98 | 12492 | Part A |
| ETH | 116554010 | ETHIOSAT-1 | 58.3 | R | 14508.8 | 18092 | Part A |
| TUN | 120552063 | TUN\_BSS1 | -37.3 | E | 12346.92 | 12450.64 | Part A |
| TUN | 120554063 | TUN\_BSS1 | -37.3 | R | 17927.74 | 18031.46 | Part A |

**Table 4:** Satellite networks submitted under Article 6 and 7 of Appendix **30B**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Adm** | **Ntc.ID** | **Sat.name** | **Orb.Pos. [°E]** | **E/R** | **Freq.min.**  **[MHz]** | **Freq.max. [MHz]** | **Status** |
| CTI | 103559025 | RASCOM-1F | 2.9 | E | 4500 | 4800 | A6B |
| E | 10700 | 11450 | A6B |
| R | 12750 | 13250 | A6B |
| R | 6725 | 7025 | A6B |
| CTI | 102559002 | RASCOM-2F | 2.9 | E | 10700 | 11450 | A6B |
| E | 4500 | 4800 | A6B |
| R | 12750 | 13250 | A6B |
| R | 6725 | 7025 | A6B |
| ETH | 116559011 | ETHIOSAT-1 | 58.3 | E | 10700 | 11450 | A6A |
| E | 4500 | 4800 | A6A |
| R | 6725 | 7025 | A6A |
| R | 12750 | 13250 | A6A |
| SSD | 120559038 | SSD00000[[8]](#footnote-8) | -23.9 | E | 4500 | 4800 | A6A |
| E | 10700 | 11450 | A6A |
| R | 12750 | 13250 | A6A |
| R | 6725 | 7025 | A6A |

## Annex D: Satellite Planned Bands relevant to African countries

Satellite frequency bands relevant to African countries pertaining to **Appendix 30** (BSS) and **Appendix 30A** (BSS Feeder Links):

* **APP30:** 11.7 – 12.5 GHz (all countries)
* **APP30A:** 14.5 – 14.8 GHz (AFS, CME, ETH, GHA, MOZ, NIG, NMB, SDN,

SEN, SOM, SEY and TGO)

17.3 – 18.1 GHz (AGL, ALG, BDI, BEN, BFA, BOT, CAF, COD, COG, COM, CPV, CTI, DJI, EGY, ERI, GAB, GMB, GNB, GNE, GUI, KEN, LBR, LBY, LSO, MAU, MDG, MLI, MRC, MTN, MWI, NGR, RRW, SEY, SRL, STP, SWZ, TCD, TUN, TZA, UGA, ZMB and ZWE)

Satellite frequency bands relevant to African countries pertaining to **Appendix 30B** (FSS):

* **APP30B:** 4500 – 4800 MHz (all countries), space-to-Earth

6725 – 7025 MHz (all countries), Earth-to-space

10.7 – 10.95 GHz (all countries), space-to-Earth

11.2 – 11.45 GHz (all countries), space-to-Earth

12.75 – 13.25 GHz (all countries), Earth-to-spa

## Annex E: Spectrum Bands Identified for IMT

The following bands are identified for IMT in all or some African countries. The identification does not ***necessarily*** preclude the use of these frequency bands by any application of the services to compatible to IMT:

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **No.** | **Band** | **RR Footnote** | **Resolution** | **Region** |
| 1 | 450 - 470 MHz | 5.286AA | Res. 224 (Rev. WRC-19) | All Regions |
| 2 | 694 - 790 MHz | 5.317A | Res. 224 (Rev. WRC-19)  Res. 760 (Rev. WRC-19)  Res. 749 (Rev. WRC-19) | Regions 1 and 2. Starts at 698 MHz in Region 2 |
| 3 | 790 - 960 MHz | 5.317A | Res. 224 (Rev. WRC-19)  Res. 760 (Rev. WRC-19)  Res. 749 (Rev. WRC-19) | All Regions |
| 4 | 1 427 - 1 452 MHz | 5.341A | Res. 223 (Rev. WRC-19) | Region 1 |
| 5 | 1 452 - 1 492 MHz | 5.346 | Res. 223 (Rev. WRC-19)  Res. 761 (Rev. WRC-19) | In 44 African countries[[9]](#footnote-9) |
| 6 | 1 492 - 1 518 MHz | 5.341A | Res. 223 (Rev. WRC-19) | Region 1 |
| 7 | 1 710 - 1 885 MHz | 5.384A | Res. 223 (Rev. WRC-19) | All Regions |
| 8 | 1 885 - 2 025 MHz | 5.388/5.388A[[10]](#footnote-10) | Res. 212 (Rev. WRC-19)  Res. 223 (Rev. WRC-19)  Res. 221 (Rev. WRC-07)6 | All Regions |
| 9 | 2 010 - 2 025 MHz | 5.388A11 | Res. 221 (Rev. WRC-07)6 | Regions 1 and 3 |
| 10 | 2 110 - 2 200 MHz | 5.388/5.388A11 | Res. 212 (Rev. WRC-19)  Res. 223 (Rev. WRC-19)  Res. 221 (Rev. WRC-07)6 | All Regions |
| 11 | 2 300 - 2 400 MHz | 5.384A | Res. 223 (Rev. WRC-19) | All Regions |
| 12 | 2 500 - 2 690 MHz | 5.384A | Res. 223 (Rev. WRC-19) | All Regions |
| 13 | 3 300 - 3 400 MHz | 5.429B | Res. 223 (Rev. WRC-19) | In 33 African countries[[11]](#footnote-11) |
| 14 | 3 400 - 3 600 MHz | 5.430A | - | All Regions |
| 15 | 4 800 - 4 990 MHz | 5.441B | Res. 223 (Rev. WRC-19) | In 26 African countries[[12]](#footnote-12) |
| 16 | 24.25 - 27.5 GHz | 5.532AB | Res. 242 (WRC-19) | All Regions |
| 17 | 37 - 43.5 GHz | 5.550B | Res. 243 (WRC-19) | All Regions |
| 18 | 45.5 - 47 GHz | 5.553A | Res. 244 (WRC-19) | In 35 African countries[[13]](#footnote-13) |
| 19 | 47.2 - 48.2 GHz | 5.553B | Res. 243 (WRC-19) | In 50 African countries[[14]](#footnote-14) and Region 2 |
| 20 | 66 - 71 GHz | 5.559AA | Res. 241 (WRC-19) | All Regions |

1. National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration [↑](#footnote-ref-1)
2. \* Pursuant to Resolution 99 (Rev. Dubai, 2018) and taking into account the Israeli-Palestinian Interim Agreement of 28 September 1995. [↑](#footnote-ref-2)
3. \* This provision was previously numbered as No. **5.347A**. It was renumbered to preserve the sequential order. [↑](#footnote-ref-3)
4. 2 **5.340.1** The allocation to the Earth exploration-satellite service (passive) and the space research service (passive) in the band 50.2-50.4 GHz should not impose undue constraints on the use of the adjacent bands by the primary allocated services in those bands.     (WRC-97) [↑](#footnote-ref-4)
5. \*\* The use by Palestine of the allocation to the mobile service in the frequency band 1 452-1 492 MHz identified for IMT is noted, pursuant to Resolution 99 (Rev. Dubai, 2018) and taking into account the Israeli-Palestinian Interim Agreement of 28 September 1995. [↑](#footnote-ref-5)
6. \* *Note by the Secretariat:*  This Resolution was revised by WRC-07. [↑](#footnote-ref-6)
7. Administration of Republic of South Sudan is currently applying relevant procedures to obtain an assignment in the BSS Plan (Appendix **30**/**30A**) and a new allotment in the FSS Plan (Appendix **30B**) [↑](#footnote-ref-7)
8. This submission is to obtain an allotment in the FSS Plan for the Administration of South Sudan. [↑](#footnote-ref-8)
9. In **Algeria**, **Angola**, Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, **Benin**, **Botswana**, **Burkina Faso**, **Burundi**, **Cameroon**, **Central African Republic**, **Congo (Rep. of the), Côte d'Ivoire**, **Djibouti**, **Egypt**, United Arab Emirates, **Eswatini**, **Gabon**, **Gambia**, **Ghana**, **Guinea**, Iraq, Jordan, **Kenya**, Kuwait, **Lesotho**, Lebanon, **Liberia**, **Madagascar**, **Malawi**, **Mali**, **Morocco**, **Mauritius**, **Mauritania**, **Mozambique**, **Namibia**, **Niger**, **Nigeria**, Oman, **Uganda**, Palestine\*\*, Qatar, **Dem. Rep. of the Congo**, **Rwanda**, **Senegal**, **Seychelles**, **Sudan**, **South Sudan**, **South Africa**, **Tanzania**, **Chad**, **Togo**, **Tunisia**, **Zambia**, and **Zimbabwe**. [↑](#footnote-ref-9)
10. This footnote permits use of the bands 1 885-1 980 MHz, 2 010-2 025 MHz and 2 110-2 170 MHz for high altitude platform stations as base stations to provide International Mobile Telecommunications 2000 (IMT 2000), in accordance with Resolution **221 (Rev.WRC 03)**. In Region 2, the bands 1 885-1 980 MHz and 2 110-2 160 MHz can be used for same. [↑](#footnote-ref-10)
11. In Angola, Benin, Botswana, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cameroon, Congo (Rep. of the), Côte d’Ivoire, Egypt, Eswatini, Ghana, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Kenya, Lesotho, Liberia, Malawi, Mauritania, Mozambique, Namibia, Niger, Nigeria, Uganda, the Dem. Rep. of the Congo, Rwanda, Sudan, South Sudan, South Africa, Tanzania, Chad, Togo, Zambia and Zimbabwe [↑](#footnote-ref-11)
12. In **Angola**, Armenia, Azerbaijan, **Benin**, **Botswana**, Brazil, **Burkina Faso**, **Burundi**, Cambodia, **Cameroon**, China, **Côte d’Ivoire**, **Djibouti**, **Eswatini**, Russian Federation, **Gambia**, **Guinea**, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Kazakhstan, **Kenya**, Lao P.D.R., **Lesotho**, **Liberia**, **Malawi**, **Mauritius**, Mongolia, **Mozambique**, **Nigeria**, **Uganda**, Uzbekistan, **the Dem. Rep. of the Congo**, Kyrgyzstan, the Dem. People's Rep. of Korea, **Sudan**, **South Africa**, **Tanzania**, **Togo**, Viet Nam, **Zambia** and **Zimbabwe** [↑](#footnote-ref-12)
13. In **Algeria**, **Angola**, Bahrain, Belarus, **Benin**, **Botswana**, Brazil, **Burkina Faso**, **Cabo Verde**, Korea (Rep. of), **Côte d’Ivoire**, Croatia, United Arab Emirates, Estonia, **Eswatini**, **Gabon**, **Gambia**, **Ghana**, Greece, **Guinea**, **Guinea-Bissau**, Hungary, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Jordan, Kuwait, **Lesotho**, Latvia, **Liberia**, Lithuania, **Madagascar**, **Malawi**, **Mali**, **Morocco**, **Mauritius**, **Mauritania**, **Mozambique**, **Namibia**, **Niger**, **Nigeria**, Oman, Qatar, **Senegal**, **Seychelles**, **Sierra Leone**, Slovenia, **Sudan**, **South Africa**, Sweden, **Tanzania**, **Togo**, **Tunisia**, **Zambia** and **Zimbabwe** [↑](#footnote-ref-13)
14. In Region 2 and **Algeria**, **Angola**, Saudi Arabia, Australia, Bahrain, **Benin**, **Botswana**, **Burkina Faso**, **Burundi**, **Cameroon**, **Central African Rep**., **Comoros**, **Congo (Rep. of the),** Korea (Rep. of), **Côte d’Ivoire**, **Djibouti**, **Egypt**, United Arab Emirates, **Eswatini**, **Ethiopia**, **Gabon**, **Gambia**, **Ghana**, **Guinea**, **Guinea-Bissau**, **Equatorial Guinea**, India, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Japan, Jordan, **Kenya**, Kuwait, **Lesotho**, **Liberia**, **Libya**, Lithuania, **Madagascar**, Malaysia, **Malawi**, **Mali**, **Morocco**, **Mauritius**, **Mauritania**, **Mozambique**, **Namibia**, **Niger**, **Nigeria**, Oman, **Uganda**, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, **the Dem. Rep. of the Congo**, **Rwanda**, **Sao Tome and Principe**, **Senegal**, **Seychelles**, **Sierra Leone**, Singapore, Slovenia, **Somalia**, **Sudan**, **South Sudan**, **South Africa**, Sweden, **Tanzania**, **Chad**, **Togo**, **Tunisia**, **Zambia** and **Zimbabwe** [↑](#footnote-ref-14)